ADVERTISEMEN'TS will be inserted at the rate of \$1 per square, for the first three insertions, and 25 cents for each continuance. Those not marked on the manuscript for a specified time, will be inserted intil forbid, and CHARGED ACCORDINGLY.

BALPIMORE LOCK HOSPITAL, DOSSESSES the most speedy and effectual remedy

Secret Diseases: Gonorrhow, Gleets, Structures, Schningl Weakness, Pains in the Loins, Affections of the Kidneys and Bladder, Loss of Organic Powers, Nervous Irritability, Disease of the dead, Throat, Nose or Skin; and all those Peculiar Disorders arising from a Certain Secret Habit of Youth, which if not cured, produces Constitutional Debility, renders Marriage un possible, and in the end destroys but body and mind. Young Men.

Young MEN especially, who have become the vic-tims of Salitary Vice that dreadful and destructive mbit which annually sweeps to an untimely grave thousands of young men of the most exalted talents and brilliant intellect, who might otherwise have entranced listening Senates with the thunders of elemence, or waked to ecstacy the living lyre, may call with full confidence.

Marriage. Married Persons or those contemplating marriage, being aware of physical weakness, or any other im-peliment, should immediately onsult Dr. Johnston. OFFICE No. 7, SOUTH FREDERICK St., seven doors from Baltimore street, East side, up the steps.
Af Be particular in observing the name and number, or you will mistake the place. Be not enticed from this office.

A Cure Warranted or no Charge, in from

One to two days.

The many thousands cured at this Institution, and the very extensive practice of Dr. Johnston (ex. viding all others) is a sufficient guarantee that he is the only proper Physician to be consulted. Dr. Johnston,

Member of the Royal College of Surgeons, London Graduate from one of the most eminent Colleges of the United States, and the greater part of whose life has been spent in the Hospitals of London, Paris, Philadel-phia and elsewhere, has effected some of the most asuishing cures that were ever known. Many troubled with a ringing in the ears and head when asleep, great nervousness, b ing alarmed at sudden sounds, and bashfulness, with frequent blushing, attended some-times with derangement of mind, were cured immedi-A Certain Disease.

When the misguided and impudent votary of pleasure finds he has imbibed the seeds of this painful disease, it too often happens that an ill-timed sense is shame, or dread of discovery, deters him from applyingt, this win, from clacation and respectability, can alone befriendhim, delaying till the constitutional symptoms of this horriddiscase make their appearance, such as ulcerated sore throat, diseased nose, nocturnal pains in the head and limbs, dimness of sight, deafness, nodes on the shin bones and arms, blotches or the head, face, and extremities, progressing on with frightful rapidity, till at last the palate of the mouth or the bones of the nose fall in, and the victim of this awful disease becomes a horrid object of commiseration, till death puts a period to their dreadful suffer ings by sending them to "that bourne from whence no traveller returns." To such therefore, Dr. JOHN-STON pledges himself to preserve the most inviolable secrecy, and from his extensive practice in the first hospitals of Europe and America, he can confidently recommend the most safe and speedy cure to the un-fortunate victim of this horrid disease.

It is a melancholy fact, that thousands fall victims to this dreadful disease, owing to the unskillfulness or ignorant pretenders, who, by the use of that deadly poison, mercury, ruin the constitution, and either send the unfortunate sufferer to an untimely grave, or makes

the residue of his life miserable. Take Particular Notice.

Dr. J. addresses all those who have injured themselves by private and improper indulgences, that secret and them for either business or society.

These are some of the sad and melancholy effects proluced by early habits of youth, viz: Weakness of the Loss of Muscular Power, Palpitation of the Heart, Dis-orasia, Nervous irritability, Derangement of the Diges-tive Functions, General Debility, Symptoms of Con-

sumption, &c.

MENTALLY.—The fearful effects on the mind are much to be dreaded; loss of memory, confusion of ideas, depression of spirits, evil forebodings, aversion to society, self distrust, love of solitude, timidity, &c.,

Dr. Johnston's invigorating Remedy for General Debility. By this great and important remedy, weakness of the organs are specially cured, and full vicer restored. Thousands of the most nervous and debilitated, who and lost all hope, have been immediately relieved.—
all impediments to Marriage, Physical or Mental
Disqualification, Nervous Irritability, Trembling and Weakness, or Exhaustion of the most fearful kind,

Young Men Who have injured themselves by a Certain Practice, disjoid in when alone—a habit frequently learned and evideous anions, or at school—the effects of which a cycle on samons, or at school—the effects of which are inglify felt, even when asleep, and if not cured, anders marriage impossible, and destroys both mind at boly, should apply immediately.

What a pity that a young man, the hope of his country, and the darling of his parents, should be matched from all prospects and enjoyments of life, by the consequences of deviating from the path of nature, and indulging in a certain secret habit.—

Marriage, hould reflect that a soon a mind and body are the most accessary requisites to promote communial happiness, indeed, without this, the journey through life becomes weary pilgrinnege; the prospect hourly darkens to be view; the mind becomes shadowed with despair, and filled with the melanchely reflection that the hap-Weakness of the Organs

To Strangers.

The many thousands of the most desperate and hopeless cases cured at this institution within the ast twelve years, and the numerous important Surgiby the reporters of the papers and many other persons actions of which have appeared again and again before the public, is a sufficient guarantee to the afflicted. To who places himself under the care of Dr. Johnston may religiously confide in his honor as a Gentleman and confidently rely upon his skill as a Physician. There are so many ignorant and worthles Quacks copying Dr. Johnston's advertisement, and advertising themselves as physicians, trifling with and ruining the health of the already Afflicted, that Dr. Johnston teems it necessary to say especially to these unacquainted with his reputation that his cre-dentials or diplomas always bang in his Office. ALL LETTERS MUST BE POST-PAID-REME DIES sen: to any part of the country.

OFFICE-No. 7, South Frederick St., East side.-

FRESH SUPPLY OF NEW.
SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS. The subscriber most respectfully informs his friends and customers that he has just received and is now opening a general assortment of DRY GOODS AND GROCERIES, embracing everyvariety usually found in country stores, which for style, quality and price are unsurpassed in the Valley. His stock was purchased at the lowest figure for cash which will enable h in to sell at greatly reduced prices. He invites an exam nation of his Goods, feeling assured that they will give entire satisfaction. Orders thankfully received and promptly filled.

Kabietown, April 25, 1854.

[FP]

NEW STOVE STORE, No. 29 Light-st., near Lombard, BALT-MORE. M. A. DUKE would respectfully inform his old custon re and friends of Jefferson, and the adjoining counties, that he has resumed his former business at No. 29 Light street, one door from Lombard street, at No. 29 Light street, one door from Lombard street, where he will be happy to see them all. His long experience in the business enables him to judge correctly of the merits and utility of any new pattern of any new Stove which may be brought before the public. Hs Warehouse is now fitted up, and he is fully prepared to furnish any description of COOKING, PARLOR, and CHAMBER STOVES, of the most approved styles, and at as reasonable prices as they can be procured in this or any other city. He is also pr pared to furnish RANGES for private families and hotels. All Stoves, Ranges, or other articles, and by the subscriber, will be set up and warranted,

and if they do not fully come to the repres mations, after trial, they will be taken back and others substituted, or the mo ey returned.

Extensive arrangements have been made and the best working a management of the REPAIRING OF STOYES, RANGES, &c., which will be done promptions in the content of the societies. ly and in the most substantial manner. He solicits a call from his old customers and friends, being confident that he will satisfy all who favor him with their patronage.

[August 15, 1854—3m]

THE undersigned, grateful to the public for their past very liberal patronage, hopes by strict attention to business to merit a continuance of the same. He to business to merit a continuance of the same. He takes great pleasure in announcing that he is now in receipt of his SPRING STOCK OF GOODS, which in extent and desirableness, surpasses any preceding one, and will compare favorably, in all respects, with similar stocks usually kept in this place. He is prepared to take all kinds of Country Produce in exchange for Goods, at fair market rates. He is determined to adopt the one price system as near as his friends will allow him, as he hopes to sell a good many Goods by order. Particular attention paid to all orders. JOHN O. SNYDER.

Berryville, April 25, 1854—tf

13,000 pounds good

BACON.

J. O. S. BLACKSMITH SHOP. THE subscriber having permanently located himself at the BLACKSMITH SHOP at Duffield's Depot, is now prepared to do all kinds of work in his line, at prices as moderate as any other shop in the

his line, at prices as moderate as any other shop in the county. He will at all times be prepared with Iron of all kinds for repairing or making Plough and other Irons used by the Farmers.

I solicit a call from those in want, feeling assured that all who give me a call will not go away dissatisfied.

GEORGE PENSE. Duffield's Depot, April 12, 1853

OLD 76. J. P. BRADY, J. P. BRADY,
No 13 LIGHT STREET.
Has fitted up, in superior style, a RESTAURANT at the above locality, and furnished it with all the "et ceteras" of a first class establishment Good WINES, good LIQUORS, first rate CIGARS, the best EATA-BLES the markets afford, with the most competent and cleanly COOKS to prepare them for the table, agether with civil and attentive WAITERS, may at all times be found at Old '76!

Raltimore, June 21, 1854,—tf

FAMILY AND EXTRA FLOUR.—We have just received from A. Ross his best Family and Extra Flour. For sale by August 29.

H. L. EBY & SON. HATS.—Having received a pretty good fock of MARSAILLES QUILTS, being large, mea-12.4 by 11-4, these goods can be bright al-without a profit; also, Crib Quilts forsale by that 1, 1864.

Miscellauruns.

NEAR ALDIE, VA.

Their attention is not confined to the class book, but they are taken into the laboratory, the workshop,

the garden and the field; and they ar made acquain

ted with hundreds of operations which every body

sees, but lew can explain.

The design of the Institution is to prepare young men for business. To accomplish this desirable end, neither pains nor expense is spared in obtaining every thing necessary for full and complete instruction.

The buildings are new and commodious. The labo-

ratory is conveniently arranged for all the manipu-

lations in qualitative and quantitative analysis, and the location has all the advantages of purity of water,

salubrity of atmosphere, and beauty of scenery.

The course of instruction is varied to suit the far-

The course of instruction is varied to suit the far-mer, the merchant, the engineer, &c.

The regular sessions commence on the first day of October and end on the first day of the following Au-gust. Young men wishing to enter as students should it possible make application before the closing

of the previous session.

Terms per Session of Ten Months-Two hundred

dollars, one-half payable in advance and the r mainder on the first of March. This includes Tuition, Board, Lodging, Washing, Fuel and Lights. Students in the Classical Department are charged \$20 per session extra to be paid in advance

Sons of preachers and editors are charged only

\$150 per session.

Books furnished at store prices, for which the stu-

dents are expected to pay cash.

Farmers can have their soils analyzed and teach-

ers and students can obtain pure chemical tests at the

New BOOT AND SHOE
ESTABLISHMENT.

The undersigned has just op ned in the Shops of Dr. Mason, two doors East of the Valley Bank, a BOOT AND SHOE ESTABLISHMENT, at which

he proposes to furnish to the citizens of Charlestown and the farmers of the surrounding neighborhood

every kind and description of work pertaining to his business, made of the best material and sold on the

most accommodating terms. He has just returned from the East, with a choice assortment of BOOTS, Ladies', Gentlemen's and Children's SHOLS, Gaiters

of all kinds, made at the very best shops and the ma-terial warranted. He will also manufacture to order,

every description of work, and Repairing done at the

to render satisfaction to all.

JAMES E. JOHNSON.

Charlestown, April 18, 1-54-tf

Harpers-Ferry, July 11, 1354.

Sept. 20, 1853.

shortest notice. A call from the public generally is respectfully invited, as his best exertions will be given

UNITED STATES HOTEL,

AT THE RAILROAD DEPOT;

Harpers-Ferry, Virginia.

The subscriber respectfully begs leave to inform the travelling public that this Hotel is now renovated and improved for a better and enlarged accommodation.

tion for travellers during summer. With the lase in

provements and a determined perseverance, ne effort or outlay shall be wanting to render this Hotel, in

every respect, to the invalid or to comforts and ac-

commodations equal to any Hotel in the Valley. The TABLE shall be furnished with the best from this and Baltimore markets. DINNER always ready on the

here to view our bold romant's mountain scenery may rest assured they will be well cared for during

UNITED STATES HOTEL,
AT THE RAILROAD DEPOT,
Harpers-Ferry, Virginia.
The subscriber respectfully showeth that this Hotel is open for the reception of travellers on the arrival of the cars, at all hours, day and night, and a politic production of the cars, at all hours, day and night, and a politic production of the cars, at all hours, day and night, and a politic production of the cars, at all hours, day and night, and a politic production of the cars, at all hours, day and night, and a politic production of the cars, at all hours, day and night, and a politic production of the cars, at all hours are production of the cars, at all hours, day and night, and a politic production of the cars, at all hours are productions.

and obliging barkeeper, with a trusty and active porter, to see that passengers are well cared for and baggage properly attended to.

M. CARRELL.

Harpers Ferry, July 11, 1854.

SURGICAL AND MECHANICAL

DENTIST.

THE undersigned tenders his thanks to the Citizens of Harper's Ferry and Bolivar, for their

establishment.
BENJ, HYDE BENTON, Principal.

Aldie P. O., Loudoun county, Va., ¿

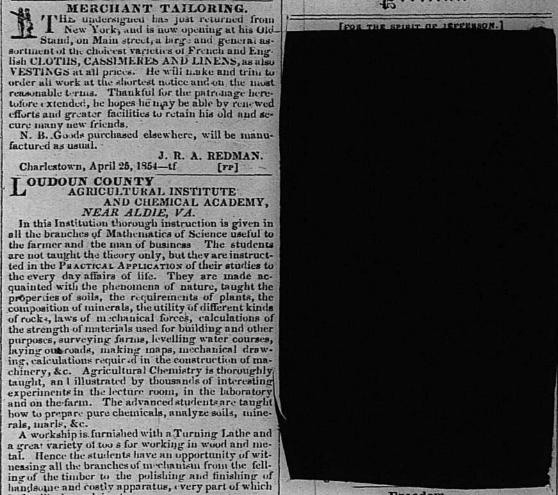
May 2, 1554 -- 1y

is familiarly explained.

sees, but few can explain.

CHARLESTOWN, VIRGINIA, TUESDAY, OCTOBER 3, 1854.

Poetical.



Freedom. BY H. T. TUCKERMAN. Freedom! beneath thy banner I was born, Oh let me share thy full and perfect life! Teach me opinion's slavery to scorn,
And to be free from passions bitter strife;
Free of the world, a self-dependent soul Nourish'd by lotty aims and genial truth, And made more free by love's service control

The spell of beauty and the hopes of youth.

The liberty of nature 1 t me know,

Caught ir m her mountains, groves and crystal Her starry best and sunset's purple glow, That we the spirit with celes all dreams, On Fancy's wing exultingly to soar, Till life's harsh fetters clog the heart no more!

Epithalamium. BY J. G. C. BRAINARD. I saw two clouds at morning, Tinged by the rising sun, And in the dawn they floated on And mingled into one; I thought that morning cloud was bless'd,

It moved so sweetly to the west. I saw two summer currents
Flow smoothly to their meeting,
And join their course, with silent force, In peace each other greet ng; Calm was their course through banks of green, While dimpling eddies play'd between.

Such be your gentle motion, Till life's last pulse shall b at; Like summer's beam, and summer's stream Float on, in joy, to meet A calmer sea, where storms shall cease—A purer sky, where ail is peace.

Miscellaneous.

Is Religion Beautiful Alvays! In the child, the maiden, the wife, the mother, religion shines with a holy benignant beauty of its own, which nothing of earth can mar. Never yet was the female character perfect without the steady faith of giety. Beauty, intellect, wealth! they are fike pit falls, dark in the brightest day, unless eligion throw her soft beams around them; to purity and exalt, making twice gloribus that which seemed all leveliness b fore. Religion is very beautiful-in health or

sickness, in wealth or poverty. We never nter the sick chamber of the good, but soft music stems to fleat on the air, and the Lurden of their song is, "L ! peace is here." Could we look into thousands of tandlies to day, when discentent fights sullenly with life, we should find the chief cause of unhappiness, want of religion in woman. And in felous' cell-in places of crime, mis-

arrival of the Baltimore daily cars, and ample time given for passengers to dine here, before the cars have for Winchester or Baltimore. Passengers stopping ery, destitution, ignorance- we should behold in all its most horrible deformity, the fruit of irreligion in woman. their stay, A call is most respectfully solicited, to enable the travelling public to judge for themselves.

M. CARRELL. Oh, religion! benignant in jesty high on thy throne thou sittest, glorious and exalted.

Not above the clouds, for earth clouds come never between thee and truly pious sours-not b neath the clouds, for above thee is heaven, pening through a broad vista of exceeding b autv. Its gates are the splendor of jasper and pre-

cions stones, white with a dowy light that neither flashes nor blazes, but steadily proceedeth from the throne of God. Is towers bathed in refulgent glery ten times the brightest of ten thousand suns, yet soft, undazzling to the eve. And there religion points. Art theu weay? it whispers, "rest- up there-there-for-

liberal patronage, during the time he has been with them. And having permanently located himself in West Belivar, would respectfully solicit a liberal share of the patronage of that place, and the surround ever." Art thousorrowing? "j y.". Art thou ing Community.
Those desiring teeth extracted—artificial teeth in weighed down with unmerical ignominy! serted—either on pivots or gold plates, can have it done in the most modern and scientific manner. "kugs and priests in that hely lame." Art J. S. AULABAUGH. thou poor? "the very street before thy mansion shall be gold." An theu friendl ss ! "the angels shall be thy compenions, and God thy Friend and Father." Is religion beautiful? We answer, all is desolation and deformity where religion is not.

Death of the Young.

The Newark Mercury beautifully remarks

that childhood enters lite at the cast, coming

in, like a swallow, leneath the caves, He is

little, and stands erect under the low curved

roof. On he goes into the middle of the world.

How swells the dome above him, and man-

hood is erect still. I'm 'wistward, westward,

is the word; and by and by he bonds his

head beneath the roof. They say he is old ;

that the weight of years is on him; that he is

locking for a place to sleep-lat, it is only

that he may clear the ratters. Lower and

lower does he band, till, with form quite don-

Death is not afraid of the sunshine, for he

thousand flowers does not charm him away

unsuspecting one on whom his ove is fixed.

It is sad to see the sands of time on all ling

tway from the tiny feet of our little ones, and

to watch the great waves, like serpents

tongues, wrapping the infant form in their em-

brace. Yet we know it is better to die while

the great blue rafters of heaven bend low on

every hand, than to creep out under the gates

of the fading sunset, broken and bent with

Repine not, therefore, when, as you num-

ber your freasures, you find that some pre-

untried waters with Hin, who floved little ones'

earth and is seen no more.

griefs and cares.

sails the requiem of life,

OFFERS his professional services to the Citizens of Chalestown and its vicinity.
He will be found at I. N. Carter's Hotel, or at his office one door East of it.

Dr. COOKE

MANASSES GAP RAILROAD. DAILY LINE TO WINCHESTER, AND TRI-WEIKLY TO LURAY. The Cars leave Alexandria cailyat so'clock, A.M. (Sunday excepted.) connecting with J. H. Kemp's Line of Stages at Piedmont, via Millwood and Paris, on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, for Win chester; and at Wapping Station, via Front Royal, on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, for Winchester, and Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, Returning, leave Wapping at 10:, and Piccmont 11:, A. M., arriving at Alexandria at 2., P. M. (5-THROUGH TICKETS to Winchester \$3.50, b: had at the tick t office of the Orange and Alex andria Railread Company, Alexandria, and at J. H. Kemp's Stage Office, Winchester.
M. M. WELSH, Superintendent

REMOVAL. ATTORNEY AT LAW. COMMISSIONER IN CHANCERY AND OFFICE in his House, formerly the property of the late Mrs. Fanny M. Willis, one door north of the office of Wm. C. Worthington, Esc. Entrance from same street.

[July 15, 1854.—tt]

TALBOT S. DUKE, ATTORNEY AT LAW. WILL practice in the Superior and Inferior Courts of Jefferson, Berkeley and Londoun. Office No. 2, Shenandcah street, Harpers Ferry, irginia. [July 15, 1554.—6m.

SAMUEL STONE,

Commissioner in Chancery of the Circuit and County Court of Jefferson County.

OFFICE in the Court-House, (up stairs,) in the room for many years occupied as an office by the late Rober. Workington, Esq. Entrance (except on Court days) at the cast door.

July 11, 1554—tf

MARTINSBURG ACADEMY, Vivit et Viget.
C. E. VON FAHNESTOCK, PRINCIPAL. THE friends of this Institution are most politely informed that its duties will be resumed on Monday the 4th of September. Terms will be made known upon application to the Principal or to Col. P. C. PENDLETON, President of Board of Trustees.

July 4, 1854-tf JAS. A. ENGLISH, C. M. CASTLEMAN, CHAS. A. BALDWIN. ENGLISH, CASTLEMAN & Co., IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN HARDWARE, CUTLERY, BAR IRON, STEEL, NAILS, HOLLOW-WARE, &c., King Street, corner of Market Alley, July 25, 1554. ALEXANDRIA, VA.

ENGLISH, CASTLEMAN & Co.,
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC HARDWARE, Are now receiving an unu ually large and well selected STOCK OF GOODS, in their line, suited to

the season.

Of-Country Merchants are particularly invited to
examine our Goods before purchasing, as we are prepared to supply the mupon as favorable terms as they
can be procured elsewhere. an be procured elsewhere. Alexandria, July 25, 1854.

TRIAL FOR MURDER.-The Circuit Court of Alleghany, Va., has appointed the 13th of November next as a special term for the trial of Dr. Thompson, charged with the murder of Miss Phare.

der of Miss Phare.

dews of neaven, to revive the heart in the parting hour of anguish.

To render her widowed situation more desolate, she had incurred her father's displeasure by her unfortunate attachment, and was an POR THE SICK .- On hand, a full sup

The Broken Heart. I never heard Of any true affection, but 'twas nipt With care, that, like the caterpiller, eats The leaves of the spring's sweetest book, the rose.

It is a common practice with those who have outlived the susceptibility of early feelng, or have been brought up in the gay teartlessness of dissipated life, to laugh at all love stories, and to treat the tales of romantic passion as mere fictions of novelists and poets. My observations on human nature have induced me to think otherwise. They have convinced me, that however the surface of the character may be chilled and frozen by the cares of the world or cultivated into mere smiles by the arts of society, still there are dormant fires lurking in the depths of the coldest bosoin, which, when once enkindled, become impetuous, and are sometimes desolating in their effects. Indeed, I am a true believer in the blind deity, and go to the full extent of his doctrines. Shall I confess it !-I believe in broken hearts, and the possibility of dying of disappointed love. I do not, however, consider it a malady often fatal to my own sex; but I firmly believe that it withers down many a lovely woman into an early grave. Man is the creature of interest and ambi-

tion. His nature leads him forth into the struggle and bustle of the world. Love is but the embellishment of his early lite, or a song piped in the intervals of the acts. He seeks for fame, for fortune, for space in the world's thought, and dominion over his fellowmen. But a woman's whole life is a history of the affections. The heart is her world : it is there her ambition strives for empire; it is there her avarice seeks for hidden treasures,-She sends forth her sympathies on adventure; she embarks her whole soul in the traffic of affection; and if shipwrecked, her case is hopeless -for it is a bank-uptey of the

To a man, the disappointment of love may occasion some bitter pangs; it wounds some feelings of tenderness-it blasts some prospects of felicity; but he is an active being he may dissipate his thoughts in the whirl of varied occupation, or may plunge into the tide of pleasure; or, if the secue of disappointment be too full of painful associations, he can shift his abode at will, and taking as it, were the wings of the morning, can "fly to the uttermost parts of the earth and be at rest,"

But woman's is comparatively fixed, a see used, and meditative life. She is more the companion of 1 er own thoughts and feelings; and if they are turned to munisters of sorrow, where shall she lock for consolation! Her heart is to be wood and won; and if unhappy in her love, her heart is like some fortress that has been capin ed, and sacked, and abandoned, and left desolate.

How many bright eyes grow dim-how many soft checks grow pale-how many lovely forms fade away into the tomb, and none can tell the cause that blighted their leveliness! As the dove will clasp it wings to its side, and cover and conceal the arrow that is pre ing on its vitals, so is it the nature of woman to bide from the world the pangs of wounded affection. The love of a delicate female is always shy and silent. Even when fortunate, she searcely breaths it to herself; but when otherwise, she buries it in the recesses of her bosom, and there lets it cower and broad among the ruins of her peace .-With her the desire of her heart has failed .-The great chaim of existence is at an end. She neglects all the cheerful exercises which gladden the spirits, quicken the pulses, and send the tide of life in heal hill currents through the veins. Her rest is broken-the sweet refr shment of sleep is poisoned by melanchely dreams-"dry sorrow drinks her blood," until her enfechled frame sinks under the slightest external injury. Lock for her, after a little while, and you find friendship weeping over her untimely grave, and wondering that one, who but lately glowed with all the radiance of health and beauty, should so speedily be brought down to "darkness and the worm." You will be told of some wintry chill, some casual indisposition, that laid her low; but no one knows of the mental malady that previously sapped her

strength, and made her so easy a prey to the She is like some tender tree, the pride and beauty of the grove; graceful in its form, bright in its foliage, but with the worm preying at its heart. 'We find it suddenly withering, when it should be most fresh and luxutient. We see it drooping its branches to the earth, and shedding leaf by leaf, until, wasted and perished away, it falls even in the stillness of the forest; and as we muse over the beautiful ruin, we strive in vain to recollect the blast or thunderbolt that could have smit-

ten it with decay. I have seen many instances of women running to waste and self-neglect, and disappearing gradually from the earth, almost as if they had been exhaled to heav u; and have repeatedly fancied that I could trace their ceath through the various declensions of consumption, cold, debility, languer, mel. n holy, until I reached the first symtem of disappointed love. But an instance of the kind was lately told to me; the circumstances are well known in the country where they happend, and I shall but give them in the manner in which

Every one must recollect the tragical story of young E-, the Irish patriot; it was too touching to be soon forgotten. During the troubles in Ireland he was tried, condemned, and executed, on a charge of treason. His fate made a deep impression on public sympathy. He was so young-so intelligent-so generous-so brave-so every thing that we are apt to like in a young man. His conduct ble, he croops out just between heaven and under trial, too, was so lefty and intrepid.— The noble indignation with which he repelled comes in summer. The rustle of ten thousand | the charge of treason against his countrythe cloquent vindication of his name and leaves does not startle him; the breath of ten his pathetic appeal to posterity, in the hope-Indeed, he loves fewers, for they muffle his less bour of condemnation-all-these entered tread, and his seythe glides softly amid their deeply into every generous boson, and even his enemies lamented the stern policy that tender leaves, wiking no celo to dis urb the

dictated his execution. But there was one heart, whose anguish it would be impossible to describe. In happier days and fairer fortunes, he had won the affections of a beautiful and interesting girl, the daughter of a late celebrated Irish barrister. She loved him with the disinterested fervor of a woman's first and early love. When every worldly maxim arrayed itself against him when blasted in fortune, and disgrace, and danger darkened around his name, she loved him more ardently for his very sufferings. If then, his fate could awaken the sympathy cious pear has slipped away from its string.
As one star may fall from the blue air, and even of his foes, what must have been the agony of her, whose soul was occupied by his im leave heaven still aloft; or one white rose drift. age! Let those tell who have had the portals down to earth, and the summer remains all of the tomb suddenly closed between them the same, so one note may drop from the famand the being they most loved on earthily choir and the morning and evening who have sat at its threshold, as one shut out hymns be as sweet as ever. It may give the heart a pang to loosen the clasp of the darling in a cold and lonely world, from whence all that was most lovely and loving had deone from the paternal breast-but oh, it is far safer to trust the back of infancy upon the

But then the horrors of such a grave! so frightful, so dishonored! there was nothing for a beloisman, than f r the shattered bulk for memory to dwell on that could soothe the of age to go out upon the stormy deep when the night is curtaining it with its starless manpang of separation—none of those tender though melancholy circumstances, that entle, and the winds whistling amid the tattered dear the parting scene—nothing to melt sordews of heaven, to revive the heart in the

by her unfortunate attachment, and was an

exile from the paternal root. But could the sympathy and kind offices of friends have reached a spirit so shocked and driven in by horror, she would have experienced no want of consolation, for the Irish are a people of mick and generous sensibilities. The most

her by familes of wealth and distinction.-She was led into society, and they tried by all kinds of occupation and amusement to dissi-pate her grief, and wean her from the tragical story of her love. But it was all in vain .-There are some strokes of calamity that scathe and scorch the soul-that penetrate to the vital seat of happiness-and blast it never again to put forth bud or blossom. She never objected to frequent the haunts of pleasure, but she was as much alone there as in the depths of solitude. She walked about in a sad revery, apparently unconscious of the world around her. She carried with her an inward wo that mocked all the blandishments of friendship, and " keeded not the song of the charmer, charm he never so wisely." The person who told me her story had seen her at a masquerade. There can be no exhibition of far-gone wretchedness more striking

elicate and cherishing attentions were paid

and painful than to meet it in such a scene. To find it wandering like a spectre, lonely and joyless, where all around is gay-to see it ressed out in the trappings of mirth, and looking so wan and wo-begone, as if it had tried in vain to cheat the poor heart into a momentary forgetfulness of sorrow. After strolling through the splendid rooms and giddy crowd with an air of utter abstraction, she sat herself down on the steps of an orchestra, and, looking about for some time with a vacant air, that showed her insensibility to the garish scene, she began, with the capriciousness of a sickly heart to warble a little plaintive air .-She had an exquisite voice; but on this occasion it was so simple, so touching, it breathed forth such a soul of wretchedness, that she drew a crowd mute and silent around her,

and melted every one into tears. The story of one so true and tender could not but excite great interest in a country remarkable for enthusiasm. It campletely won the heart of a brave officer, who paid his addresses to here and thought that one so true to the dead could not but prove affectionate to the living. She declined his attentions, for her thoughts were irrevocably engrossed by the memory of her former lover. He, gold and pearls for their toys, and the richest God. At this answer Abraham grew so zeoleusly however, persisted in his suit. He solicited | treasure of new plants and animals of all spe- | angry, that he thurst the old man out of his tent not her tenderness, but her esteem. He was assisted by her conviction of his worth, and her sense of her own destitute and dependent situation, for she was existing on the kindness of friends. In a word, he at length succeeded in gaining her hand, though with the solemn assurance, that her heart was unalterably

He took her with him to Sicily, hoping hat a change of scene might wear out the remembrance of early woes, She was an amiable and exemplary wife, and made an effort to be a happy one; but nothing could cure the silent and devouring melancholy that had entered into her very soul. She wasted away in a slow, but hopeless decline, and at length sunk into the grave, the victim of a broken

It was on her that Moore, the distinguished Irish poet, composed the following lines: She is fa. from the land where her young hero sleeps, And lovers around her are sighing : But coldly she turns from their gaze, and weeps, For her heart in his grave is lying. She sings the wild songs of her dear native plains, Every note which he loved awaking— Ah! little they think, who deligh in her strains, How the heart of the minstrel is breaking! He had lived for his love-for his country he died, They were all that to life had entwined him-Nor soon shall the tears of his country be dried, Nor long will his love stay behind him!

Oh! make her a grave where the sunbeams rest, When they promise a glorious morrow; They'lls: ine o'er lier sleep, like a smile from the west, From her own loved island of sorrow!

Grace in Female Dress. Somebody has said that a Parisian grisette

with a little tulle and ribbon, will conquer the world, while an Englishwoman, with all ber shawls, damasks, and diamonds, looks only like an animated clothes-horse. There is some exaggeration in this statement, but more wir. and still more truth. The women of France unquestionably have a better taste in dress than those of Great Britain. In our country there is too much of what new be called "snob ism" in fem: 1. attire, the ladies of Anglo-Saxondom seem to fancy that the more they spend on dress the prettier they look. Accord ingly one sees little wemen covered all over

with lace, or buried in the middle of stiff brocade, or almost lost to sight under a puffing velvet cloak; with capes that extend on ither side, like gigantic wings. Or one beholds tall women, it such is the fashion, trick out in tight sleeves, and stripped silks, the costliness of the material being regarded by the wearer as sufficient compensation for the incongruity of the styles. A French servant has better taste. She knows it is not so much the richness of the material as the way it is made up, and the manner in which it is worn, that gives the desired elegance. A neat fit, a graceful bearing, and a proper harmony between the complexion and the colors, his more to do with brightering female attractions than even English ladies seem purticularly to comprehend. Many a wife looks preffier if she would but know it, in her neat morning frock of calico, than in the incongruous pile of finery which she dignifies the title of full dress. Many an unmarried female first wins the heart of her future husband in some simple, unpretending attire, which, if consulted about, she would pronounce too cheap except for ordinary wear, but which, by its accidental suitability to her figure, face and carriage, idohze her youth wonderfully. If the sex would study taste in dress more, and care less for costliness, they would have no

reason to regret it. What is Poetry. A smile, a tear, a longing after the things of eternity! It lives in all created existence, in man, and in every object that surrounds him. There is poetry in the gentle influence of of love and affection, in the quiet broodings of the soul over the memories of other years, and in the though's of that glory which chains our spirit to the gates of paradise. There is poetry, too in the harmomes of nature. It glitters in the wave, the fainbow, the lightning, and the star; its cadence is heard in the thunder of the cataract; its softer tones grow sweetly up from the thousand voice-bards of the wind, the rivulet and forest; and the clouds and sky go floating over us to the musie of its melodies. There is not a moonlight ray that comes down upon the stream or hill, not a breeze, calling from its blue air, thrown to the birds of the summer valleys, or sounding through midnight rains its low and mournful dirge over the perishing flowers of spring not a cloud, bathing itself like an angel vision in the rosy blushes of autumn twilight; not a rock, glowing in the yellow starlight, as if dreaming of the Eden land, but as full of the beautiful radiance of poetry. It is the soul of being. The earth and heaven are quickened by its spirit, and the heaving of the great deep, in the tempest and calm, are but its ascent and mysterious workings .- Prentice. .... There are two distinct sorts of what-

ever we call bashfulness; this the awkwardness of a booby, which a few steps into the world will convert into a coxcomb; that a consciousness, which the most delicate feelgs produce, and the most extensive knowledge cannot always remove.

The New World. A BEAUTIFUL EXTRACT. Providence tardily, timidly, and uncertainly; quest: but he can have no pursuit more worthy of his genius, his wisdom or his virtue. Why onehalf of the globe remained hidden from the other during the four or five thousand years after the creation, is among the questions which we may long ask without obtaining an answer. Why the treasures, the plants, and animals of America should have been utterly unknown alike to the adventurous expeditions of Tyre and Sidon, to the nautical skill of the Carthagenian, to the brilliant curiosity of the Greek, and to the imperial ambition of the Roman; while their discovery was reserved for a Genoese sailor in the 15th century, is a problem perhaps inaccessible of solution by any human insight into the ways of the Great Disposer of all things; yet may it not be conjectured that the knowledge was expressly withheld until it could be of practical use to mankind; that if America had been discovered a thousand years before, it would have been found only a vast widerness in both its Southern and Northern divisions, for it was then almost wholly unpeopled; that with the chief interest of imperial Rome turned to European possession or Eastern conquest, the discovery would have been nearly thrown away; that there was hitherto no superflux of European population to pour insengers were by cockroaches and other entono superflux of European population to pour into this magnificent desert; and that if even Roman adventure had dared the terrors of the ocean, and the perils of new climates, at an almost interminable distance from home, the massacres and plunder habitual to heathen conquest must have impeded, if not wholly broken up, the progress of the feeble population already setting on the soil; or perhaps trained that population to habits of ferocity like their own and turn a peaceful and pastoral land into a scene of slaughter and misery. The discovery of the American Continent flashed on the world like the discovery of a new Creation .-In reading the correspondence of the learned at the time, the return of Columbus, and the knowledge which that return brought is spoken of with a rapture of language more resem! ling an Arabian tale than the narrative of the most adven urous voyage of man. The primitive races of their fellow beings, living in the simplicity of nature, under forests of the palm. with all the delicious fruits for their food, with described with the astonishment and delight of a dream of Fairyland, or the still richer visions

Yet, when the hues of imagination grew colorless by time, the continents of the West displayed to the ripened knowledge of Europe virtues only still more substantial. The con trast between the Northern and Southern portions of the New World is of the most striking kind. It is scarcely less marked than the distinction between the broken, deeply-divided. and well-watered surface of Europe, and the broad plains, vast mountain ranges, and few but mighty rivers which form the characteristic features of Asia. In North America, we see a land of singularly varied surface, in its primitive state, covered with forest; with an uncertain climate, soil seldom luxuriant, often sterile. everywhere requiring, and generally rewarding human industry, watered by many rivers, penetrated in almost every direction by navigable streams, and traversed from North to South, an unusual direction for rivers, by an immense stream, the Mississippi, bringing down the fur, the produce of the North, the corn of the temperate zone, the fruits of the tropics, and connecting all those regions with the commerce of Europe; a natural canal, of more than two thousand miles, without a perceptible difference of breadth, from New Orleans to the falls of St. Anthony. The Arkansas, Missouri, Ohio. noble rivers, traverse the land in a variety of directions, with courses of from fifteen hundred to two thousand miles; and to the North of the United States, a chain of vast inland seas, a succession of Mediterraneans, surrounded by productive provinces, rapidly filling with a busy

of restored Paradise.

The Southern portion of the New World exhibits the plains of Tartary, the solitary mountain range of India, the fertility of the A-iatic soil. It too has its Ganges and its Indus, in the Amazon and the Rio de la Plata; but its smaller streams are few and feeble. It has the fiery heat of India, the dangerous exhalations. of the jungle, the tiger and the lion, though a less daring and powerful species; and the native, dark, delicate, timid, and indolent as the

Without speaking of the contrast as perfectly sustained in all its points, it is unquestionable that North and South America have been formed for two great families of human-kind as distinct as energy and ease; that the North is to be possessed only as the conquest of toil, while the South allows of the languor into whose hand the fruit drops from the tree.

Maxims for a Young Man. Never be idle. It your hands cannot be usefully employed, attend to the cultivation of

Always speak the truth. Keep good company or none. Make few promises. Live up to your engagements. Have no very intimate fri uds. Keep your own secrets, if you have any.

When you speak to a person, look him in Good company and good conversation are

the very sinews of virtue. Good character is above all things else. Never listen to loose and idle conversation. You had better be poisoned in your blood

than your principles. Your character cannot be essentially in jured except by your own acts. If any one speaks evil of you, let your life be so virtuous that none will believe him. Drink no intoxicating liquor .

Ever live, misfortunes excepted, within y When you retire to bed, think over what on have done during the day. Never speak lightly of religion. Make no haste to be rich, if you would

Small and steady gains give competency with tranquility of mind. Never play at any kind of game. Avoid temptation through fear that you may ot withstand it.

Earn your money before you spend it.

Never run in debt, unless vou see a way to get out again. Never borrow if you can possibly avoid it. Be just before you are generous. Keep yourself innocent, if you would be

Save when you are young, to spend when you are old. -Never think that which you do for religion is time or money misspent.

Read some portion of the Bible every day. [Counsals of Life. To-DAY .- A man's life is a tower, with a staircase of many steps, that as he toileth

np, crumble successively behind him. No going back—the path is an abyss; no stopping-for the present perisheth; but hasting n, precarious of the foothold of to-day.-Our cares are all to-day; our joys all to-day; and, in one little word, our life, what is it, ut to day!

.... The State Medical Society of Virginia ambles at Petersburg on the 3d of October.

BOOK AND JOB PRINTING.

BOOKS, PAMPHLETS, CARDS, ANKS, CHECKS, HANDBILLS, LABELS, &c. EXECUTED WITH NEATNESS AND DESPATCH AT THE OFFICE OF SPIRIT OF JEFFERSON. BLANKS—Decis of Bargain and Sale and Decis of Trust—Negotiable and Promissory Notes, &c., &c., always on hand.

Juries in California. In this part of the Union it is usually considered a great bore to be caught on a jury.— The case is very different in California; at least so we infer from the following bill of refreshments furnished for the Grand Jury in Man must le centent to fo low the steps of San Francisco while holding the Grand In-

1 doz. Cherry wine. \$20° 2 sins crackers. \$10 00° Martel's Brandy. 24 1000 Cigars. 125 00 1000 Cigars. 125 500 do 62 50° 2 baskets Heidseicks. 50 1000 do 125 00° 3 do do. 75° Sherry wine. 120 00° 5 gals. Martell brandy 50° 1 bottle Bitters. 300° \$659 50° This would give each of the twenty-four ju-

rors 31 bottles of Sherry, 150 Cigars, 21 bottles of Champagne, and 11 quarts of brandy.

Before this bill was ordered to be paid, the following discussion took place among the Su-

Mr. Nightingale.—It is impossible that they could consume so much. Chair .- (Atwill.) -Tl eir deliberations were

so intense that they required some artificial Mr. Nightingale.-How many Cigars did

her smoke! Clerk .- Three thousand five hundred

Mr. Atwill .- According to that, their delibrations must have ended in smoke. A Good One.

A gay and witty lady of Memphis Tenn., who was going up to Louisville, on one of the fashionable and much puffed up steamboats of mological specimens that pervaded every part of the boat. Happening to meet with the captain, who was rather a proud personage, the following conversation ensued.

"Captain, I thought you commanded a steamboat," "So I do, madam, and a finer does not

"I beg your pardon; but I think you ought to call yourself the captain of a buggy, rather than a steamboat"—accompanying the remark with a certain expression, which explained very clearly the meaning of the allusion.

Love Your Enemies. When Abraham set at his tent door, according to is cust in, waiting to en ertain strangers, he espied an old man stoeping and leaning on his staff; weary

with age and travel, coming towards him, who was a hundred years of age, he received him kindly, washed his fiet, provided supper, caused him to set down—but observing that the old man are and prayed not, he asked I im why he did not worship the God of Beaven. The old man told him that he worshiped the fire only, and acknowledged no other and exposed him to all the evils of the night, and in an unguarded condition. When the old man was gone, God called to Al raham, and asked him where the stranger was. He replied, "I thrust him away lecause be did not worship Thee" God answered him, "I have suffered him these hundred years, although he dishnored me; and couldst thou not endure him one night, when he gave thee no treul le ?" Upon this, says the story, Abraham fetel es him lack again, and gave him hospitable entertainment and

Savoyard Courtship. There is often an initial difficulty in the way of ourting which is not easily got over in all casesthat is breaking the ice, as it is called. This is more particular by incident to those who do not go to the work secundam artem. There is a good practice, regarding this matter, among the Savovard peasartry. When a young man is first admit 'ed to stend the evening at a house of a maid, to whem he wishes to pay his addresses, he watches the arrangement of five-place, where several bille's of wood are blazing If the fair one lift up one of the billets and places it upright against the side of the fire-place, it is a sicn she does not approve of her suitor. If she leaves the tlazing wood undisturted, the young man may be

sure of her consent. Historical Account of Hymen. Hymen was a beautiful youth of Athens, who for he love of a young virgin, disguised himself, and assisted at the Elusinian rites; and at this time, le to-gether with his beloved, and divers other young ladies of that city, were surpised and carried off by parties, who supposing him to be what he appeared, was ledged with his mistress. In the dead of night, when the roblers were all asleep, he cut their throats, Thence, making hasty way to Athens, he bargained with the parents that he would restore them their

daughter and all her companions, if they would con-sent to their marriage; which proving very happy, it became the custom to involve the name of Hymen A Valentine. The following valentine was received last week by

a wealthy young lady. It is full of the leaven of life, poetry, and pathos. It sweeps away distinction, and shows what the human heart is without the gilding. The lady should seek out this inamorata; he would make another Claude Melnotte: "You are above me, lady, but I can look up to you as I do at the stars, and worship you as I do them.— You are rich, and I am humble; but God is for us all, and we worship him at the same shrine. You would spurn me if you knew me, for I am rich in poverty, yet despite your scorn, I kiss you daily in my fancy, and nightly in my dreams. You might forbid me to love you, but you could not change my heart, nor make yourself less lovely than you are; and I would love on even though you should sell the hand I acore, to add gold to the heaps you have. You will read this and wonder, and be pleased, even in your pride, for it is sweet to be beloved, though

it be by one Leneath you. Farewell." Beautiful Apologue.

A shepherd was mourning over the death of his favorite child, and in the passionate and rebellious feelings of his heart was bitterly complaining that what he loved most tenderly, and was in itself most lovely, had been taken from him. Suddenly a stranger, of grave in I venerable appaarance, stood before him, and beckoning him forth into the field. It was night, and not a word was spoken till they arrived at the fold, when the stranger thus addressed him:

"When you select one of these lambs from the flock, you choose the best and most beautiful among them. Why should you murmur because I, the good Shepherd of the sheep, have selected from those which you have nourished for me the one that was most fitted for my eternal fold !"

A GOOD CHARACTER .- A good character is to a young man what a firm foundation is to the artist who preposes to erect a building on it; he can build with safety, and all who behold it will have confidence in its soliditya helping hand will never be wanted. But let a single part of this be defective, and you go a hazzard, amidst doubting and distrust. and ten to ne it will tumble down at last, and mingle all that was built on it in ruin .-Wi hout a good character poverty is a curse -with it, it is scarcely an evil. Happiness cannot exist where good character is not. All that is bright in the hope of youth, all that is calm and blissful in the sober scene of life, all that is soothing in the vale of years centres in and is derived from a good character .-Therefore acquire this as the first and most valuable.

Sweet Sounds - God has made the who's earth, vocal with sweet sounds-the untraveled forest close the notes of the wild-bird, and the habitations of men are made glad by the song of the feathered minstrel; but, above all, the human voice, that combines the highest chaim of sweet sound with the inspiration of thought, is given for no ordinary purpose of earthly pleasure. In its expression of religious devotion, how exalted! For its participation in joy, how unspeakable!

of our thoughts, evenness of recollection, the seal of meditation, the rest of our cares, and the calm of our tempest; prayer is the issue of a quiet mind, of untroubled thoughts; it is the daughter of charity and the sister of meeks ess; and he that prays to God with an angry, that is, with a troubled and discomposed spirit, is like him that retires into antile to meditate, and sets up his closet in the conquarters

of an army. ... A younger brother, who had espous-ed an old ill-tempered wife who was extreme-ly rich, was accustomed to say, "whenever I find my wife cross, and my own temper giving way, I retire to my library, and con-sole myself by reading her marriage softle-

We have still to hear from the great wheat and corn growing regions comprised in the States of In-diana, Illinois, Missouri, Michigan, and Tennessee, besides most of the Southern and Southwestern States, where the principal dependence is in the crop of Indian corn for vegetable tood for man and beast. We hope soon to be in possession of full information from these States, and to receive more minute intelligence from the States partially heard from.

Considering the great apprehensions which was felt with regard to the falling off of the crops during the drought, about a month since, we have every reason to congratulate the public on the more cheering prospect which the letters of our correspondents generally present. These letters are from a gentlemen in whom the public will have full confidence, most of them occupying high official positions, and others being private citizens of high standing, particularly among agriculturalists, in their respective States. The information thus obtained must of course have more weight with the public than that collected by individuals for the purpose of private

The deficiency which exists in the crops of wheat and Indian corn in some of the States, it is believed will be in a measure made up by the abundant sup-plies expected from the British provinces, particular-ly from Upper Canada. This last is a fine wheat growing region; and we understand that the crops there the present year have yielded larger returns than on any former occasion, and the supplies for exportation to the United States will be large. The crops of the United States, according to the

census of 1850, were as follows, for the year 1849, since when there has been a large increase, from the additional lands placed under cultivation, and the improvements in agriculture within the last five

Wheat	100,485,944
Indian Corn	592.071,104
R e	14.188.813
Gats	
Barley	
Buck wheat	8,036,912
Of potatoes, the quantity pro	
lows:-	
	Bushels.
Irish potatoes	65,797,826
Sweet potatoes	38,268,148

Total.....104,066,044 It will be perceived that by far the most important crop of vegetable food produced in the United States is that of Indian corn, the number of bushels of that grain raised exceeding that of all other vegetable food, including potatoes. The States which raise the largest quantities of Indian corn are as follows:

	Lushels.
Ohio	59,078,795
Kentucky	
Illinois	
Indiana	
Tennessee	
Missouri	
Virginia	35,254,319
Georgia	
Alabama	
North Carolina	
Mississippi	

raised being but 17,858,400 bushels-Pennsylvania, 19,835,214 bushels, and New Jersey, 8,759,704 bushels-which at last is a far greater quantity in proportion to the area of New Jersey than that raised in any other State East of the Alleghany mountains-The quantity raised in the six New England States is 10,175,356 bushels, which is far less than the amount required for the supply of the inhabitants.-It is well known that large quantities are sent from the Southern, Western and Middle States to the mar-The States producing the largest quantity of wheat

	Dusitets.
Pennsylvania	15,367,691
Ohia	1,448,735
New York	13,121,381
Virginia	11,212,616
Illinois	9,414,575
Indiana	6,214,458
. Michigan	4,925,889
Maryland	4,494,680
Wisconsin	4,286,131
Missonri	2,881,652
Kentucky	2,142,812
North Carolina	2,130,102
Tennessee	1,619,386
New Jersey	1,601,190
Iowa	1,530,671

ed in the remaining States and Territories, in 1849, was 4,955,332 bushels only .- N. Y. Herald.

Harrisonburg Scenes.

Extract from a letter dated Savannah, Sept. 9th: Such scenes of suffering and death have scarcely ever been witnessed as in the last five weeks, and things are still getting worse. I go day and night. Many die of actual want of medicine, nursing and nourishment. Now our city is in ruin from the storm. It is one vast, wide-spread desolation—churches and houses unrooted. Even the best on my lot is down. The market deserted, the stores closed, starvation seems next.

My oldest son has been down ten days-his case nopeless part of the time-is better now. Brother Payne, my colleague, is very sick, I am worn out, and there is scarcely a well man left in the city.-God seems to have marked us for his vengeance. Do

Yeslerday, stormy as it was, a man left his dead wife in bed, and all his household matters, and left the city. At another house I went to, I found all sick, and asked how they were in the next house .-They said they heard something like a man fail on the floor in the night, I pushed open the door and found a man dead on the floor. He bud pitched out of bed in his death struggle, and died with his feet against the door. His wife was speechless in another room. There had not been a soul to see them die.

I walked all of day before yesterday evening to get some one, white or black, to stay with a family where every member was down, and could not get one for love or money. I am doctor, nurse and cook. You cannot draw the faintest idea of the sufferings here. It seems famine will be next. The country people are afraid to come. We cannot get a chicken in the place to make soop for the sick, and the groceries are nearly all shut up. I would find but one oven this morning, and his stock was three or four spoiled barns. I feel alone in the midst of death. All tor friends are gone, sick or dead no one to even come and ask how we are. The sick here, and some of the rest complaining, and we are about the best off. I fear I cannot keep up long. I am now so nervous that I cannot write legibly. The light has not been out in my house in ten days, and will not for weeks to come.

Excuse this poor sheet. Mr only hope is in God. and if I tall it will be at my post, doing all I can for the sick and the dying. It I do fall, remember the wife and children of the widow's son. WM M. CRUMLEY.

The Murder in Princess Anne, Va. The Norfolk Herald of 26th says, suspicion ofhaving committed the foul deed fell upon a Mr. William Ewell, also of Princess Anne who was arrested on Samrday, and taken before the examining court,-But after a long sitting the evidence not appearing s. flicient for his committal for trial, the court dis-

It is said that a personal difficulty had occurred in the court room, on Friday last, between the parties. and that Ewell left the court room half an hour before McAlaine, whose way was by the same road which E. had taken. On Saturday morning Mr. McAlpine's corpse was found on the road's side, near Mr. Montague's gate, about 3 miles from the court ! house, Iving on its side; the cost partly off, as if he ! and fallen while in the act of pulling it off. The hody was stabled in thirty-six places-any one of twenty-three of the wounds being pronounced by medical men who examined them, to be a sufficient cause of death. Surely a demon's or a vampire's spirit must have possessed the murderer who could thus wanton in the blood of his victim! A pocket book, with the amount of money the deceased was known to have had with him, and a small penknife were found in his pocket; and the horse which he rode was found a mile further on the road, tied to

s lende, with the stirrups thrown over the saddle. Special Election in Faucuier.

At the late session of the fauquier county Court, it was decided that Messrs. Nimrod T. Ashby and William Murray, lately elected Commissioners of the evenue for thet county, had vacated their rights ing to qualify within sixty days after the election. The Court ordered a new election to be held second day of November, that being the first Thursday in the month. The failure to qualify was owing, we understand, to a misconception, on the hich ther would be allowed to do so.

at present County Surveyer for Fauquier, pave the notice required by law of his in-tention to resign that office, whereupon the Court ordered an election to be held for his successor, at the time mentioned above for the election of Com-

The Langert Hoo.—The Madison (Ind.,) Banner save Markin Roberts, who resides on the river some six nules below Madison, in Kentucky, informs us that he has a hog that well he upwards of nintleen hand ed pounds, which he has sold for two hundred

The Nebraska Bill. [From the Richmond Whig-]

The Baltimore Patriot contains an article in which the National Intelligencer is very properly and pointedly rebuked for its persevering attempt to create the impression that the Nebraska bill is distasteful to the Southern people, and particularly the Southern Whigs-or at least is not cordially sustained by them. Such an idea, as every well informed Southern man knows, is utterly absurd and false. The South has been, and still is, almost a unit upon that question. There is no material difference of opinion amongst us. Upon that, and upon all other questions intimately affecting the institution of Slavery, and the interests and destiny of the South, we are in fact "one and indivisible." And so, is our prayer, may we remain. To justify this conclusion, the Patriot states the following reasons, and so far as we are apprised, they are nothing

more nor less than the truth: "We claim a due degree of familiarity with the nature of Southern people—'we are to the manor born,'—with them are our duties and our destinies. We are an unwavering Whig, as he principles of that party were laid down in other countries, and all times. We have been the warm friends and advocates of the Union, against fire-eaters and freesoilers. These are our fundamental reasons for believing that we have a right to express an opinion. Our more especial authority at this time consists, however, in the results of recent observation upon the state of public sentiment at the South. We have just returned from a tour through a portion of the South which is thought to feel as sensitively, and to have as much at stake in these questions as any other quarter of the country. We have confer-red with people always loyal to the laws, always devoted to the Union, never blazing up with ephem-

eral prejudice, never dispirited by political disaster—in short, a moral, conservative, resolute people.— We have taken the sentiment of this people in connection with the general sentiment of the Southern States as obtained from correspondence and the Press, and we have deduced the following propositions as expressive of Southern sentiment upon the subjects to which they refer. "1. If the repeal of the Missouri Compromise, and the enactment of the Nebraska Kansas law was unexpected or to some persons unacceptable,

recognize the nationality of either party if it shall interpolate a sectional issue upon the original platforms of party principle. "From these reasons, general and special, we claim to be as well qualified to express an authentic opinion as any one clse whose opportunities or whose capacity for judging are not superior to our own. We then say that whilst there might have been no anxiety that the questions involved in the admission of Missouri, should be again agitatedand certainly no expectation that the tardy justice of repealing an unconstitutional disqualification would have been rendered to the South-there is a unanimous determination to insist upon the finality of that act, and to oppose any further agitation of the subject."

restore the one, or repeal the other.

The Sandwich Island Treaty. The Albany Evening Journal gives the following

as the particulars of the new treaty: "The Islands are to be at once admitted into the Union not as a territory, but as a State sovereign powers. In consideration of this surrender of their national sovereignty, the United States, besides agreeing to respect all existing charters, land titles, &c., are to pay some \$300,000 or \$400,000 annually as life annuities to such persons as the sovereign authorities shall designate. It is believed that the number who will be declared entitled to share in the annuity, will not exceed thirty individuals, incluconstitute the great landholders of the kingdom. Their ages will average about 40 years; and the sum to be paid to each will cease to be a debt upon

the U. S. Government, at their death. "Besides the sovereignty of the Islands, all the government property-including buildings, claims upon foreign government , be., will, it is understood, be transferred to the U. S. Government by this treaty. The value of the buildings alone it is said to exceed \$1,500,000, and these claims upon the French and British government to about \$500,000 more, making an aggregate of \$2,000,000."

The Kansas Seal.

We have just seen the seal of the Territory of Kansas, engraved by Robert Lovett, of Philadelphia, according to the design of Governor Reeder. It consists of a shield, with two supporters, and sur-mounted by a scroll motto, and is emblematic of the life of the pioneer and agriculturist. The lower compartment of the shield contains the buffalo and the hunter-the upper contains the implements of agriculture. The left hand supporter is a pioneer with his smock frock, legging, rifle, and tomahawk; whilst on the right is the Goddess Ceres, with her sheaf, and at their feet, and between them, lies a fallen tree and axe. The motto is a beautiful and striking allusion to the principle on which the Territory was organized, and consists of the " Populivocs NA TA." translated—Born of the popular will. The whole design is, we think, well devised, highly suggestive, and in excellent taste.—Eaton (Pa.,) Argus.

Progress of Abolition. The resolutions of the New York Whigs confirm our worst fears. They exclude the original principles upon which the party was founded, and announce sectional issue. They deliberately appeal to the people of the Northern States to employ their numercal representative power for the purpose of dictat-ing the policy of Federal Government. For the first time in the history of the country, the advice of Washington has been disregarded, and an open demand is made for the control of the country because of the superior power of one of its sections. Instead

of the patriotical declaration of Webster ringing in our ears, adjuring us to know no "North or South," we are to be dress in the drill-sergents of party upon a line of sectional latitude. The men who have prostituted an honored name, who have deteated the adjudication of great constitutional questions pending for a quarter of a century, and adopted a new rule of organization, deserve the execrations of all who love their country, and will descend to prosterity as the conspirators who have wounded and perhaps destroyed that great public institution which constitutes the pride of those who uphold it, and the

admiration of the would. The New York resolutions coincide with those of Massachusetts; they confirm to those of the Fusionists at Saratoga. Their tendency is towards open and unqualified abolition; to undoubted inequality in State and sectional rights. The are, to be sure, certain resolutions in favor of measures deemed popular. The Union is worshipped in a preamble to the doctrines which rescind its chief principle.— In its holy name sectional legislation is to be per-scribed, the sectional policy established. It is the Mass before the massacre. It is the flag upon which the restoration of the Holy sepulchre heralded the hosts if tyranny, rapine and injustice.

Did not the authors of this plan know that they deal with a people who will resist whatever is unequal? Do they not know that whether there may be or not a disposition to recognise in other Federal members the same rights which are already existing in the old States or not, the very injustice and the stigma of a disqualification on account of those rights will stimulate resistance? And if they shall succeed in establishing this doctrine that numbers makes right, will they reign over a discontented and degraded people, as England by her power has subjugated

and oppressed Ireland? We do not think the American people will confirm the acts of these conspirators. We believe the Union is too dear—the rights of others too highly respected, the interests, social and political, too vital to be so

trifled with. But the event has occurred which confirms our course. We announced that we could hold no fellowship with the Whigs of Massachusetts, because they had renounced the national doctrines of the Whig party. We now make the same declaration with respect to all who shall support the New York resolutions. They have "stolen the livery" of a great constitutional party to secure the control of our most precious interests. We feel it a duty to the country to protest against the fraud, and to give

notice that we are in no manner responsible for it.

[Baltimore Patriot,

A MURDEROUS FEUD .- The Charleston Courior of Monday says: Jesse E, Scurry and servant, of Newberry District. | widowhood. Her husband had recently been buried were shot on Tuesday last and killed by Dr. Edwin L. Gunter, and his brother Edward Gunter, of the same District. The Gunters have fied, and have not since been heard of. In our advertising columns this morning, a reward of \$2,000 has been offered by Messrs. Drury Scurry and James R. Scurry, of Newberry C. H., for their apprehension and lodgment in any jail of this State, or of the United States, or a reward of \$1,000 for either. We learn from a friend that an old fend had existed between the parties, and that a fracas had occurred some time since, in which

City Expenses of New York.—The Report of the City Comptroller of New York is published in the papers of that city. One or two facts are particularly noticeable. The bills for street cleaning amount to a total of \$234.648 for the year, which sum, though very large, does not cover the whole cost for the year by a considerable amount. The expense of lighting the city during the twelvementh has been upward of \$282,000. The sum paid for pay and carriage-hire of members of the Common, Council reaches the high figure of \$27,661. Thirty-nine Councilmen have had no carriage-hire whatever during the year, leaving thirty-four who have enjoyed the privilege of locomotion at the public cost-Coroners' fees (four officers) were \$13,000; Mayorality fees \$150; police \$720,987; repairs and supplies \$159,000; salaries \$180,000; Russ pavement upward of 70,000; and the almshouse \$490,000, or

nearly a half million of dollars. IMPORTATION OF COAL.-It is stated that the total import of Coal for the two last years respectively, and the official or Custom House valuation thereof,

were as follows: 

Making together 414,923 tons of Coal imported in two years, and valued at \$800,851; the duty on which at thirty per cent, was, of course, \$200,055, or not quite sixty-five cents per ton.

The Angel Gabriel Locked Up. PHILAGELPHIA, Sept. 26.—The wild, fanatical fel-low, calling himself the Angel Gabriel, blowed his norn in Independence Square this evening according to previous announcement, and a crowd was gather ng, when the police, under direction of Mayor Con-rad, interfered and removed him to the lock-up for learing in the morning.-Richmond Whig.

Riot and Bloodshed in Cincinnati. CINCINNATI, Sept. 26 .- A serious riot occurred last night in the Twelfth Ward, between a party of Protestants and German Catholics, which has caused much excitement in the city, and it is feared may lead to further troubles in that and other sections of the

The difficulty originated in an attempt to organize a Protestant Sabbath School in the neighborhood which was torcibly resisted by the German Catholics residing in the vicinity. They attacked and took possession of the house which had been rented for the purpose, and threatened death to any person who should attempt to organize a Sabbath School there. The police interfered and seized the ringleaders, but before it was suppressed three persons were seriously wounded by pistol shots.

The Crops.

The New York Herald publishes letters on this subject, in addition to those we have already quoted, from the Secretary of State of the following States: KENTUCKY.-The drought has been general. Corn in the hog and cattle growing districts, cut short upon an average of one half. The pork and beef market will be affected by this to a very great extent .-Tobacco will not make more than two-thirds of a crop. Hemp crop will perhaps make from a half to two-thirds of a crop. Grass, wheat and oat crops are not more than a supply for home comsumption. Iowa.-Wheat and corn crops greater than the average of former years; but, in view of the large immigration to Iowa, it is believed she can furnish

but little grain for exportation. MINNESOTA TERRITORY .- All the cereals and esculents have matured finely, and yielded large crops. The wheat crop will reach about 178,000 bushels; corn about 35,000 to 50,000 bushels; potatoes very large and of choice quality, 400,000 bushels. Large yield of cranberries, turnips, rutabagas and pumpkins. The turnip and rutabaga crop is expected to

there will be a general opposition to any attempt to reach 400,000 bushels; but it is mostly fed to their "2. Neither Southern Whigs nor Democrats will cattle during winter. Wisconsin.-Crops very good, but no particulars

> PENNSYLVANIA .- It is believed there will be an average crop of corn, unless, before it is housed, it should be injured by some other cause besides: drought. Fair crops efoats and of every thing else except potatoes, which will be much less than an average. The Herald's correspondent invokes the Know Nothings not to eat potatoes, because they are Irish, and their abstinence would be an act of grace to a great many poor devils who are otherwise likely to go without "Murphys."

DELAWARE.-Corn and wheat crop shortened onethird; oat crop and first hay very good. Potatoes a total failure. It is a crop, however, little cultivated in Delaware. New Jersey .- Taking the whole crop together,

there will this year be a fair average crop. VIRGINIA .- Col. Munford writes it as his opinion, that "if you take the line of railroads running through Virginia from North to South-that is, the Richmond, Fredericksburg and Potomac, and the Richmond and Danville Railroads-to the North ding the King, his two sons, and the members of the House of Nobles, all of whom are now rich, and very seasonable, and below this line to the Seaboard, the corn crop was very good-more than an average crop. There is but little cotton now grown in the State, and the potatoe crop, which is for export, is mostly grown in this section. It is all good. From the line thus delineated you must deduct all that portion of Virginia which is called the Northern Neck, in which the drought was very severe, and the corn crop almost an entire failure. In some of the counfour to five dollars a barrel. In most of the States above the line designated the drought has been severe, and the corn crop will be greatly below an average

> be too low an estimate." Mr. Willoughby Newton, in a letter to the Richmond Whig agrees with the opinion of Colonel Munford. NORTH CAROLINA .- Mr. John S. Dancy, of Edgecombe county, gives a very favorable account of the season in that region. Corn crop, oat crop, and sweet potatoes uncommonly fine. Hog crop fully an average one, and the greatest abundance of peas and pumpkins. The growing cotton crop will make 100,000 bales, the largest ever made in the county. VERMONT.-Hay about two-thirds, and wheat, rye, oats and barely, three-quarters of the annual average yield. Early planted corn, upon good land, will yield two-thirds. Potatoes half a crop. More potatoes planted and more spring wheat sown this than the last year, which will, to some extent, compen-

> sate the deficiency in the yield. RHODE ISLAND .- Crops of all kinds fair. Mr. W. P. Hill, in a letter to the Boston Times, repeats his estimate, which he had previously given in the New York Herald, that the crops of wheat, rye and barley in the three Southern New England States will be about a full average, and those in the three Northern States nearly an averag .

The Herald has still to hear from the great wheat and corn growing regions comprised in the states of Indiana, Illinois, Missouri, Michigan and Tennessee, besides most of the South and Southwestern States-

Ghost Story.

Most ghost stories are only foolish and laughable; but this one is melancholy in the extreme: Within the past year the people of a village in a western State became greatly excited by the alleged nightly appearance of a ghost in a village graveyard. Few of them indeed, had dared to see it;

but some had; and they, without making too familiar with it, had still seen it come and go, walk about, seat itself, &c.; and the statements of all these were too well authenticated to be disregarded. What the few saw the many believed; and the whole community soon became excited upon the subject of this strange nightly visitation to the graves of the dead. Of course the ghost was in the usual grave clothes, in which so far as we know, ghosts always appear; and it was entirely regular in its houralways arising among the tombs at midnight, and leaving at near early dawn. It had often been seen to come and go, passing over fences in its course; but no one had learned whence it came or whither

At length the matter from being the town talk became the town dread. Numerous individuals got excited, and superstitious ones grew melancholy and taciturn; people looked doubtingly at each other as they passed in twilight, and all contrived their journeyings at that hour, so as not to approach the last resting place of their departed friends.

This growing dread at length became insufferable; and lengaged all minds. There chanced to be in the village, a youth of nineteen from Western N. Y., whose domestic education had carefully excluded all faith in supernatural agencies, and who, therefore ooked only to natural causes for explanations of the events and occurrences of this life. The youth resolved to fathom the mystery of the grave-yard ghost. He found one associate; and the two after nightfall secreted themselves among the tombs to observe. Punctually, as the hour of twelve drew nigh, the ghost which had caused so much dread was seen approaching. The moon was shining brightly, and the white robed object was seen most distinctly. Overcoming two fences, it entered the grave-yard within actual reach of the youth who liad set on foot the investigation, and as the light fell fully upon the face of the ghost he recognized the well-known features of an acquaintance, who was then in her early there, and so dreadful had been the shock. reason of the wife had been dethroned by it and she was now a wandering maniac. She saw not her observers, but seated herself, as she was wont, upon the grave of him she had loved but too fondly. then approached the unfortunate, and addressed her in kindness. She knew them not, but conversed freely with them, calling them angels, and craving their protection. She was in her night clothes, and her wandering thus through the agony she had suffered, and her nightly occupying this sad seat, had converted that poor mental wreck of humanity into ghost. On this occasion she could not be induced to abandon her post, and of necessity she was left there to complete the hours of that night's pilgrimage. She is now in a lunatic asylum.

[ Buffalo Commercial. A Lady Clerk. The St. Louis Republican mentions that there is one feature about the steamer Illinoise Belle of pe-

culiar attractiveness-a lady clerk : "Look at her bills of landing, and 'Mary J. Patterson, clerk,' will be seen traced in a delicate and very neat style of chirograph. The insurance comp under such an areangement, will have to come down a fraction on their risks. A lady clerk on a western steamer! It speakes strongly of our moral progress

NORFOLK CONVENTION.—The citizens of Petershur in imblic meeting at the City Hall, on Wednesday, evening last, appointed 50 delegates to attend the Internal Improvement Convention at Norfolk, in November next, Mai Townes was Chairman of the meeting, and A. D. Banks. Esq., Secretary. Capt. F. E. Rives, S. B. Panl, A. D. Banks, and Mr. Morton Agent of the Union Agricultural Society, addressed the meeting.

LADY JUDGES.-We learn from the South Sid (Na.) Democrat that the executive committee have assigned, very appropriately, to the ladies, the task of deciding upon the merits of the flowers, butter, honey, and bed-quilts, that will be presented during the Agricultural Fair at Petersburg.

Massachusetts Democratic Convention. tion, comprising about 600 delegates, assembled this morning, and Isaac Adams was chosen President. This afternoon Henry W. Bishop, who was their cancidate last year was renominated by acclamation. A letter was read from him declining the nomination, but fully endorsing the Nebraska bill. The Convention, however, refused to accept the declinaion. The committee on resolutions reported a series fully endorsing the Administration.

A Delicate Scarch. The St. Louis Herald states a case of a young lady of the most undoubted respectability, who entered a shoe store in that city, and asked to be shown some gaiter boots; a number were shown to her which she examined and tried on. While the attention of the storekeeper was occupied with another, customer, several pair of gaiters disappeared. The lady concluding not to purchase, he was compelled to accuse her of secreting his shoes; she denied it, and he insisted, and proceeded to search, and found several pair suspended by hooks which were attached to the lady's general. He tack from their health to the ludy's garters. He took from their hooks those belonging to him, and left there several others, which had no doubt been taken from other stores .-She was allowed to depart.

The New Fashion. There is a new thing under the sun. The gentlean's beavers this fall have the brims set underneath with white fur instead of black. The effect is very startling, for it gives you the idea that every man you meet has either been born or with lint-white locks, or has grown prematurely gray. Fitzboodle says it looks as if a man wore two hats, Costermodger fashion, instead of one. It is a curious fashion, and a very new one .- N. Y. Times.

THE CROPS IN KENTUCKY.—The Krankfort (Ky.,) commonwealth says in relation to the crops in that We hear different accounts from different places; but our conclusion from the whole is that Kentuck will have fully half an average crop of corn this year. A contieman just from Cumberland county tells us that the corn crop there is fully two-thirds of an average; the tobacco crop is very fine; wheat excellent, and selling at 70 cents per bushel.

.. Last Sunday in New York a scene was witnessed in front of the City Hall, The notoriou "Angel Gabriel" held forth in his usual style. He was followed by an individual called "St. Paul," and he by another named "Moses." There were some 500 policemen kept in readiness to quell any disturbance that might occur, but their services were not needed. The "Angel" informed his parishioners that he had been mobbed in the early part of the day, and dreadfully beaten, but he gave no outward evidence of having been assaulted.

.... The Columbia (Pa.) Spy, which was suspended during the epidemic there, has re-appeared, and says that the health of that town has been nearly, if not quite restored. It gives a list of 127 deaths, and supposes that some 15 others have not been reported. The sanitary committee have published a card expressing deep obligations to the citizens of Balti-more, Philadelphia, Lancaster, York, Wrightsville, and other places, for their liberal donations in aid of he sufferers by the epidemic.

.... A fugitive slave called "Bob," from Kent county, Maryland, was brought to Philadelphia from Harrisburg on Saturday night by Deputy United States Marshals Agen and Bierly. A few minutes after the cars left for the city, a crowd of colored persons assembled about the depot, and commenced pelting the officers with stones. Officer Agen fired his revolver among the assailants, but with what effect is not known. The prisoner was lodged in Movamensing.

ANDREW E. KENNEDY,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
CHARLESTOWN, VIRGINIA,
Will practice in the Courts of Jefferson, Frederick,
Berkeley and Clarke counties.

13-Office, one door east of Carter's Hotel. September 26, 1854—3m [Fig.] VIRGINIA, Jefferson County, Sct. In the County Court. September Term, 1854 DESOLVED. That this Court having recently heard that JACOB W. WAGELY, one of the mem bers thereof, died on Friday last, as a testimony of respect to his memory, he having been a worthy member of the Court, it is moved and ordered that the said Court stand adjourned putil the second Monday in next mouth. T. A. MOORE,

September 26, 1354. NOTICE. ties of this State the farmers are now buying corn for their next year's supply, and it is selling at from HANNAH LEE ALEXANDER are recuested to present them to EDWARD E. COOKE, at his office in Charlestown, for adjustment. EDWARD E. COOKE, J. A. WASHINGTON, Trustees of H. L. Alexander.

crop-some say not half a crop, but I suppose this to September 26, 1354-3t SOME CHEAP GROUSKIES.-Very good Green and Black Teas, 44 cents a pound, worth 75 cents; best Rosin and White Soap at 61 and 8 cents; Essence of Coffee, Pepper, Ginger, Allspice, Sal. Soda, Writing Paper, Ex ract of Log-wood, Shet, &c., SOLD AT PRIME COST, at TSAAC ROSE'S Charlestown, Sept. 26, 1854. Cheap Store.

CELLING OFF AT COST. -A large stock O of FALL AND WINTER GOODS, for Ladies and Gentlemen, at ISAAC ROSE'S NOTICE THE RED FLAG. | Cheap Store. Charlestown, Sept. 26, 1854. A GENT FOR THE COUNTRY

A IN NEW YORK CITY.

The advertiser is prepared to act as General Agen
and Correspondent, in New York, for business me
and others in the interior. He will devote his whole time and attention to the purchase and sale of Fancy and other Goods, Books, Prints, Michinery, Manufacturers' and M. chanics' Stock and Materials, Philosophical Apparatus, &c.; Drugs, Patent and other Medicines, Agricultural Implements, Seeds, Stock, &c. Collections made and suits prosecuted. Information of all kinds furnished with regard to persons and places here. Situations procured and guaran teed for clerks, mechanics, professional men an others. Male and female employees engaged an others. Male and temale employees engaged and sent to the country. Passages secured to California, Australia, and Europe. In fine, anything that an intelligent Agent, well acquainted with New York and its business men, can do for an absentee, will be executed faithfully and promptly. Communications confidential. Address, with fee adequate to the service,

A. H. BARTON,

189 Mulberry street, New York.

Sentember 26, 1854—6t

September 26, 1854-6t CHEESE AND MACCARONI, just received by H. L. EBY & SON. September 26, 1854.

UNITED STATES HOTEL,
AT THE RAILROAD DEPOT,
Harpers-Ferry, Virginia.
The subscriber respectfully showeth that this Hotel is open for the reception of travellers on the arrival of the cars, at all hours, day and night, and a polite and obliging harkeener with a trust way and received. and obliging barkeeper, with a trusty and active por-ter, to see that passengers are well cared for and bag-gage properly attended to.

Harpers Ferry, July 11, 1854.

SURGICAL AND MECHANICAL THE undersigned tenders his thanks to the Citizens of Harper's Ferry and Bolivar, for their liberal patronage, during the time he has been with them. And having permanently located himself in West Belivar, would respectfully solicit a liberal share of the permanent of the research. share of the patronage of that place, and the surround ng Community.
Those desiring teeth extracted—artificial teeth in

serted—either on pivots or gold plates, can have it done in the most modern and scientific manner. J. S. AULABAUGH. Dr. COOKE

OFFERS his professional services to the Citizens of Chalestown and its vicinity.

He will be found at I. N. Carter's Hotel, or at his office one door East of it. May 9, 1854. MANASSES GAP RAILROAD.

MANASSES GAP RAILROAD.
DAILY LINE TO WINCHESTER, AND
TRI-WEEKLY TO LURAY.
The Cars leave Alexandria daily at 50°clock, a.m.,
(Sunday excepted,) connecting with J. H. Kemp's
Line of Stages at Piedmont, via Millwood and Paris,
on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, for Winchester; and at Wapping Station, via Front Royal,
on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, for Winchester, and Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays,
for Luray. chester, and Tuesdays,
for Luray.

Returning, leave Wapping at 10½, and Piedmont
11½, A. M., arriving at Alexandria at 2½, F. M.

(G-THROUGH TICKETS to Winchester, \$3.50,
to be had at the ticket office of the Orange and Alexandria Railroad Company, Alexandria, and at J. H.

Kemp's Stage Office, Winchester.

M. M. WELSH,
Superintendent. Superintendent. August 8, 1954.

REMOVAL. LAWSON BOTTS, ATTORNEY AT LAW. COMMISSIONER IN CHANCERY AND GENERAL AGENT. OFFICE in his House, formerly the property of the late Mrs. Fanny M. Willis, one door north of the office of Wm. C. Worthington, Esq. Entrance from same street.

[July 18, 1854.—tf

TALBOT S. DUKE, ATTORNEY AT LAW WILL practice in the Superior and Inferior Courts of Jefferson, Berkeley and Loudoun.
Office No. 2, Shenandoah street, Harpers-Ferry, Virginia.

[July 18, 1854.—6m. SAMUEL STONE,

Commissioner in Chancery of the Circuit and County Court of Jefferson County.

OFFICE in the Court-House, (up stairs,) in the room for many years occupied as an office by the late Robr. Worthington, Esq. Entrance (except on Court days) at the east door. July 11, 1854—tf MARTINSBURG ACADEMY,

Vivit et Viget.

C. E. VON FAHNESTOCK, PRINCIPAL.

THE friends of this Institution are most politely informed that its duries will be resumed on Monday the 4th of September. Terms will be made known upon application to the Principal or to Col.

P. C. PENDLETON, President of Board of Trustees.

July 4, 1854—tf ENGLISH, CASTLEMAN & CO. IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC HARDWARE,

CUTLERY, &c.,
Are now receiving an unusually large and well selected STOCK OF GOODS, in their line, guited to (c)-Country Merchants are particularly invited to examine our Goods before purchasing, as we are pre-pared to supply them upon as favorable terms as they an be procured elsewhere. Alexandria, July 25, 1854.

TOR THE SICK—On hand, a full supply of the following Liquors, for the sick, viz: Brandy Scheidem Schnapps, Madeira Wine, Old Port do.—These articles have been a licted without regard to cost, expressly for invalids. For selection by L. M. SMITH.

Let all the world say what they can,
For selling large prizes M. ANSEL & Co. are the men.
M. ANSEL & CO.,
"BANKERS AND LOTTERY BROKERS,"
TAKE pleasure in presenting to the Virginia public a Programme of their Fall Lotteries, consisting of some year grid, and salendid Schemes, and we ing of some very rich and splendid Schemes, and wa

get soine of those noble Capital Prizes. We would request therefore that their orders may be sent soon that we may select good tickets for Very respectfully, M. A. M. ANSEL & CO. Schemes for the Month of September: Capitals. 25,000 Tickets. 12,000 30,000 9,000



Wholes \$15, Halves \$7,50, Quarters \$3.75. NO RISK, NO GAIN! TRY OUR LUCKY OFFICE,

AND YOU WILL BE SURE AND GET A PRIZE!

OF-We receive the Notes of all Solvent Banks or Checks of Deposit, and we remit in return for prizes, Bank checks on any place in the United States. A single Package of Tickets may draw the four high est Prizes.

@-All letters directed to M. ANSEL & CO. will come safely to hand, and distant correspondents may feel sure that their orders will be attended to, the same as if they were here themselves. It has many times happened that we have made our correspondents rich before we have had the pleasure of a personal interview.

undersigned are always ready to answer letters of enquiry. In ordering Tickets, look over the list, select the Lottery, enclose the money, and direct the letter to our address. TRY US! TRY US!

(#5-All those who want a good Prize, will please send their orders to the old Prize Sellers,

M. ANSEL & CO., Box 368, Post Office, Baltimore, Md. August 29, 1854.

FOR SALE ALIKELY NEGRO WOMAN, about 33 years of age, sound and capable of any sort of housework, as also her child, on reasonable terms.—Apply to J. W. ROWAN, or Sept. 12, 1851—3t D. B. HASTINGS. TO THE FARMERS. HAVE had fixed up at the DEPOT a pair of Cattle, Hogs, and Slock of all kind, &c., and hav

also made pens for loading stock on the cars. Far-mers or traders can have there stock not only loaded on the cars here but can weigh them before leaving.

September 12, 1851.

E. M. AISQUITH. WAS COMMITTED to the Jail of Jefferson coun ty, (where she now is,) by a warrant of a Justice of said county, A NEGRO WOMAN, calling herself Annie, whose real name is not known and who is evidently deranged in mind. She is about 50 years

of age, 5 feet 5 inches in height, dark copper colo no scars visible, and rather delicate. The owner will come forward, prove his property as the law directs, and pay charges and expenses and take her, otherwise she will be dealt with according to the order of the Court and the provisions of th September 12, 1854—3t

J. W. ROWAN, THE Books and papers of LOCK, CRAMER & LINE are in the hands of J. J. LOCK for settlement.

It is expected that all indebted to said firm will come forward and make payment by the 20th of the month. If payment is not made, the accounts will be placed in the hands of an officer for collection. September 12, 1854. CRAMER & LINE.

THE subscriber commences to-day selling off for cash his large and well-assorted Stock of R ady-Made CLOTHING, DRY GOODS and FANCY AR-TICLES, at and below cost. O-SIGN OF THE RED FLAG !-CO ISAAC ROSE. Charlestown, September 12, 1851.

TO THE PUBLIC. HE undersigned having bought the Blacksmith
Shop formerly owned by G. S. Gardner,
will carry on the BLACKSMITHING in
all its branches. Particular attention will be given to all work entrusted to him. He hopes by strict attention to business to share a por-tion of public patronage. EDWARD HUNT. September 5, 1854.

TO WILLIAM L. TERRILL:

1854, between the hours of ten o'clock in the morning

1854, between the hours of that day, I shall, at the and five in the afternoon of that day, I shall, at th office of Commissioner Lawson Botts, in Charlestown office of Commissioner Lawson Botts, in Charlestown,
Jefferson county, Virginia, take the depositions of
sundry witnesses, to be read on the hearing of a certain suit, pending in the Circuit Court of Jefferson
county aforesaid, in which I am plaintiff, suing by
my brother and next friend Charles Yates, and you
are defendant.

JULIA TERRILL,
August 29, 1854.—td.

By her Counsel. TAXES! TAXES!! TAXES!!! HE Taxes for the present year are now due. All persons indebted, will please prepare themselves to liquidate the same. JOHN W. MOORE, Sheriff.

ROBT. LUCAS, Jr., D. S. JAS. W. CAMPBELL, D. S. Jefferson County, Aug. 29, 1854 .- 4t. CARRIAGE FOR SALE. A NEW and fashionable two-horse Carriage, with Harness complete, for sale at a great reduction over first cost,

Apply to L. SADLER.

August 29, 1854—if. To a careful person only, a gentle HORSE, with a good ROCKAWAY, for \$2,50 per day, Cash. Apply to A. P. FITCH, Sappington's Hotel.

August 22, 1854.

A NEGRO GIRL, from 16 to 20 years of age, (for the advertiser's own use,) of good character, for which a fair price will be given. Enquire of th July 25, 1854. PRINTE

WHITE CORN MEAL, on hand and for sale by H. L. EBY & SON. September 5, 1854. K. N.--Those who "Know Nothing" are respectfully informed that the Know Nothing BREASTPINS are selling fast, they will all be gone in "a few days," so call soon and examine at C. G. STEWART'S September 5, 1854. Jewelry Store. SODA, WATER AND SUGAR CRACK-ERS, received by H. L. EBY & SON. September 5, 1854.

NAILS, assorted sizes, for sale by Sept. 5, 1854. H. L. EBX & SON. HERRING, SHAD & MACK-EREL, for sale by
4. H. L. EBY & SON. Sept. 5, 1854. TIMOTHY SEED .- 30 bushels, prime, for sale at the Depot.
August 22. E. M. AISQUITH. 10.000 FEET INCH PLANK.

2,000 feet half-inch Plank; for sale at the Depot August 15, 1864. E. M. AISQUITH. 500 HEAVY COTTON BAGS, by A. W. CRAM PURE CIDER VINEGAR, for sale by August 15, 1854. A. W. CRAMER. SPICES, of all kinds, by August 15, 1854. A. W. CRAMER.

MEDICAL LIQUORS.—Just received a very fine article of Medical Liquors part of which are as follows: Port and Maderia Wine, Old Sayarac Brandy, Whiskey of superior quality, Lavender and Raspberry Brandy, superior Table Claret Wine which is hard to beat both in price and quality. For sale by August 1. THOS. RAWLINS. WANTED TO PURCHASE.

ANTED for the purpose of waiting on an aged female, a NEGRO WOMAN, without children or husband. For one of good character and habits a liberal price will be paid. Application may be made at the SPIRIT OFFICE.

August 1, 1854. FULL LINSEY, Plaid Linsey and Flannel Yarn, just received by A. W. CRAMER. September 12, 1854.

HARDWARE.—I have just received a large H and well-selected stock of HARDWARE, part of which are as follows: Horse Shoes of the very best quality, horse shoe Nails, Hinges of every kind, Door Locks of every description, with mineral knobs, from 371 tents to \$5; Hay and Manure Forks, Braces and Brace Bits, Hatchets, Bread and Chepping Axes, Saws of all kinds, Table Cutlery, Penknives to suit the purchaser, Wire and Steel Rat Traps, Meal Sifters.—All of the above; and a great many other articles, will be found by calling at cles, will be found by calling at August 1, 1854. THOMAS RAWLINS'. 75 GOOD tight Whiskey Barrels for sale JOHN D. LINE.

50 PRIME SUGAR-CURED HAMS, for sale by July 25, 1854. H. L. EBK & SON. 100 SACKS OF SALT, for sale by September 12. A. W. CRAMER.

THE undersigned has just completed, and fitted up in the best manner, A HALL designed for The heast manner, A HALL designed for PUBLIC LECTURES, CONCERTS, EXHIBITIONS, &c., which is now FOR RENT upon reasonable terms. The Hall is in the centre of the town, convenient of access, 70 feet in length, and 19 in width. For further information, apply to the Proprietors of Sappington's or Carter's Hotel, Charlestown, or to August 29, 1354. J. W. BELLER. August 29, 1854.

August 29, 1854.

My-Our brethren of the press in the Valley, will greatly oblige us, and the favor be reciprocated at any time, by giving the above. any time, by giving the above one or two insertions.

MUSICAL DEPOT,
South Side Penn. Avenue, between 10th and 11th Sts., Washington City, D. C., Publishers of Music and Dealers in all kinds of MU-SICAL INSTRUMENTS AND MUSICAL MER-CHANDIZE. The greatest variety of American and Foreign Publications of Music constantly kept on hand, to which we are daily making additions. Our stock of Instruments embraces CHURCH and PARLOR ORGANS; PIANOS, from the most celebrated European and American Manufactories, with and without the admired Æolian attachment; ME LODIANS, GUITARS, VIOLINS, FLUTES, AC-CORDEONS, FLUTINAS, BANJOS, TAMBO-RINES; BRASS AND REED INSTRUMENTS of every description. Strings of the best quality for all 875-Orders from the country punctually attended to. 875-Pianos and all other kind of Instruments repair-

i and tuned.

### Music published to order.

### Liberal Discount made to the trade, Seminaies, Schools and the profession. August 22, 1854—tf.

VALUABLE TAVERN STAND AND STORE HOUSE FOR RENT, AND STOCK OF GOODS FOR SALE. Being desirous of changing my business, I shall lease, for a term of years, A VALUABLE TAVERN AND STORE, at CASTLEMAN'S included the county of the county of

Store, on account of the travel, is surrounded by a rich and populous country, and is perfectly healthy. I desire to sell also my STOCK (a valuable one) OF STORE GOODS, upon most reasonable terms.

Of Application, can be made to me in person or by letter at my residence, at Castleman's Ferry, Clarke County, Virginia. August 8, 1854. S. D. CASTLEMAN.

BLACKSMITHING. HE undersigned returns his grateful acknowledgments for the patronage extended to him in his line of business—and respectfully announces to the public generally that he continues to carry on the BLACKSMITH BUSINESS near the Charlestown Depot, where everything in his line will be done, at short notice, in a substantial and workman-like manner, at fair prices. He will give especial attention to SHOEING HORSES, as indeed every branch of BLACKSMITHING-therefore GEORGE W. SPOTTS.

VIRGINIA. to wit:
At Rules held in the Clerk's Office of the Circuit Court of Jefferson court, on the 8th day of August,

Mary Zorger, Caroline Zorger, Martha Zorger, Carey Zorger, and Elizabeth Zorger, by Thomas A. Moore their guardian ad litem and next friend, Plaintiffs, Carey Thompson, administrator of Edward W. Zorger, deceased, John Lambaugh and Malinda his wife, John Holton and Harriet his wife, Armstead Zorger, Charles B. Zorger, Cary Thompson and Charlotte his wife, F. Anderson, William Baden, William Orm, Alfred Taylor, Mesheck Kirby, George W. Cox, and Horatio Jarboe, Defendants, cree of the County Court of Jefferson of the February Term, 1851, ordering the sale of the lands be-longing to the heirs of Edward W. Zorger, deceased, and also to annul a decree of the same Court of the May Term, 1953, in said suit, and that this cause

may be reheard and reviewed, that the Court may rder a sale of said land and a division of the proc amongst said heirs, or may decree a division of the land itself, and for such other relief as may be proper. It appearing on affidavit filed in this suit, that the defendants, John Holton and Harriet his wife, are not residents of this State, they are hereby required to ap-pear here within one month after due publication of this order, and do what is necessary to protect their interests in this matter. It is further ordered, that a copy hereof be published once a week for four successive weeks in the "Spirit of Jefferson," and posted at the front door of the Court-House of this county, on the first day of the next County Court. A copy—Teste: R. T. BROWN, CLK. August 15, 1854—4w

LOCATION OF LAND WARRANTS.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That the undersigned will give prompt attention to the location or sale of all Land Warrants remitted to them; they hould be assigned in blank. We can locate on fin rich prairie land, contiguous to the St. Louis and Kansas line of the Pacific Railroad, or the Southwestern branch of the Pacific Road, the Hannibaland St. Joseph Railroad, or the contemplated line from Weston to St. Louis. We have no doubt many of our locations will be worth \$5 per acre in a very short time. Our fees for location will be ressenable. The expenses to register and receive ought to accom-

Address all letters and papers to FIELD & TROXELL, Attorneys at Law and Real Estate Agents, Lexington, Missouri. Reference .- VANCE BELL, Summit Point P. O., Jefferson county, Va. WE have just opened a large stock of COACH AND SADDLERY HARDWARF, among which will

Bridles Bits, Stirrup Irons; Roller and Bridle Buckles; Spurs, Girth and Rein Webb; Coach, Seaming, and Pasting Lace; Fringes, Tassels, Rosettes; Harness Ornaments, Curtain Glasses; Patent Enamelled Cloth and Leather; Hubs, Bows and Fellows. Together with a great many other articles, which will be sold low, and to which we invite the attention of purchasers ENGLISH, CASTLEMAN & CO. Alexandria, July 25, 1854. RESPECTFULLY advise those who deal in either BITUMENOUS or ANTHRACITE COAL, for do-

mestic or public purposes, to give me their orders as early as possible, to prevent delay or disappointment in their supplies.

This course is essential, because of the immensely increased demand, which tax sall the facilities of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad in its transportation.

Address, JAMES A. BECKHAM,

July 18, 1854—tf [FF] Baltimore, Md. THE Proprietor of this watering place has just received a supply of new tight bbls, in which he can now furnish to invalids and others water fresh from the spring.

G. W.SAPPINGTON.

the spring.
G. W.SAPPINGTON.
Charlestown, Jefferson Canuty, Va., July 11, 1854. THE MODEL PLOW,
HICH took the Premium at
the Ploughing-Match on Jacob
Senseney's farm, May 30th, 1854,
can now be seen by calling at the works of Messrs. SNAPP & HAYMAKER, Winchester. The point is steel or wrought iron, and can be turned four different ways. The Cutter and Share can be turned twice; the latter is made of either cast or wrought iron. It is durable, cheap and labor-saving, being so neatly arranged and constructed as to do three horses' work with two—a matter of vast importance to the farmer. The furrow commences turning at the cutter, thereby avoiding the heavy friction and breaking of furrow unavoidable in all other Plows. It turns a furrow 16 inches wide and 8½

inches deep.

Enquirics concerning it, or orders for Shop Rights, will be promptly attended to by addressing ROWLAND & THOMAS.

June 20, 1854—3m THE subscriber as agent wishes to buy any quantity of WHEAT, for which he will at all times pay the highest price in cash, to be delivered at any of the Depots on the Winchester and Potomac Railroad; also will at all times have a supply of Bags at the Charlestown Depot

Charlestown Depot. VINCENT W. MOORE. Charlestown, August 8, 1854. TO FARMERS.

THE undersigned, whose manufacture is in Charlestown, Jefferson county, proposes to furnish the farmers of this and adjoining counties with his SCREEN for cleaning Seed Wheat, which has been universally

BACON,-1000 lbs. Country cured Bacon in store and for sale by August 22. T. C. SIGAFOCSE. DURE BRANDY .- Just received by Adams & Co.'s Express, put up in bottles expressly for nedicinal purposes.

August 22.

T. C. SIGAFOOSE.

THE WAY TO SELL LAND! E advise all persons owning Virginia I and desiring to sell the same, to Adver V V and desiring to sell the same, to Advertisefirst in their own local papers, so that their neighbors
may become acquainted with their desire; and next
in some journal of wide circulation, printed at a distance, so that the attention of strangers may be
drawn to the property. THE BEST PAPER IN
PENNSYLVANIA TO ADVERTISE VIRGINIA
LANDS IN ISTUE VILLEY EDITOR. PENNSYLVANIA TO ADVERTISE VIRGINIA LANDS IN, IS THE VALLEY SPIRIT, published at Chambersburg, Pa., by P. S. Dechert & Co. Its circulation is three times as large as the average circulation of County papers in Pennsylvania, and care has been exercised to have it extensively circulated among the agricultural community, they being generally the most substantial patrons. It is generally believed that an advertisement of Real Estate in this paper, will be read by more Farmers, and therefore by more persons disposed to purchase that kind of of property than if inserted in any other journal in this part of the country. The Valley Spirit's circulation lies mainly in the rich and populous counties of FRANKLIN and CUMBERLAND, but yet it is not confined to those counties. It circulates also in Adams, York, Lancaster and Lebanon on the East, Fulton, Bedford and Somerset on the West and Huntingdon, Juniata, Perry and Centre on the North. From these parts of our State many Agriculturists have removed to Virginia, and others, it is not to be doubted, will year after year follow.

Would it not be good policy for Virginians to bring their property to the notice of those who are contemplating a removal to their State by advertising it in our paper?

66-A conv of the paper will be forwarded to the

our paper?

(F)-A copy of the paper will be ferwarded to the address of any one who may make the request. Its large size, and the heavy advertising custom it enjoys, will serve to show its standing. All communications to be addressed to P. S. DECHERT & Co., Chambersburg, Pa., Chambersburg, May 30, 1854.

JEFFERSON MACHINE SHOP & IRON.
AND BRASS FOUNDRY.
THE subscribers respectfully call the attention of the
farming community to their very large assort ment of FARMING IMPLEMENTS, compri-every kind of implement used by the farmer to facili and cheapen his operations, including our celebra Patent Premium Thresher, Cleaner and

Patent Premium Thresher, Cleaner and Bagger,

Which received the First Premium at the Crystal Palace, N. York, this making 10 Premiums in two seasons, in competition with the most celebrated Separators of the day; proving conclusively, that simplicity in construction, cheapness in price, and durability in machine, is being fully appreciated, and the old complicated costly separators must yield their place to a superior machine. This Machine, for threshing, separating, cleaning twice, separating and bagging, (by one simple operation,) all kinds of Grain—the greatest labor saving machine extant, for simplicity, durability, cheapness and capacity, it has no rival in the world. It is capable of turning out, ready for the mill or for seed, from 300 to 500 bushels of Wheat per day, with 6 or 8 horses, and 8 hands—or from 500 to 800 bushels with 12 horses and as many hands, doing the work cleaner, and breaking less grain, than any machine now in use. This machine received the first premiums at the Maryland State Fair, Balt., in 1852, and 1853; the Washington Co., Md. Fair; Valley Agricultural Fair, of Va., in 1852 and 1853; the Rappahannock Agricultural Society, at Port Royal, Va.; the first premium at the Illinois State Fair, 1853, at Springfield, and a Silver Medal at the Indiana State Fair, at Indianapolis, 1853.

This machine is so simple in construction, that the one fain and shoe completely cleans and bags the grain, dispensing with all the complicated machinery (and consequent liability of derangement) in all other separators, thus making it more desirable to the farmer.

Shop Prices of Zimmerman & Co's. Traeshea,

CLEANER, BAGGER AND POWER.—Thresher, Cleaner and Bagger complete, 6 and 8 horses, \$175—Power for same, \$100, making \$275 for the whole complete. Tresher, Cleaner and Bagger 36 inch Cylinder, \$200; Power for same, \$135, for 8, 10 and 12 horses. This machine is complete with Band, Wrenches, &c. "American Farmer;" Col. Edward Lloyd, Easthe "American Farmer;" Coi. Edward Lloyd, Easton, Md.; Capt. D. Cox, Northumberland, Co., Va.; Hill Carter. Esq., Richmond; Richard Willis, Esq., Richmond; Col Charles Carroll, near Ellicott's Mills, Md.; F. Nelson, Esq., Richmond; Col. B. Davenport, Jefferson Co., Va.; Dr. Harding, Northumberland Co., Va.; Capt. Harding, Northumberland Co., Va.; Hugh Nelson, Esq., Clarke Co., Va.; Charles Mason, Esq., King George Co., Va.; S. W. Thomas, Esq., Clarke Co. Va.; Dr. T. J. Marlow, Frederick city, Md.; David Boyd, Esq., Frederick city, Md.; Ezra Houck, Frederick city, Md.; Samuel Holt, Middletown Valley, Md.; John Clagett, Hagerstown, Md. The above machines are manufactured in Charlestown, Jefferson Co., Va. All orders addressed to us will be attended to with promptness, and a' threshers sent out warranted to come up to the stong ard. ZIMMERMAN & CC-

CRYSTAL PALACE. World's Fair, New York, United States of America— Association for the Exhibition of the Industry of all

Nations. EXCELSIOR. THE association for the Exhibition of the Industry of all Nations awards to ELISHA S.SNYDER. of Charlestown, Jefferson county, Va., the highest premium Bronze Medal, with special approbation, for the combination he has effected, and the practical approbation in the combination of the practical approach of the combination of the second control of the combination of the Exhibition of the Industry the combination he has effected, and the practical ap-plication he has given the same, in his Lab r Saving Machine for Threshing, Separating, Cleaning and Bagging Grain,—Hon. Theodore Sedgwick, Presi-dent of the Association: Hon. Henry Wager, Western N.Y., Chairman: Watson Newbold, Esc., Columbus, N.J.; Col. John W. Proctor, Danvers, Mass.; Major Philip R. Freas, Germantown, Penn.: Hon. Henry S. Babbit, Brooklyn, L. I., acting Secretary in Class

My Patent Premium Threshing, Separating, My Patent Promium Threshing, Separating, Cleaning and Bagging Grain Machine, is for sale, which received the first premium at the Crystal Palace. New York, ever all Threshing, Separating, Cleaning and Eagging Grain Machines on exhibitiors thus proving conclusively that simplicity in construction, cheapness in price, and durability in my machine, is being fully appreciated, and the old and new costly, inferior, complicated separating Machines must yelld their places to a superior Laber Saving Machine. The cenebrated Machine for Threshing, Separating, Cleaning twice, Screening and Eagging Grain by one simple operation. The greatest labor saving Machine in the world for separating all, pure and impurities. This machine throws the straw to itself, the chaff to itself, the wheat in the bag, the screenings to itself, and the smut and cheat to itself, screenings to itself, and the smut and cheat to itself.
Everything has a place, and everything is in its
place to suit the conveniences of the farmer. For simplicity, durability, cheapness and capacity, it has no
equal in the world. As for what has been stated in the different papers concerning Mr. Zimmerman's Ma-chine receiving the first premium at the Crystal Pal-ace, New York, is false, and not true. It is also stated that Mr. Zimmerman received a number of premiums at .... and other fairs. That I know nothing about -perhaps he did; but it is very easy to win the race, as the boy said when he ran by himself. But my honorable friends, this was not the case at the World's Fair, New York. Mr. Zimmerman had a number of other boys to run with, besides himself, which made

other boys to run with, besides himself, which made the race more difficult for him—so much so, that he, Mr. Zimmerman, was neither the first nor second—so you may judge where he was.

These are facts that cannot be denied. The undersigned would inform the public that his Farmers' Labor Saving Machine for Theshing, Separating, Cleaning, Screening and Bagging all kinds of Grain, is for sale. Farmers wishing to buy the best machine in use, will address JOSEPH GLAZE, Frederick City, Md., who is manufacturing them in the best and most substantial manner and can furnish any orders at a few days notice. Those wishing to purchase the Pafew days notice. Those wishing to purchase the Patent to manufacture the Machines, will address me at Charlestown, Jefferson county, Va. June 27, 1854—1y\* ELISHA S. SNYDER.

PROSPECTUS, STATES RIGHTS REGISTER

Register will take as its text in the discussion of all public questions, THE CONSTITUTION, strictly con-strued and uncompromised. Washington City, July, 1854.

CONGRESSIONAL RECOMMENDATION. We the undersigned Senators and Representatives in the Congress of the United States, cordially recommend the State Rights Register and National Economist with the principles and purposes as announced in the foregoing prospectus, to the confidence and support of our constituents.

A. P. Butler, T. J. Rusk, Geo. W. Jones, J. Toucey, Jas. Shields, John Pettit, C. T. James, S. Adams, C. C. Clay, Benjamin Fitzpatrick, S. R. Mallery, A. G. Brown, W. K. Sebastian and R. W. Johnson.

TO FARMERS.

THE undersigned, whose manufacture is in Charles town, Jefferson county, proposes to furnish the farmers of this and adjoining counties with his SCREN for cleaning Seed Wheat, which has been universally commended by all who have given them a trial. Those wishing the Screen are requested to order immediately. The Price is \$10 at the shop, and \$12 delivered in Jefferson or Clarke.

August \$1, 1854.

N. B. A first-rate WORK or CHAS. BARRITT.

N. B. A first-rate WORK MARE, with a COLT by her side, for sale on reasonable terms. C. B.

JUST received and for sale a lot of prime Mackerel.

August \$2.

J. D. LINE.

PRENCH-WORKED COLLARS, untreceived and for sale low a further supply of the following celebrated brands of segars:

Colorado Plantation;

For Sevillana Regalia;

La Minerva, do;

Yenns, do;

Londres, do;

Londres, do;

August \$1,1884.

Onlers, do;

Also a full supply of Tobacco, retailing from \$21\$ to 10 per pound.

August \$1,1884.

ONLY a few copies left of "The Sepulchres of on Departed, by Rev. F. R. Anspach, A. M."

Those in want of his valuable work will please call and examine for themselves. Price \$1.

August \$1,1884.

ONLY a few copies left of "The Sepulchres of on Departed, by Rev. F. R. Anspach, A. M."

Those in want of his valuable work will please call and examine for themselves. Price \$1.

August \$1,1884.

ONLY a few copies left of "The Sepulchres of on Chief, Justice Thehman, and containing interesting matter:

The viring is gesultonised ("93) kentucky resolutions of "93 km. Madison's report; Mr. Cathoun's address of his valuable work will please call and carmine for themselves. Price \$1.

August \$1,1884.

ONLY a few copies left of "The Sepulchres of on Chief, Justice Thehman, and containing interesting matter:

The viring is gesultonised ("93) kentucky resolutions of "93 km. Madison's report; Mr. Cathoun's letter of Mr. Cathoun's address of his variety of the following interesting matter:

The viring and the price of the following collection of "94 km. A street of Delaware, Missach

GREAT BARGAINS IN READY MADE CLOTHING! -500 Linen, Gingham and Sheer-sucker Coats, from 75 cents to \$1. Also a very large new stock of Cashmerett, Cloth, Tweed, Alpaca and linen Duck Coats; also Pauls. Vests, Shirls. and everything cise, at greatly seduced prices. Callsoon. Algust 29. 1844C. POSF.

OSNABURGS, 7-3 do., and 4-4 Brown-Spirrting, just received by September 12. A. W. CRAMER. BACON HAMS AND LARD. The Rights of the States, for the Sake of the Union.

TUESDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 3, 1854. What will Southern Whigs do? In the present state of political excitement which exists in the country, connected as it is, with that most vital and all-absorbing question, which has so often shaken this Union to its centre, it becomes a matter of the utmost importance to every true Southern man, to inquire whether the success of the Democratic, or Whig party, will be most likely to produce results, favorable to the protection of these vital interests? Which of the two parties in the North, present the most favorable aspect to the interests and institutions of the South ?

That the Whig party, as a party, has become sectionalized and abolitionized, can now no longer be doubted or denied by any candid and impartial observer of the course of events, as developed in the resolutions of the recent conventions held by that party in the Northern States. And that the mass of the Democratic party, on the contrary, is as ever, firm and unwavering in support of the constitution and of State, freighted with the hopes of mansovereign rights of the States, as exhibited in the principle of the Nebraska Bill, and consequently most favorable to the interests of the South is a proposition, equally as true and undeniable.

That the Whig party, as a party, is abolitionized. has indeed been admitted by many of the leading Southern Whig papers, whose candor constrained them to confess that which they could no longer conceal, and which was so evidently apparent to all,-Even the Richmond Whig now no longer "flounders in a sea of uncertainty, and wanders in the misty realms of the future," but seems to feel and indirectly acknowledges that the Whig party is abolitionized, when it declares in answer to the above question. forced upon it by the Enquirer, that the Whigs of the South " will refuse any connection or association with any party, not known to be right side up upon the vital question of Southern rights. All party ties they will sacrifice-all hope of preferment they will cheerfully surrender-office and emoluments they will despise, when these or any of them come in conflict with the duty they owe to the South, themselves and to their country." While the Alexandria listed in an apparently plausible, but we think Gazette, and unequivocally, candidly admits that "the sectional course; usued by the opposition to the present Administration in Massachusetts and New York, as developed by the resolutions passed at the recent Conventions in those States, has relieved the Whigs of the South, and the National Whigs in all quarters of the Union, from any sympathy with the cause, or the candidates of a political party who manifestly make their anti-slavery doctrines the main, if not the only motives for their organization and action. Henceforth, the Whigs of the South will look only to the principles of such Northern men as are brought before the public, in the states above named; and not to the party or faction which may place them before the people. These Northern politicians, must hereafter, fight on their own book. They cannot expect assistance from those to whose interests they are hostile and whose rights they would invade." The Columbus (Ga.,) Times and Sentinel still more boldly and emphatically comes right out and speaks to the point in the following words: "The whig party as a party is abolitionized, and it will be treato take, first, to form a sectional organization, second,

quirer. It the object of this movement is distinion, this is unquestionably the proper policy. But if the object is to remain in the Union and control the action of the government, then co-operation with the democracy is the only alternative. If we allow that the Southern Whigs can carry the whole South into a separate sectional organization, of which, however, there is no probability, they would still be in a minority and the government would be in Northe:n hands. The South must have allies at the North then, to enable her to protect herself from the aggressions of the abolitionists. We cannot do without them, if we would. But why should we turn ern Democrats who have s'ood by us in every tisne, and struck blow for blow, and received wound for wound with us in every buille with the abolitionists -The, have righty won our confidence. Why should opposite party, how can any san't Southern man, le his politics what they may, longer catertain the slightest doubt that the true policy of the South Hes fu the adoption of the great principles of the Demo--cratic party which in its almost universal sanction of the doctrine which forms the basis of the Netraska act-the great constitutional doctrine of State's Rights, of non-intervention, of the sovereignty of the people, presents the only safeguard for the protection o' their dearest institutions from the encroachments of Northern fanatical abolitionism? If any still doubt, let them examine, compare, and contrast for themselves, the course of the two great parties as shown in the resolutions of their Conventions and elsewhere throughout the whole North.

Then the question presents itself in all its force what will the Southern Whigs dog Will they for the sake of a mere name, from mere partisan motives adopt a course of policy suicidal to their own most vital interests-interests that are dearer to them than all on earth, beside, in which is involved the protection of all the glorious privileges conferred by the Constitution of their country, and blessings of civil liberties, the protection of the rights of private property, of personal liberty and of life itself-the absolute rights of man invested in him by the immutable laws of nature, and which it is the chief aim of society to protect and keep inviolate. Will they, with the Louisville Journal and others of the craft, sympathize with and attempt to smooth over that in famous resolution of the Syracuse Convention in which the Whigs of New York declared themselves Compromises with slavery \* \* \* and forever released from all obligations to admit into our Union any State which sanctions or permits slavery." Or will they adopt the more noble and manly course of the Richmond Whig, Alexandria Gazette and Columbus (Ga.) Times and Sentinel, and absolve themselves or candidates of a party who make Anti-slavery doctrines the chief motives for their organization and

Will they not go still farther, for in the language of the last of the above mentioned Journals, why should they turn their back upon their friends, who have struck blow for blow, and received wound for wound with them in every battle with the Abolitionists when there is so much at stake. Why not unite with the Democratic party, the only party left in the coun-

Communications. . The communications signed "A Lady," and "A Friend" were duly received. We hope the authors will excuse their non-appearance in our paper, as it is one of our rules to publish no communications, without the authors having first made known to us their real names, which of course, we shall feel bound not to divulge, if such be their desire. All erence to our rules will be seen, when published, are charged as advertisements. The latter of the above mentioned communications would fall under this class, as its author makes special reference to a certain correspondent, who spoke generally and we believe with no particular reference to any one, if however, "A Friend" should feel it due himself, and still desire to know the name of the correspondent to whom he alludes, we feel confident that he would not object to our making it known. The communicaand consequently not published. he personal nature also, is such that we shall be obliged to charge for its publication at advertising rates; should the author be willing to have it inserted upon those

Yellow Fever at New Orleans.
The ravages of the Yellow Fever in New Orleans the week before last, and the total is 530, of which no less than 340 deaths were from the epidemic, while the extraordinary number of 190 deaths were from other diseases. This, the papers inform us, is an increase of 46 over the aggregate mortality of the preceding week, which was 494. The deaths by rellow fever averaged over 48 daily. The total mortality to this matter again.

at Savannah for five weeks has been 681, of white at 60 a 67 cents, and at Savannah for five weeks has been 681, of white at 60 a 67 cents, and to this matter again.

439 were from yellow fever. In Charles the Wm. P. Faherry Esq., of the State Department, for important Public Documents.

Wm. P. Faherry Esq., of the State Department, for important Public Documents. fever averaged over 48 duily. The total mortality deaths from vellow lever range from fir-

next issue.

Secret Political Societies.

We live in strange times. These are the days of change. Changes in government, not scarcely with the hope of moddling for the better, but rather change merely for the sake of change. New theories are discovered; new ideas originated, new doctrines proclaimed The mind of man ever active, never satisfied. and often operated upon by unwholesome influences, seeks for new fields in which to wander, new aims to attain, and new aspirations to gratify; old things, from much use, loose all charm; old theories become obsolete; old doctrines grow stale, and old roads not desirable, from having been tried and proven.

This country possesses so much energy, so much quick, flashing vitality, that it is almost impossible for the conservative portion of the people to keep anything like a curb upon the wild spirit that would dash forth upon new and unknown paths, or launch the ship | to Wytheville, 135 miles from Lynchburg. kind, without a sheet-anchor or a sounding line, upon strange, turbulent waters, which the storm-Gods have lashed into fury. Seeing what they suppose to be a land of promise beyond, they think not of the shoals, the hidden rocks, the rapids, or the falls which intervene, but blind to everything save the goal they aim at, they would rush fearlessly on to a terrible and an inevitable des-

It is not our intention to make war against men. We do not think that we have any enemies. Neither do we desire to make any But a sense of duty as public journalists, and a conscientious conviction, that we would be unworthy of the confidence we expect to merit. compel us to use our exertion to stem the tide of popular feeling which has been endangerous cause. The public mind is just as liable to become distorted and crazed as is that of one man.

We have no objection to the formation of Secret Societies, when, they avow the object for which they are formed to be benevolent and charitable, and not political or revolutionary .-There cannot exist any secret society unless it has one of the two objects in view. The Secret Society called "Know-Nothing" is rapidly extending itself through every portion of the country. It exists on the eastern shores of Maine. and on the Western strands of California, on the frozen regions of northern Michigan and on the southern extremity of Florida. We hear of it everywhere. It triumphs in elections and vet no person is able to detect it in its silent, successful workings. We are free to confess that so far son to their section for Southern Whigs longer to as the principles which actuate this party are affiliate with it. There are but two courses for them | concerned, we have no definite knowledge .--Neither have we a desire to know, nor do we consider it material for our present purpose that we should know. It is enough for us to know that it is a "secret political society," and this, we rest assured no person will dare to gainsay. The fact that it has lately in our chief cities placed in nomination for public trust, men who have avowed to be one of its number is sufficient evidence to prove it a "secret political society,"and as such we will now speak

We think that if there is one thing more

dangerous to the stability of the Union, and our back upon our friends? There are many North- the perpetuation of the liberties we enjoy, than an other, it is countenancing secret political societies. Know-Nothinglam may or it may not be injurious to the country. Even not the whole Satuh go into the next Democratic | if it should prove a benefit it is no plausible Convention?" With such testimony coming from the excuse for its existence. The fact that it is a sceret politi al society is sufficient reason to call for its complete extinction. If one secret political society exists whose aim is the preservation of the country, why not may one exist whose object will be its destruction .-If secret political societies exist they must do so indiscriminately, and all history proves that the effects which have flowed from them have almost always resulted injuriously to the country in which they were. The Jacobins colored the streets of Paris, and the Jesuits have moistened the earth of Spain with the blood of her people. We do not pretend to say that "Know-Nothingism" seeks to attain power wading through an ocean of blood, but we do say that the precedent set by the people of America in countenancing and fostering this political society, may be used as the cloak to cover the deformity of a society whose aims may not be as pure as the present "Southern portion" of the Know-Nothings. We say "Southern portion," because we believe that they are actuated by different motives than those of the North. They are sincere in what they do. They have formed their opinions (erroneous ones in our judg-"forever discharged from all obligations to support any ment) by impulse, and that same impulse will again bring them back to those wholesome views which it was ever their pride to cherish. This society is calculated to lead the best and truest of men into error. It claims to be most devoted to the interests of from all connection with and sympathy for the cause | the country, and it wraps itself in the garments of supposed wrongs. It appeals to the patriotism and the virtuous love that fills the breast of every American, while in reality we fear it is but a cunningly devised scheme to lure the unwary into the support of principles, which the fathers of our confederacy in their wisdom deemed unrighteous and unjust. But the South should look upon this society

try which truly represents their own dearest inter- in another phaze. It originated in the North, and it is strongest there. It appears to be allied with all the isms that northern minds have ever been able to conceive, or northern ingenuity invent. Certainly if this party proves successful in national elections, the South can have nothing to hope for. Its success will will be owing to its numerical strength in the north, and what promise have you, but that communications of a personal character, as by a ref- the same party that demands the alteration of one portion of the Constitution, may not also demand the repeal of laws still more obnoxious to them as Northern men, but which are as dear to the South as the Constitution itself. and upon the maintenance of which in their present force depends our salvation, prosperity and happiness. Southern men cannot act too cautiously, cannot manifest too much anxious tion "A Democrat of '54," was placed in the drawer solicitude for their own preservation, cannot by our predecessor without the name of its author, look with too much suspicion upon every movement which could possibly tend to give the North the power to do them wrong. The recent elections in the North prove beyond cavil conditions, he will please inform us in time for our that there has been a coalition between Know-Nothings and all the other elements of phrenzied finaticism that abound them. We canot hope that there will be any charge for are shocking. The report of the mortality during thefuture, in the action of this northern Know-Nothing party, and we sincerely hope that Southern Whigs and Democrats, who have become members of this society, will see the error they may eventually be lead into, and the too when it will be too late to retrace a nogle step they have taken. We may refer to this matter again.

important Public Documents,

Virginia and Tennessee Railroad. A communication over the signature of "Charles F. M. Garnett, Chief Engineer," appears in the last Lynchburg Republican, which contains some very interesting information about the great South-western Railroad. We learn from this document that the entire debt of the Company, when the road shall have been completed, will be 1st \$1,000,000 to the State, payable in thirty years with interest, payable semi-annually. Second, \$500,000 to individuals .-These two classes of debts are secured by a first mortgage on all the property and revenue of the Company. Third, \$500,000 of bonds secured by a second mortgage-making altogather a total indebtedness of \$2,000,000. Mr. Garnett states that the whole cost of the road, 204 miles in length, will be \$5,000,000, or say \$25,000 per mile, when completed and equipped with a large supply of cars and locomotives .-One hundred and six miles of it are now opened, being an addition of 33 miles since the 1st of January. The receipts for July amounted to \$15,000, and he estimates those for August and September at \$20,000 per month or more. By the 1st of October, or within a few days thereafter, the road will be extended

Post Office Revenue. The revenue received by the General Post Office Department for the fiscal year ending 30th June, was

from letter postage \$4,478,227; newspaper do. \$611,-333. Total \$5.084,560. Last year the amounts were, for letters \$4,226,792, and for newspapers \$789,246. Total \$5,016,138. As compared with last year, there is this year an increase in the total amount, of \$68,522. The excess from letters this year over last year is \$246,435; while the decrease in the amount received from newspapers, is \$177,-

Church Dedication.

Oz Sunday morning last, the new church, recenty erected by the Baptist denomination, at Waterford in Londoun county, was dedicated to the service of the Most High, in the presence of an immense congregation. The dedicatory sermon was preached by Rev. Dr. Coles, of Alexandria. The church is a very neat, comfortable building, and reflects credit upon the congregation through whose liberality it was

The two Buchanans and Grant, who were inlicated by the grand jury at Chicago, for kidnapping an alleged slave, have been discharged by the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Illinois, on habeas corpus. The Chicago Journal says that the Chief Justice decides that the prisoners have been unlawfully detained, that the power of attorney given by the owner of the slave was sufficient to arrest him without the assistance of the officers of the law, and that they had a perfect right to use whatever weapons they found it necessary to employ, in securing that

Agricultural Fairs. The Fair for Washington county will commence in Abingdon on the 4th of October.

A fair for Wythe county is to be held on the 11th The Fair of the Valley Agricultural Society, takes place at Charlestown, Va., on the 19th and 20th of

The Union Agricultural Fair at Petersburg, will begin on the 24th of October. The State Fair, at Richmond, will begin on the

Alexandria, Loudoun and Hampshire

Railroad. The Board of Directors of the Alexandria, Loudoun and Hampshire Railroad Company, at their meeting on the 26th inst., Resolved, That so soon as the Engineer's estimate of cost and specification should be reported, (which will be done by the 14th of October,) they will proceed forthwith to contract for the grading, masonry and bridging, which may be necessary upon the forty miles of their road between Alexandria and Clarke's Gap, in Loudoun

Masonic Honers.

The masonic fraternity at Richmond have made arrangements to pay special funeral honors to the late Edmund P. Hunter, who at the time of his death was Grand Master of the State. The ceremonies will take place on 4th of November next, and will be quite imposing. The Grand Lodge, Chapter and Grand Encampment will meet at Richmond, and Masons are expected to be present from all parts of the State. A. Judson Crane has been invited to deliver a culogy of the deceased, and has consented to

The Mode of Useing Guano. The following valuable suggestions by BENJAMIN HALLOWELL, of Alexandria, on the use of guano, are

taken from the Virginia Sentinel: " In rep.y to thy inquiry respecting the propriety of mixing ashes with guano previous to sowing, may state, that it is entirely opposed to chemical principles to mix live-ashes, or quick-lime, with any animal manure. Ammonia, the chief valuable characteristic ingredient of animal manures, is usually found in these measures in combination with some organic acids, and these acids, owing to the generaly strong affiinity, unite with potash and lime when when they are present, and liberate the ammonia, thus rendering the manure of much less value. "But this is not the only injury. The liberated ammionia unites with the acids in the soil, as the hu mic, erenic, and apo-crenic acids, which are almost insoluble, and forms compounds, readily dis-solved and washed from the soil by rains, greatly depriving it of those constituents upon which its ertility chiefly depends.

"It is the deteriorating effect arising from the escape of the ammonia, and the soluble compounds it forms with the organic acids in the soil, that indicate the propriety of mixing plaster with guano to 'fix" the ammonia, previous to sowing it on the land. The first crop may be none the better thereby, and, in some rare instances, possibly not quite so good; but the land will always be in a state more favorable to the growth of subsequent crops. "I will take this occasion to repeat, that I regard the discovery of guano, and its introduction into our country, as a great blessing, by increasing the fertility of our soils, and affording the means of improving many lands, otherwise in a state of hopeless terility. But we must not depend upon the use of this, as the settled policy of farming to the neglect of of our home manures. It is opposed to every principle of political economy, to send as far as half the circuit of our globe for guano, and neglect equally, or even more valuable manures, on our very premises, and in our neighboring cities. What an amount of money, now sent abroad for guano, might be retained in the country, and the farmers be quite as well supplied with fertilizing materials, were only a proper system adopted, which is entirely practicae, of returning the waste animal and vegetable matter to the soil; and how great a benefactor will he be, who succeeds in adequately awakening pub-

lic attention to the subject." Fire! Fire!! On Wednesday night, about half past 8 o'clock, a fire broke ont in the stable of Philip Young, on Baker street, which completely destroyed it in a short time. The wind coming from the northwest, com-municated sparks to the old Lutheran Church, and it

also, was soon a heap of mouldering ruins. Mr. Young lost a horse, six fine hogs and his winter pro-vender in the flames. There is no doubt that the incendiary's torch caused the fire. The old Lutheran Church was among the most ancient edifices in this section of the country, having been erected in 1764. The position occupied by it was a very commanding one, and the light occasioned by its conflagration was visible many miles distant. Feeling regrets were expressed by those who witnessed its destruction. Everything being so dry and combustible, and so far removed from fire-plugs, the fireman's efforts were not as successful as they desired; but too much praise cannot be given them for their prompt arrival upon the spot and endeav-

its to save the property. - Winchester Republican. 63-We have been requested to state that a meeting of the members of the Valley Agricultural Society will take place on Monday next (9th inst.) at Sappington's Hotel, at 12 o'clock, M., to take into consideration the propriety of postponing its annual exhibition till the next year, on account of the bad condition of stock consequent upon the recent drought in the Valley.

Conn.-It is stated in the West Chester (Pa.) Record that corn which has brought a high price along the Schuylkill, during the summer, is now selling at a dollar per bushel. The Pottstown Ledger says: "The price of corn in our borough has now reached a point beyond the recollection of the oldest in-habitants. It is retailing at \$1,06 her bushel. One of our dealers waiting upon and old farmer, who had some 700 bushels stowed away in his cribs, to purch ase some, but nothing less than \$1 per bushel would permit any of it to be taken therefrom."

BALTIMORE MARKETS-SATURDAY: FLOUR AND MEAL.—The Flour market remains quie and somewhat unsettled. Sales on early 'change of 600 bbls Howard street brands at \$7,25 per bbl—and on late change 100 bbls do. at the same price. The supply of Flour continues very light, and there is not much disposition to purchase except for immediate use. Rye Flour \$7, and Corn Meal 4,37 a \$4,50 per

Wheat—About 4,000 bushels offered sales of good to prime, red at 1,35 a \$1,45; fair to prime white, 1,40 a \$1,55; choice do. \$1,60 per bushel. Corn—About 9,000 bushels offered; sales of white at 65 a 67 cents, Checker's Pope, April 26, 1865.

BY YESTERDAY'S MAIL.

[Correspondence of the Spirit of Jefferson.] BALTIMORE, OCT. 1st, 1854. DEAR SPIRIT :- For the first time I make my bow o your numerous readers with the hope that our acquaintance may be mutually agreeable. My object is to post you regarding things transpiring in our city, which in all cases shall be reliable,

Our great Agricultural Fair commences next Tues day, Oct. 3d. Let all who can leave home for a day or two be present, as it promises to be the greatest of of its kind, All our Railroads and Steamboats came in filled with Cattle of the most wonderous size and of the finest breeds, a description of which would fill your columns without adding anything to the knowledge of your raders, they must be seen and examined which will amply repay for the time and expense expended. There are also great quan-tities of Machinery and Implements, all suited to the husbandman, the sight of which would expand any

At no time since Baltimore has been a city, have we had such a number of amusements in full blast as at the present time. Three Theatres crowded nightly. The Mechanic's Fair has at least its four thousand every night. Then comes the Circuses and the exhibitions of the "Fat Woman," and the "smallest woman in the world," and such like humbugs without number to gull the unwary out of their "quarters." My advice is to beware of all such shows. Paper is getting so scarce and commands such high prices that publishers all over the country are

put to their trumps to procure their supplies. Three Cincinnati papers have augmented the price from six to ten cents per week; two New York journals; the Sun and Tribune have been curtailed fully onethird and others talk of following in their wake. Its the great trouble now, for what will we do if depr ved of our papers. Politics is getting on the carpet and from present

appearances we are to have some fun before the season is over. Each party having selected its candidate from the opposition, we shall be delightfully mixed up by the time we get through, one not knowing to which party he belongs. The largest Hotel in the city opened on Saturday night, under the title of the "Maltby House." The flourish of tumblers ect., at the inauguration was one of the events of the day, everything was in the great est profusion, which speaks well for the liberality of the proprietor, Mr. Henry M. Smith. The "Maltby House" is on Pratt st., opposite the old Depot. I solicit for it the patronage of all Virginia, as "Maltby" the owner hails from the Old Dominion. C.

Ten persons, A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I, K, pur chase the hay to be produced upon a certain meadow for \$200. The first constitutes a certain sum, the second 75 cents more than the first, the third 75 cents more the second, and so on the last; the form of the meadow is that of a right-angled triangle, the hypothenuse, and the other two sides 30 and 49 chains. They agreed to have the meadow divided into shares, by lines perpendicular to the hypothenuse or longest side, which should be proportional to the sums contributed. The share of the first to be adjacent to the less accute angle, that of the second adjacent to that of the first, &c. How must the hypothenuse be di-

Solution next week. SOLUTION TO PROBLEM OF LAST WEEK.

FOR THE SPIRIT OF JEFFERSON. From the question it is evident that the breadth is to the length as 80 to 56, or as 5 to 6, and to the depth as 120 to 96 or as 5 to 4. Now the product of 4 and 5 is 20, which is similar to the product 80 in the question; and each of the proportional numbers 4, 5, 6 will be the corresponding numbers required, as the root of 20 to the root of 80. Wherefore

as (V20: V80 :: V1 : V4 ::)  $1:2::\begin{cases} 4:8 = \text{ the depth.} \\ 5:10 = \text{ "breadth.} \\ 6:12 = \text{ "length.} \end{cases}$ Hence the content is 5X10X12 = 960 inches,— And by using Ward's tables, 960X10,359273= =9344.90203 oz. at \$ per oz := \$170003.23.644 ans.

ALGIBRAICALLY. Let X, Y and Z represent the length, breadth and depth of the piece; then, by the question, X Z=36, Y Z=50, and X Y=120. The product of these equations is X Y Z=921600, the square root of which is XYZ=960. Divide this equation by each of the given ones and we have X12, Y=10, and Z=3, as before. The balance of the operation is the same as in the

ANSWER TO PROBLEM OF LAST WEEK. I FOR THE SPIRIT OF JEFFERSON.] 96X50X120=921600=the product of the squares of the dimensions of the Parallelossipedon; the root of which is 950 = the product of the dimension; and 960 -:-80, 960-:-96, 900-:-120=12, 10, 8=dimensions.-Assuming 19 oz. the weight of a cubit inch, then 960 X19=15240=weight and 13240X18=325320 the value. October 3, 1854. A PUPIL IN No. 16.

Gire Markets.

BALTIMORE MARKET.

[CORRESPONDENCE OF THE SPIRIT OF JEFFERSON.] BALTIMORE, Sept mber 29, 1854. CATTLE.—The offerings at the Scales on Monday were about 1,200 head of Beet Cattle, of the quantity offered 360 head were driven to Philadelphia, 40 were left over unsold, and the balance (800 head) were sold to city butchers at prices ranging from \$2 50 to \$4 25 on the hoof, equal to \$5 00 a \$8 25 Live Hogs.—Sales at \$5 50a \$6 75 per 100 lbs.

COFFEE.—The sales of the week comprise 2,500 ags Rio at 10 at 11 c. FLOUR.—Sales to-day of 450 bbls. Howard Street Flour at \$7.12, and of 750 bbls. at \$7.25, the mar-

CORN MEAL.—Baltimore ground \$4 50 per bbl.
The following are the inspections of Flour for the week ending September 28th: 17,145 bbls, and 119 half bbls. Together with 127 bbls. Rye Flour and 25 hhds. nd 247 bbls. Corn Meal. WHEAT.—A parcel of good new white sold at 135 at 150 cts., and prime new red at 130at 30 cents. CORN .- We quote at 74a75 cts for yellow, and 72a CLOVERSEED .- We quote sales at \$7.00a \$7.061

er bushel, for fair to prime parcels.

LARD.—We quote bbls at 11 cts.

WOOL.—Fine fleece 30a40 cts; tubwashed 24a27 ets; pulled 20a23 cts; and unwashed 15a17 cts.

WHISKEY.—We note sales of barrels through the

week at 1141170. We quote mids. at 400.	SEE ST	321
ALEXANDRIA MARKET		
FOR THE WEEK ENDING SEPTEMBE	R 29	. 1854
FAMILY FLOUR, per bbl	50 a	11 0
SUPERFINE FLOUR, per bbl 8	25 a	8 5
WHEAT, (red) per bushel1	10 a	14
Do. (white) do1	15 a	1 5
RYE, per bushel0 8	35 a	0 9
CORN, (white)0	75 a	0 7
Do. (yellow)0 8	30 a	0 8
OATS, per bushel0 4	18 a	0 5
CORN MEAL 1 (	00 a	0.0
BUTTER, (roll) 0 1	S a	0 2
Do. (firkin)0 1	16 a	0 1
BACON, (hog round)0	I a	0 0
LARD	19 a	0 9
CLOVERSEED7 9	25 a	7.5
TIMOTHY SEED4	25 a	4 5
PLAISTER, (retail)4 5	i0 a	0 0
GEORGETOWN MARKE	r	55

FOR THE WEEK ENDING SEPTEMBER 29, 1854. WINCHESTER MARKET.

CORRECTED WEEKLY BY SAML. HARTLEY, AT THE DEPOT. WAGON PRICE. STORE PRICE. BACON, new, per lb.....07 a 071 BEESWAX .....25 a 00 CLOVERSEED ......00 0 a 00 0 FLAXSEED, per bushel...95 a 1 00 FLOUR, per barrel ... 6 50 a 6 65
GRAIN—WHEAT ... 1 50 a 1 60
OATS ... ... 45 a 50
CORN ... ... 87 a 90
Rye ... ... 75 a 00 LARD, per lb............08 a 08½ 09 a 10 PLAISTER, per ton.....000 a 0 00 7 00 a 0 00

Remaining in the Postoffice at Harpers-Ferry, October 1st, 1854.

Miss Catharine Brown, John Brooks, J. Baker, Charles H. Brown, Lewis Burrl, Lewis Cauffman, Philip Caton, Hugh Crawford. John Deck, 2, Harriet Dorsey, Moses Dillow. Armstead Everhart, 3, J. Flynn, Remus Foreman, Jno. Fenwick. Thos. Hamilton, Ruth Hamilton, Jno. Hermer, M. Haeden. Philip A. Johnson, 3, Mary J. Jenkins, Bernard Johnson. Edwd. Lee, 2. John Mix, Mrs. Mary E. Melvin, 2, Catharine Murry, J. H. Middleton. Mrs. Owens, (colored,) Mrs. Louisa Potts, Benj. Plummer, Mrs. Elizabeth Patson. Miss A. M. Rhodes. Lewis Smith, Wm. A. Senton, Isaac H. Strider, Jacob Smith. Michael H. Umbaugh. Lewis Whitman, Wm. D. Winters, Elizabeth Webb, J. D. Wigginton, Jn. Winkfield, Wm. C. Wayne.

T. A. HERRINGTON, P. M. October 3, 1854. October 1st, 1854.

Remaining in the Postoffice, at Charlestown, September 30th, 1854. September 30th, 1854.

Catharine Brown, Joseph E. Bell, Charles F. Barringer. David Cupp, E. F. Chambers, R. C. Davisson, James Daley. Miss Elizabeth Eahles. Robert Fletcher, Michael Foley. Nancy Gaspen. Charles B. Harding, Miss Rebecca Haller. Andreas Kafferes. William Lock, Jane Lowry, Dangerfield Lloyd, Charles F. Levy. James C. McFarland, Mrs. Sarah McGowen, Philip McCormack, John A. Myers. Miss Nancy Ross, Benjamin Shoemakor, William Stolle, C. H. Stevens, Samuel Strider, Alfred R. Smith, Miss Lucy Smith, Amos Shepherd, Mrs. Martha Sloan. Mrs. Catharine Taylor. Charles Wallis, Doctor Wager, Mrs. Margaretta White.

Oct. 5, 1854.

JOHN P. BROWN, P. M.

10 BBLS. HERRINGS. Also, MACKEREL and SHAD, for sale by Sept. 25, 1854. H. L. EBY & SON.

QUILTS.—Having received a pretty good stock of MARSAILLES QUILTS, being large, measuring 12-4 by 11-4, these goods can be bought almost without a profit; also, Crib Quilts for sale by Crib Quilts for sale by JOHN D. LINE. BACON.—Hams, Sides and Shoulders, for sale by Sept. 26. H. L. EBY & SON.

Marriages. In Leesburg, on the 24th ultimo, by Rev. SAMUEL SOUTH, Mr. WILLIAM H. ADAMS and Miss JU-GOVER, Mr. WILLIAM H. LIET SLACK—all of Loud

On Tuesday evening, 19th ultimo, near Aldie, by Rev. Jno. S. Martin, Mr. JOHN H. FERGURSON and Miss ANN V. SMITH—all of Loudoun.

Deaths. On the 20th ult., at Davidsonville, Ann Arun'el county, Md., after a brief illness, Mr. MARCELLUS GALLAHER, of Georgetown, D. C., youngest son of John S. GALLAHER, esq., aged 23 years and 3 months, leaving a devoted wife and child, and numerous relatives and friends to mourn his early death.

Though the health of the deceased had evidently been impaired for some months past by incessant application to business during the extreme hot weather, yet his natural buoyancy and cheerfulness banished all apprehensions of a serious result. His death sickness was of but little more than a week's duration.—It was not the privilege of his fond mother to be near her "darling boy" in his last moments, but she has the consolation to know that he received every attention which affection could bestow, and died the death the consolation to know that he received every attention which affection could bestow, and died the death of a Christian Hero-rational, self-possessed, and full of hope. His friends can resignedly say"Go to the grave in all thy glorious prime,
In full activity of zeal and power;
A Christian cannot die before his time,
The Lord's appointment is the servant's hour."

On Friday, 25th ult., in this place, BETTIE EL-MORE BARRETT, daughter of CHARLES and E. A.
BARRETT, aged 11 months and 3 weeks:
Farewell, dear Bettie, thou hast left us,
Never to meet on earth again;
But 'tis the Lord that hath bereft us,
And eased thy little breast from pain.

At his residence, in Loudoun county, on Sanday 24th ultimo, after a brief illness, Mr. ISAAC H. HAWLING, in the 63th year of his age. In Leesburg, on Friday morning w ek, Mrs. SARAH V. CASEY, wife of Mr. WM. V. CASEY, in the 31st year of her age.

At Greenway, near Leesburg, on the 31st of Au-LOUISA F. MINOR, aged 2 years and 7 months. At the residence of her father, near Jefferson, Frederick county, Maryland, on the 21st ultimo, SARAH A. LYNCH, eldest surviving daughter of WILLIAM LYNCH, Esq.

Near Lovettsville, in Loudoun county, on Friday morning, 22d ultimo, of dysentery, LAURA JANE, daughter of Mr. Peter Stonesunner, aged 2 years In the German Settlement, at the residence of Mr.

ISAAC S. HOUGH, On Sunday evening, 24th ultimo, of Typhoid Fever, Miss MARY E. WENNER, daugh-ter of the late JONATHAN WENNER, aged — years. Near Morrissonville, in Loudoun county, on Friday afternoon, 15th ultimo, of Bilious Dysentery, SOPHIA ELIZABETH, aged 11 years and 5 months, and Saturday morning, the 16th ultimo, just at the conclusion of the funeral sermon of the above deceas ed, GEORGE HENRY CLAY, aged 1 year, 2 months and 28 days, children of ARCHIBALD MORRISON. In the vicinity of Hoysville, in Loudoun county, on Saturday night, 16th ultimo, of Bilious Dysentery Mr. WM. COMPHER, aged 42 years, 7 months and 16 days, and on Sunday morning, of Bilious Dysentery, SAMUEL COMPHER, aged 2 years and 20 days; thus the father and son have gone down to sleep in the same grave. On Wednesday morning, the 20th, of Bilious Dysentery, Mrs. MARY COM-PHER, wife of the above deceased, aged 40 years and

Near Aberdeen, Ohio, on the 29th June, after a long and protracted illness, Mrs. SARAH HIETT, the es-teemed consort of John Hiett, formerly of Jefferson county, and sister of JOHN LOCK, of Clarke, in the Near Greensburg, Decatur county, Indiana, on

the 13th ult. Mrs. COURTNEY KERCHEVAL, consort of the late JOHN KERCHEVAL, of this county, aged 61 years, 5 months and 12 days. OBITUARY. "\_\_\_\_\_like the dew-drop,
She sparkled—was exhaled—and went to Heav'n." Died, on Sunday night, the 24th ultimo, at the Her-

mitage, in this county, Miss ANN ELIZA, eldest daughter of Rossa Curw, Esq., in the 13th year of The gentle and amiable traits of character, which had so beautifully adorned her brief career in life, and had won for her the warm esteem of many admiring To her deeply afflicted relatives, there is, in the midst of their bereavement, a consolation in the as-

surance, that so pure, gentle and affectionate a spirit as her's, can find its genial abiding place, only in the "bosom of her Father and her God."

Special Potices.

63-To a Generous Public.--The Ladies of the Elk Branch Church design holding a FAIR, commencing on the 25th of October and continuing The proceeds of the Fair are to be appropriated to the repairing of the Church, and the balance in making some necessary improvements to the Parsonage, in order to add to the comfort of our worthy and escemed pastor and his family.

In appealing to a generous and prosperous public, in this laudable and noble undertaking of our spirited and persevering Ladies, we think it only necessa ry to say that no efforts will be spared on their par in catering for the benefit of the public and providing for the epicureans who may honor us with their presence-therefore, we cordially invite all to come to our assistance. Dinner furnished at 50 cents-Supper 25 cents. October 3, 1854.

73-The Librarian of the Sunday School attached to the Episcopal Church, states to us that 75 volumes are missing from the Library, many of these books are probably in the possession of chi dren who attended one Sunday or more and are no longer members of the School. We earnestly hope that all parents and others, having children under their care, will bunt up any of these missing volumes which may be about their households, and send them to the office of Lawson Borrs, in Charlestown -in these Books are not found a valuable library, for the children of our town and its neighborhood, will be much injured. [Sept. 26, 1854.

RULES AND REGULATIONS. To take effect on and after the 1st of May, 1854 For marriage announcements, no charge will be Obituary notices not exceeding six lines will b inserted gratis. The excess above that number of lines will be charged according to the advertising rates. Tributes of respect will be charged at adver tising rates. All communications designed to promote the per

sonal interests of individuals, or that do not possess general interest, will be charged for at the usual ad-Those of an offensive personal character will not be inserted. All advertisements forwarded by Newspaper agents will be charged at the usual advertising rates; and must be accompanied by the cash or its equivalent, deduct-ing the commission. Patent medicines shall be charged for at the usual rates of yearly advertisements, and "bishop notices" double the advertising rates. Extracts from other papers referring to such advertisements will be subject to the regular advertising rates.

Candidates' at nouncements for offices of emolument will be charged at advertising rates.

The above rates are not to vitiate any existing AT-The Whole Animal Creation are sub ect to disease. But few die from sickness where in stincts is THEIR ONLY PHYSICIAN. The beneficent cr ator has given the various plants and roots for the cure of disease, and it is upon this great truth that Dr. Hampton bases the many wonderful tures of his cele-brated TINCTURE

Truth is mighty. We appeal to our own citizens. Wherever fairly tried the same success attends its use in Chills and Fevers, Diseases of the Liver, Stomach As a CHOLERA preventative, it has been truly Cough, Dyspepsia, Rheumatism, &c., yield to its gentle sway. As a Female medicine and for Delicate Children, we believe it has no equal.

A CITIZEN OF THE OLD DOMINION THUS Scottsville, Albemarle co., Va., ?

March 27th, 1853. March 27th, 1853. {
Messrs. Mortimer and Mowbray—Gentlemen:—I
have been afflicted for the past eight years with Dyspepsia, Rheumatism and Liver complaint, suffering
all the while with pains in the shoulders, hips, back
and sides—shifting from one side to the other—palpitation of the heart, loss of appetite, cold sweats at
night, excessive costiveness, and great debility and
weakness. I tried many remedies, which done me no good, but rather grew worse. Last full I was advised to try "HAMPTON'S VEGETABLE TINCTURE," and I am happy to say it cured me. I am now free from all pain, and in the enjoyment of perfect health, and take great pleasure in recommending the Tincture to all afflicted as I have bee Yours,
Yours,
JAS. M. NOLE.
Call and get Pamphlets and see cures of Coughs,
Bronchitis, Rheumatism, Liver Complaint, Scrofula.
As a female medicine it is unrivaled. Sold by
L. M. SMITH, Charlestown.

Dr. MOTT, Leesburg. ALLEMONG & SON, Newtown And by Dealers everywhere. OF Consumption is, without doubt, the annually carrying thousands to untimely graves
How often could the ravages of this arch destroyer be prevented, if timely remedies were used in allaying the inflammation produced by an ordinary cold.—
For Coughs, Colds, Sore Throats, and all similar discases, STABLER'S ANODYNE CHERRY EXPECTOR ANT backets. TORANT has no equal. It is not recommended as infallible, but medical men and others, who have used and administered it, bear testimony to its extraordinary efficacy. It is known to be a "good medicine," and as such is offered to the public, as also STA-BLER'S DIARRHEA CORDIAL, for discusses of the bowels. See advertisement in another column, and descriptive pamphlets, to be had gratis. Price of each, only 50 cents, or six bottles for \$2.50.

T. D. HAMMOND, Harpers-Ferry. L. P. HARTMAN, Winchester.

hereits of this purely vegetable extract for the merits of this purely vegetable extract for the removal and cure of physical prostration, genital debility nervous affections, &c. &c. are fully described in an other column of this paper, to which the reader is referred. \$2 per bottle, 3 bottles for \$5, 6 bottles for \$8; \$16 per dozen. — Observe the marks of the GENUINE. Prepared only by S. E. COHEN, No. 3 Franklin Row, Vine Street, below Eighth, Philadelphia, Pa., TO WHOM ALL ORDERS MUST BE ADDRESS-

February 7, 1854.

For Sale by all respectable Druggists & Merchants broughout the country.
PEEL & STEVENS, Alexandria, Va., wholesale gents for Virginia.

NOTICE.

NOT OWEET POTATOES, for sale by October 3: H. L. EBY & SON.

WILL be sold at Public Sale, at Claymont, the residence of the late Thos. B. Washington, on Wednesday, 11th day of October, all his valuable PERSONAL PROPERTY, sisting in part, as follows: Household and Kitchen Furniture,

Household and Kitchen Furniture,
I Good Coal Stove, suitable for a Hall;
I Air-tight do.; I Cooking do.;
I Fine toned Piano, bought last winter;
Fine Wines of different kinds;
A large number of green-house Plants, among which are Lemon and Orange Trees, that came from Mount Vernon;
I Head of Horses; I pair well broke Carriage Horses;
I Good Burgey Horses; 2 Good Buggy Horses; 1 very fine Stallion, suitable for draught;

1 very fine Stallion, suitable for draught;
30 Head of Cattle, among which are very fine Milch
Cows, crossed with the short-horned Durham; 2
Durham Bulls; 1 pair of Oxen;
80 Head of Hogs, most of them suitable for the pen;
80 head of Sheep, crossed with the Southdown and
Cotswold;
2 Fine large Bucks of the same breed;
4 Farm Wagons; 3 two-horse Wagons;
2 Horse Carts; 2 Ox Carts;
10 Set of Wagon and Plough Gears;
1 Two-horse Carriage; 1 Buggy, new;
4 Set of Blacksmith Tools, Carpenters Tools;
1 Threshing Machine;

1 Chreshing Machine;
A large quantity of old Castings;
C.der Mill; Straw and Fodder Cutting Boxes; 3 Wheat Fans; 1 Wheat Drill; Wheat Screen; 1 Wheat Reaper; 30 Tons of Clover Hay, well salted when put up; 2) Ploughs of different kinds; 4 Harrows; 1 Roller; Wagon Beds; 50 Barrels of old Corn; 60 acres of Corn cut off;

A Library of valuable standard works;
Also, a number of NEGROES to Hire for the halance of the year.
3000 bushels of WHEAT, and a large number of FARMING IMPLEMENTS too numerous to men-TERMS OF SALE .- Wheat is sold for cash-weighed

and delivered at the granery. All sums of \$10 and under, cash; over \$10, nine months credit will be given, the purchaser giving bond and approved se-curity. No property to be removed until the condi-tions of the sale are complied with, when it will be delivered by the crier and clerk.

REBECCA J. WASHINGTON.

RICHARD B. WASHINGTON. Administrators of Thos. B. Washington, dec'd.

October 3, 1 51. VALUABLE MILL PROPERTY FOR SALE.

I AM anxious to sell my MILL PROPERTY, consisting of a MERCHANT AND GRIST MILL OIL MILL SAW MILL and CARDING MACHINES, with three DWELLING HOUSES and LOTS.—
This property is on Elk Creek, in the town of Clarksburg, Harrison County, Virginia. and on the line of the North Western Virginia Rail Road, which is being constructed. The Mer-

chant Mill has just undergone a thorough repair at a cost of \$5000. There is an abundance of water power for all the machinery from the middle November to about the first of July; from July to November we run the Mill by steam, there be ing an ENGINE attached, at which season of the year, in addition to the ordinary custom work of he mill we have Grinding from Barbour, Lewis, Upshur and Doddrige counties, and now, while I am writing this advertisement, there are persons at the mil. from all of the above counties, waiting for their grain to be ground. There is in the mill wo run of BURRS, which are capable of manuactuing in twenty-four hours, ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY BARRELS OF FLOUR -There is also two run of COUNTRY STONES. making four pair of Stones. The Depot on the N. W. V. R. R. will not be more than 300 yards from the mill. This is perhaps the most valuable mill property of its size in the State, and if I were disposed to continue in the business I would not xchange it for any mill property in the State: but am, for private reasons, desirous to sell it. I will sell the above property for Tw-Ive Thousand Dollars, (\$12 000.) one third, (\$1,000) in hand; for

me as he may wish. I have also adjoining the Mills, FIFIY A. CRES of excellent LAND, twenty of which contains good COAL the vein being ten feet, and from which I obtain the coal we use for the engine -There is upon this land three DWELLING HOUSES. I will sell the land with the mills if the purchaser should want it, and will take for the whole property, Mills and Lard, Twenty The usand Dollars,-or, should the purchaser went a few acres f r pasturage and coal, I w ll ell him at a fair price any less quantity than the whole number of acres. Clarksburg has a population of 1500 or 2000 and Harrison county is the richest county, and has

CLARKSBURG, Harrison Co., Va., September 28, 1854-4t. IRON FOUNDRY.

Virginia

JOHN S. CARLILE.

PHE undersigned have leased the well known IRON FOUNDRY at Harpers-Ferry, in the County of J. fferson, Va., lately occupied and worked by Hugh Gill. ece. The facilities of the lessees of procuring the best stock, and at all times, affind a guarantee to their customers of prompt and workmanlike Castings. They have engaged the very best workmen and solicit the parmage of the public.

They are prepared to furnish all kinds of Casin: s, either from their own, or patterns supplied by their customers -and the prices as low as can be afforded any where in the neighborhood. F. BECKHAM & SON. Harpers-Ferry, September 28, 1851

American Artists' Union. THE American Artists' Union, would respect fully announce to the citizens of the Unit d States and the Canadas, that for the purpose of cultivating a taste for the fine arts throughout the country, and with the view of enabling every family to become possessed of a gallery of Engravings, by the first Artists of the age they have determined in order to create an extensive sale for their Engravings, and thus not only to give employment to a large number of artists and others, but inspire among our countrymen a taste for works of art. o present to the purchasers of their engravings, when 250 000 of them are sold, 250,000 Gifts, of the

ciual cost of \$150,000. Each porcharer of a One Dollar Engraving therefore, receives not only an Engraving richly worth the money, but also a ticket which entitles him to one of the Gifts when they are distributed. For Five Dollars, a highly finished Engraving. beautifully PAINTED in Oil, and FIVE GIFT TICKETS, will be sent; or Five Dollars worth of splendid Engravings can be selected from the A copy of the Catalogue, together with a speci

men of one of the Engravings, can be seen at the office of this paper. For each Dollar sent, an Engraving actually worth that sum, and a Gift Ticket, will immedi ately be forwarded AGENTS:

The Committee believing that the success of this Great National Undertaking will be materially promoted by the energy and enterprise of intelligent and persevering Agents; have res lived to treat such on the most liberal terms. Any person wishing to become an

sending (post-paid.) \$1, will receive by return mail, a One Dollar Engraving, a GIFT TICK-ET," a Prospectus, a Catalogue and all other necessary information
On the final completion of the sale, the Gifts will be placed in the hands of a Committee of the purchasers to be distributed, due notice of which will be given throughout the United States and the Canadas. LIST OF GIFTS:

100 Marble basts of Washington, at \$100. \$10 000 Clay, Webster, 10.000 Calhoun, 100. 10,000 50 elegant Oil Paintings in splendid gilt frames, size 3x4 ft. each. 100 elegant Oil Paintings, 2x3 fect 100. 10.000 500 steel plate Engravings, brilliantly coi'd in oil, rich gilt frames, 21x30 inches each, 10,000 elegantsteel plate Engravings,

col'd in oil, of the Washington Monument, 20x26 in. each, 237 000 steel plate Engravings, from 100 different plates now in possession of and owned by the Artists' Union, of the market value of, from 50 cts to \$1 00 each 1 first-class Dwellings, in 31st sts., 12,600 22 building lots in 100 and 101-1 sts. New York City, each 25x100 II. 1000. 22,000

deep, at 100 Villa Sires, containing each 10 -000 sq ft in the suburbs of New York City, and commanding a magnificent view of the Hudson River and Long Island Sound, 20 perpetual loans of cash without interest, or security, of \$250 each, 100

5 000 10 000 Reference in regard to the Real Estate, F. J. Visscher & Co , Real Estate Brokers, New York Orders, (post-paid,) with money enclosed, to be addressed, J W HOLBROOKE, Sec'ry.

505 Broadway, N. Y.
The Engravir gs in the catalogues are now eady for delivery.
September 28 1854-6m-220

NOTICE.

NOTICE.

THE FEMALE SCHOOL in my house will hereafter be under my control, as all efforts to procure the services of a gentleman to take the management of it has failed. Miss Tunnga, a lady of high qualifications, will be the Principal Instructor and will be assisted by my eldest daughter. The School is open to all persons who wish to enter their children, and every effort will be made to give satisfaction. Every thing be taught which is usual in a School of the first class. I will take a few Young Ladies in my house as hoarders until the 1st of April next. The terms will be made known by application to me, or in my absence by Miss Tunner.

R. S. BLACKBURN. October 3, 1854-3t R. S. BLACKBURN.

A JOURNEYMAN BLACKSMITH WANTED, October 3, 1851-3; CHARLES LANGBON.

AUCTION SALES.

son, rendered on the 26th day of May last, 1854, in the case of Franklin Geberne, trustes, vs. Solomon Heffl bower and others, the undersigned as commissioner therein appointed, will proceed to sell, at public auction to the highest bidder, ON THURSDAY, the 5th day of next month, (October, 1854,) on the premises, the large and valuable Bill K 1978, DWELLING HOUSE PROPERTY, at Kalling betown, with the lot of ground thereto attached, being the same recently erected by Solomon Hefflebower, and now occupied by A. Wilson. Possession to be given on the 8th day of said month.

As persons wishing to purchase will examine the property, a further description is deemed unnecessary.

Terms of Sale- One-fourth of the purchase money Terms of Sale- One-fourth of the purchase money in hand, and the residue in three equal payments, at six, twelve and eighteen months, with interest on the deferred payments from the day of the sale. The deferred payments to be secured by the londs of the purchaser, and a deed of trust on the premises, providing for the enforcement of the payment for all the deferred purchase money, if each instalment be not punctually paid.

Sale to take place about 13 o'clock, M.

FRANKLIN OSBORNE.

FRANKLIN OSBORNE, September 5, 1854. [FF] Special Commissione A VALUABLE TRACT OF LAND
FOR SALE:

I will sell at private sale, the FARM on which I re-I will sell at private sale, the FARM on which I reside, containing 140 ACRES, of which about 25 acres are in Timber. This land lies immediately on the Turnpike Road, leading from Shepherdstown to Smithfield, and within half a mile of Kerneysville and the Depot on the Baltimore and Chio Railroad, and is equal in sertility to any land in the neighborhood, and is now in good heart. There is a good substantial LOG DWELLING, and also a good TENANT HOUSE, a STABLE, a never-life failing Well, and other conveniences on the farm. Also, A YOUNG ORCHARD of choice fruit. The terms will be made known upon application to

The terms will be made known upon application to the subscriber in person, or by letter addressed to him at Kerneysville, Jellerson county, Virginia.

MICHAEL, ELUE.

September 5, 1954—if A VALUABLE TAVERN STAND The subscriber will offer at private sale the well-known "VIRGINIA HOTFL," situative ed in the delightful village of Romney, Virginia. This stem is in the best location for business, is the most comfortable, and the most valuable one in Romney. It will be sold, together with all the FURNITURE, on very accommodating terms. Any person desiring to purchase the above property, can call on the subscriber, in Sperryville, Virginia, or the editor of the Argus, and he will be shown the same, and learn the terms of sale.

N. B. It the above premises are not sold at private sale by MONDAY, THE 27TH OF NOVEMBER NEXT, then or that day the some will be sold at

public sale, without reserve. WM. A. SAMUEL. August 15, 1854-tds CEDAR LAWN FOR SALE. WILL be sold at private sale, the Farm known by the name of Cedar Lawn, formerly the residence of John T. A. Washington, dec'd., lying in Jefferson county, Va., about three miles S. W. of Charlestown, on the road leading from Berryville to Lectown, and about one mile South of the Harpers-Ferry and Smithfield turnpike, adjoining the farms of John R. Flagg, George Isler, Mrs. H. L. Alexander, Thos. B. Washington D. Schler, declaration of the State o ington, Dr. Scollay and others, containing about 265
ACRES, about 35 of which are in fine timber. The
improvements consist of a handsome three story Brick
Dwelling, forty feet square, with a two story Wing
40 feet by 20 feet attached; a Barn, Corn-house, Milkhouse, and Negro Cabins. Also, a large orchard of choice Apples, and a young Peach Orchard recently planted. The Lawn and premises renerally archighly improved by Shrubbery and a large variety of hand-some Ornamental and Fruit Trees. There is a Cis some Ornamental and Fruit Trees. There is a Cis-tern convenient, and a never failing well of pure. Limestone Water about 100 yards distant. The farm in shape is nearly square. The land is in a fine state of cultivation, and the soil of superior quality. It has every convenience to market, being in the immediate, vicinity of the Winchester and Harpers-Ferry Railthe residue, (\$8,000 ) the purchaser. by promptly road, and within 7 or 8 miles of the Balt Rail-road. The place is well known, and altogether is one of the most desirable tracts of its size in the Valpaying the interest every year, can have as long ley. Persons who contemplate purchasing, can be informed as to the terms of sale by consulting me in

person, or by letter addressed to me at Charlestown, Jeffeorsn county, Va. CEORGE WASHINGTON, For himself and in behalf of the other deviser. Dec'r 13, 1853-tf WANTED TO PURCHASE, By a resident of this county, a good plain Cook, Washer and Ironer. Also, one or two YOUNG SER-VANTS. For address apply to the EDITOR. May 2, 1854-tf

HAVING sold out the Office of the Spirit of Jeffer-son, solely for the purpose of closing up its old Lusiness, it is hoped every one who is in any wise indebted previous to the 1st of July last, will now come forward and pay what they know to be due. Many can save to us the expense and trouble of visiting their houses in person, by sending the small pittance a better soil, than any county in North Western by mail or other safe mode—but come it MUST, by some means.

J. W. BELLER:

> HAVE for sale two YOUNG DURHAM BULLS.
> Sept. 19, 1854. BRAXTON DAVENPORT. THE Board of School Commissioners of Jefferson County will meet at the Court House in Charlestown, on Friday the 27th day of September.

> September 19, 1854. TEACHER WANTED. A TEACHER in District No. 17 is wanted. Apply to JOHN MOLER. TO PERSONS OUT OF EMPLOYMENT. A CHANCE TO MAKE MONEY AND DO GOOD.

BOOK AGENTS WANTED.

The subscriber publishes a number of most valua The subscriber publishes a number of most valua-ble PICTORIAL BOOKS, very popular, and of such a moral and religious influence that while good men may safely engage in their circulation, they will con-fer a public benefit, and receive a fair compensation for their labor. (3-To men of enterprise and tact, this business offers an opportunity for profitable employment seldom to be met with.

(EJ-Persons wishing to engage in their sale will receive promptly by mail, a Circular containing full particulars, with "Directions to persons disposed to act as Agents," together with the terms on which they will be furnished, by addressing the subscriber, post-paid.

ROBERT SEARS, Publisher,

181 William street, New York. MIN PRESS, and ready for Agents by the lat of

er, 1854, "SEARS' ILLUSTRATED DESCRIP-TION OF THE RUSSIAN EMPIRE." For further particulars address as above. TO HARPERS-FERRY.

The Steam-Packet CONGRESS has commenced making regular trips on the Canal from Georgetown to Harpers-Ferry. She will leave Georgetown for Harpers-Ferry on Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays: And Harpers Ferry for Georgetown on Tucsdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays—starting from each place at 6 o'clock in the morning.

FARE, through, \$2; shorter distance in propor-tion. Care and good order will be observed, and every possible attention paid to the comfort and satis-MEALS served at regular hours on board of the Bont. BERNARD PURSEL. Georgetown, Sept. 19, 1854. Captain. LUMBER, LUMBER.

I AVING purchased the property known as Keyes'
Saw Mill, situated on the Shenandeah river, I rm
now prepared to furnish Bills for buildings, &c. Also, lot of SCANTLING, PLANK, PLASTERa large lot of SCANTLING, PLANK, PLASTER-ING LATHS, &c., always on hand at the lowest market price. Prompt attention will be given to all

orders entrusted to my care.
H. CLAY CROMWELL. September 19, 1854 .- 3t.\* MACHINE STAVES FOR SALE. 180,000 OAK STAVES cut by machine, 180,000 for sale. A sample can be seen at Mr. Thomas Dobson's Cooper shop, in Charlestown.

They will be delivered in Harpers-Ferry, or at any Railroad or Canal Depot, in Jefferson county, for \$1 per thousand. All orders can be addressed to SHEPPERD & YOUNG, Sept. 19, 1854-33 Camberland, Md.

AN Election of the Board of Directors of the Berry.
ville and Charlestown Turnpike Company will be
held at the Toll-House, near Rippon, on the Third
Saturday in October next. (the 21st.)
JOHN D. RICHARDSON. September 19, 1854. BOOKS.

Memories over the Water, by Manney;
Leather-Stocking and Silk;
Capt. Canot, or Twenty Years in Africa;
Whitney's Metalic Wealth of United States;

Genoa, Pisa and Florence; Ten Nights in a Bar Room, by Arthur; The Pictorial Treasury;
Chamber's Miscellany, 10 vols., a capital work
for the family circle;
Chamber's Select Writings, 4 vols.; French R volutions, 3 vols. For sale by Sept. 19, 185t. L. M. SMITH

HAIR RESTORATIVE.—This preparation is considered one of the best remedies extant, for restoring Bair, removing Dandruff and every impurity from the hair. Just received and for sale, wholesale and retail, by L. M. SMITH.

Charlestown, Sept. 19, 1854. PIMOTHY SEED.—Another supply of prime at the Depot. E. M. Alsquith. at the Depot. September 19, 1854. TAR.—At the Depot, at Bult more price.
Sept. 19.
E. M. AISQUITH.

COTTONS. Just received and for sale a very large stack of Brown and Bleached Cottons, which will be sold exceedingly low for right, by Sept. 19, 1854.

J. H. FRAZIER. FRESH GROCERIES, Prown and St. Crushed Sugars; Green and Black Teas; N. D. Molassas; Pepper; Allspice; Cider; pure Vinegar; Lard; Sugar, Water and Soda Grackers. Just received and for sale cheap, for cash, by Sept. 19, 1851.

TEW-STYLE CALICOFS, GINGHAMS, and a few pieces of Fall Dress Goods, for sale cheap at J. H. FRAZIERS

Sept. 19, 1854.

Cash Store.

COTTON.—Just received and for sale a very large stock of Brown and Bleached Cotton, which will be sold exceedingly low.

August 1, 1854.

JOHN-D. LINE. FOR PICKLING.
HHDS. extra Cider Vinegu. Tumeric, White asterd Seed, Gloves, Masc., Nutmers, Long Pepper, [Aug. 1.] JERF. HALLIS. TURNIP SEED for sale by W. CFASIER.

10 BBLS, CRUSHED, Prilverized, Granal and stable Empirical Sugara preserved and or and June 1 indess.

I have at least a dozen!

I asked her once, 'twas long ago, While sitting by her side, (I'm blushing while I write the words) If she would be my bride. Heavens! how her black eyes looked at me! How funnily I felt!

I wished Prince Hamlet's wish, that my
"Too solid firsh might melt."

Tis said that time works wondrous things, I found this saying true; She soon "came round" again, and I

Once more tegan to woo.

I coaxed her, kissed her, gave her rings, I praised her loveliness; She wore my rings, and kissed me back, But mever would say " ves!"

How many, many weary months
I've waited for the word,
And sighed a thousand times that saw, You know it, " Hope deferred !" She'd ask me what I meant, and pout,

And slap me in the face— How odd it makes a fellow feel To be in such a place! We sat one evening all alone,

The old folks were a-bed, Watching each other anxiously, Yet not a word was said. My arm was round her little waist, My heart beat thick and fast; I whispered softly in her ear, And she said yes, at last.

It is a pleasure, Charlie dear, You never yet have known, To hold the loveliest girl on earth, And feel her all you own; But if you wish for happiness, And wish to cheaply buy it,

Go and get married, dearest friend. Just try it, only try it. The Yankee and the Dandy.

Some month since, at dinner, on board of one of the Western Steamers, a live yankee and a dandy sat directly opposite each other at the table. After the captain said grace, the dandy threw himself back on his dignity, and called out in a pompous tone to the wai-"You waitaw, bwing me the supportah of

a young female hen, a fresh laid hegg, and rub the bottim of me plate with a specimen of fruit vulgarly called an onion, which will give to me dinner a delicious flavor." The vankee quietly drew himself back in

imitation of his opposite neighbor, and in a nassal tone called out-"Yeou all-fired, dod-blasted, dod-rabited, pesky lookin little tarned black nigger!-fetch

me a peck ov corn, a bundle of fodder, and rub me down with a brick-bat, while I feed." Men ceased to think of mastificating, while an uproarious vell arose which fairly shook the cabin during which the dandy was seen streaking out of the door with a finger in each ear.

Capital Story. The "Cumberland Herald" tells a capital story about Judge Tappan, at present a United States Senator from Ohio, and who is, unfortunately, cross-eved: A number of years ago be was Judge of a

newly organized county court in the eastern part of the State. In those days of primitive simplicity, or perhaps poverty, the bar-room of a tavern was used as a court-room, and the stable as a jail. One day during the session of the court, the Judge had occasion to reprimand two of the lawyers, who were wrangling. An odd-looking old customer, who sat in one corner, listening apparently with great satisfaction to the reproof, and presuming on an old acquaintance and the Judge's well-known good humor, sung out. "Give it to 'em, old gimlet eye !"

"Who was that?" inquired the Judge. "It was this 'ere old hoss," answered the chap, raising himself up.
"Sheriff," said the Judge, with great gravity, "take that old hose to the stable."

.... A correspondent of the N. Y. True Sun writing from Germany, makes very readable letters. From his last we take the following: A very funny quarrel took place the other day on one of our promenades. A gentleman, the owner of a fine dog, was promenading with the latter, and before him walked a well known dandy. The gentleman called 'Carlo Carlo,' our dandy looked round, but not knowing the gentleman, resumed his walk. Again the gentleman called, 'Carlo, Carlo, come here;' whereupon the dandy addressed him with a half angre,

'What's your pleasure sir ?' 'Oh, nothing.' 'Then how dare you, not knowing me, speak

to me on a public promenade? Pray, what is your name?' now inquired the owner of the dog. 'What do you mean, sir? do you really wish .

to insult me?' was the reply. 'But please give me your name.' 'Why this is C-a-r-low! You can rest

easy, as my dog spells his name without the w." A bloodless duel was the consequence. Aristocratic.-The lady who did not

think it respectable to bring up her children to work has lately heard from her two sons .-One of them is a bar keeper on a flat-boat, and the other is steward of a brickvard.

.... A good looking fellow stopped all last week at Mayor Bell's Hotel, Catawba, Ala, and ordered his baggage taken down to the boat, and went down himself without paying his bill. Said the Mayor:

"Sir, you must not leave without paying your bill. I can't afford to hire servants, and pay for provisions, and board people for noth-

ing."
You can't?"

"No!" "Well, why in thunder, then, don't you sell out to somebody who can?" Our informant is auxious to chalk that man's hat both ways as a slight tribute of respect for his magnificent impudence.

.... Sir Wm. B. being, at a parish meeting, made some proposals which were objected to by a farmer. Highly enraged, "Sir," says he to the old farmer, "do you know that I have been at two universities, and at two colleges at leach university?" "Well, sir," said the farmer, " what of that ? I had a calf that sucked two cows, and the observation I made was. th: more he sucked the greater calf he grew."

.... "Did you go to the 'break down' last them uncalle tional fraud. ight?" enquired a fond mother of a neighbor who was passing along the road.

"Yes'm, I was thar." " Did John dance?" "Seemed to step abcout,"

" How did Sal's cape set ?" "Scace keep eyes off n it."

.... Some one wishing to be witty on gentleman with a large mouth, asked him "if he had a long lease of that mouth of his?" when he was good humoredly answered :-

"No. I have it on'v from y-ear to y-ear." Charlestown, Separated

BLAKE'S PATENT
FIRE PROOF PAINT.

The subscriber has received a large supply of this valuable Paint, which he is prepared to sell at the valuable rates.

L. M. SMITH. .... Count Tracy complaining to Foote that s man had ruined his character. 'So much the better," replied the wit, "for it was a very bad one, and the sooner it was destroyed, the more to your advantage."

... Alexander the Great, seeing Diogenes looking attentively at a parcel of human bones, asked the philosopher what he was looking for. "That which I cannot find," was the reply-"the difference between your father's bones

and his slaves." .... Well Tom, my son, you are now sixteen, and have sown your wild oats; which will you be-a lawyer or a minister? Well, as I'm not the man I used to be, say minister. It is easier to preach than to prac-

.... A dandy addressed his neighbor at the table with " I'll take some of the same sir." "Very well, I've no objection," was the re-

... What kind of a face should an auctionen have! A face that is for-bidding.

The Business Man's Column. 1854. COUNTING-HOUSE CALENDAR. 1854.

COURT DAYS.

CIRCUIT COURTS.

Seventh District-Thirteenth Circuit.

Seventh District-Fourteenth Circuit.

QUARTERLY COURTS.
Frederick—Monday before 1st Tuesday in March,
June, August and November.
Berkeley—2d Monday in March, June, August and

November. Jefferson—3d Monday in March, June, Augustand

Clarke-4th Monday in February, May, July and

Morgan-4th Monday in March, June, August and

November. Hampshire—4th Monday in March, June, August

and November.

Loudoun—2d Monday in March, June, Augustane

and November.

Hardy—Monday before 1st Tuesday in March

June, August and November. Warren—3d Monday in March, May, August and

November. Shenandoah—Monday before 2d Tuesdayin March,

MONTHLY COURTS.

Jefferson-Third Monday. Clarke-2d Monday in June and 4th Monday in

DISTRICT COURT.

Composed of the Culpeper, Albemarle, Rockingham

and Frederick Districts-sits annually in Winches

Judges - LUCAS P. THOMPSON, | Circuit Courts.

CLASSIFICATION OF MAGISTRATES.

The following is the classification of the Magis-

trates of Jefferson county, which was made in Au-

gust, 1852, and continues until the expiration of

ty Court each month. It will be found useful for

Braxton Davenport, Presiding Justice; George B. Beall, John F. Smith, John Hess, and A. M. Ball.

MARCH.

lor, Samuel Ridenour, and Samuel W. Strider.

raven, Lewis Lucas, and Joseph L. Russell.

Jr., John Quigley, and George W. Tacey.

Jr., John Quigley, and George W. Tacey.

Samuel Ridenour, and Samuel W. Strider.

raven, Lewis Lucas, and Joseph L. Russell.

Jacob W. Reynolds, and John J. Grantham.

of removals from the District.

Jacob W. Wagely, and Israel Russell.

Jacob Welshans, and H. N. Gallaher.

Jacob W. Wagely, and Israel Russell.

Braxton Davenport, A. R. Boteler, Robert W. Bay-

Braxton Davenport, John Moler, Logan Osborn,

Braxton Davenport, John T. Henkle, Jonas Wal-

JUNE.

Braxton Davenport, John Moler, David Billmire,

Braxton Davenport, John C. R. Taylor, John Avis.

Braxton Davenport, John C. R. Taylor, John Avis,

Braxton Davenport, John Moler, David Billmire,

Braxton Davenport, A. R. Boteler, R. W. Baylor,

NOVEMBER. Braxton Davenport, John T. Henkle, Jonas Wal-

DECEMBER.

Braxton Davenport, Geo. W. Little, John J. Lock,

March and August are the Jury Terms. When

vacancy occurs, the new incumbent takes the place

assigned his predecessor. Since the classification in

U. S. OFFICERS.

President, FRANKLIN PIERCE.

President of the Senate, DAVID R. ATCHISON,

Secretary of State-WM. L MARCY, of New York.

Secretary of Treasury—James Guthrie, of Ky.
Secretary of Navy—James C. Dobbin, of N. C.
Secretary of War—Jefferson Davis, of Mississippi Secretary of Interior—Robt. McClelland, of Mich.

Attorney General-CALER CUSHING, of Massachusetts

Governor-JOSEPH JOHNSON.

Postmaster General-James Campbell, of Pa.

Lieutenant-Governor-SHELTON F. LEAKE.

Attorney General—Willis P. Bocock.

Adjutant General—William H. Richardson.

Assistant Clerk—P. F. Howard.

Copying Clerk-William H. RICHARDSON, Jr. Auditor of Public Accounts-G. W. Cutter. Second Auditor-James Brown, Jr.

Librarian—George W. Munford.

Superintendant of the Penitentiary—C. S. Morgan.

Gen'l Ag't or Storekeeper of Peni'ry—J C. Spotts.

STATISTICS.

1359-Population of Virginia ... . 995,204 free whites

1. Subscribers who do not give express notice to the contrary, are considered as wishing to continue their subscriptions. The Law of Newspapers.

2. If subscribers order the discontinuance of their

periodicals the publisher may continue to send them

periodicals from the office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, is prima facia evidence of inten-

SADDLERY, SADDLERY,
COTCH Collars, Cap Collars, Carringe
Scotten Collars, Cap Collars, Carringe
Bridles, Martingales, Bridle Bits from 12; cents to
\$5, Spurs of all kinds, Gearing of all descriptions,
on hand and made to order. Repairing done at the
shortest notice.

J. H. FRAZIER.
Support May 23, 1854

BELL HANGING.

I AM prepared to furnish and hang BELLS of all kinds, and in the latest and most approved manner. Respectable reference given, if required. Orders left at Carter's Hotel, Charlestown, will be promptly executed.

P. E. NOLAND.

Charlestown, September 13, 1853.

CASH FOR NEGROES.

I AM desirous to purchase a large number of NEGROES for the southern markets, men, women,
boys, girls and femilies, for which I will give the highest cash prices.

boys, girls and families, for which I will give the highest cash prices.

Persons having slaves to sell will please inform me
personally, or by letter at Winchester, which will receive prompt attention; or B. M. & W. L. Campbell,
No. 242, West Pratt street, Baltimore.

ELIJAH McDOWELL,

Agent of B. M. & W. L. Campbell.

Winchester, July 7, 1951—19

CHAS. W. SINCLAIR,

LATE OF VIRGINIA, WITH

RICHARDSON & OVERMAN,

UMBRELLA AND PARASOL MANUFACTORY,

No. 106, Market street, Philadelphia.

May 9, 1854—tf

The residence and grounds, the property of Mrs. E. S. Davenport, now occupied by Mr. P. H. Powers, situated in a desirable part of Charlestown, Va., is now offered for saic. For further particulars apply to

TOWN RESIDENCE FOR SALE.

Summit Point, May 23, 1954.

most reasonable rates. Charlestown, April 25, 1854.

CHAS. W. SINCLAIR,

... 51,030 free color'd. ...472,530 slaves.

Treasurer—J. B. STOVALL.
Register of the Land Office—S. H. PARKER.

do. do.

1852, four vacancies have been filled, in consequence

AUGUST.

SEPTEMBER.

RICHARD PARKER, JOHN KINNEY,

GREEN B. SAMUELS, Court of Appeals.
RICHARD H. FIELD,

Frederick—Monday before the 1st Tuesday. Hardy—Monday before the 1st Tuesday. Berkeley—Second Monday. Jefferson—Third Monday.

other months.
Shenandoah—Monday before 2d Tuesday.

ter r n the 15th day of December.]

June, August and November.

Warren-Third Monday. Morgan-Fourth Monday.

Fauquier-4th Monday in March, May, August

November.

FIRE, LIFE & MARINE INSURANCE. This Company makes insurance against loss or damages by Fire, on Dwelling Houses, Stores, Tobacco Factories and other Buildings, on Furniture, Goods, Wares and Merchandise, generally in town and country, on the most favorable terms

Also makes insurance on the lives of all persons enjoying good health, and of sound constitution for the whole duration of life, or for a limited period.

Slaves employed in ordinary occupations, will be Slaves employed in ordinary occupations, will be insured on reasonable terms.

The Company will also take marine risks from and to any of the Northern or Southern Ports, at favora-22 23 24 25 26 27 23 29 30 31 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 

Board of Directors.

JOHN ROBIN McDANIEL, President,
DON T. C. PETERS, Vice President,
SAMPSON DIUGUID, Chief Engineer. JAM'S M. COBBS,

GEORGE W. YANCEY,

WILLIAMT. ANDERSON,

JOHN O. TAYLOR,

MARTIN HOLLINS, Treasurer.

CREED T. WILLS, Secretary.

Miscellaurens.

Dr. P. H. Gilmer,
Dr. WM. OTWAY OWEN,
Agent for Jefferson county, B. W. HERBERT.
Medical Examiner, Dr. G. F. MASON.
Charlestown, April 25, 1854—19 [FF]

THE VALLEY OF VIRGINIA FIRE MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY, Will issue Policies on all kinds of Property, Merchandise, &c., at fair and equitable rates. Merchandise, &c., at fair and equitable rates.

Capital \$150,000, with power to increase the same to \$200,000.

The attention of the citizens of Virginia is especially invited to this Company as a Home Institution, based upon ample capital, and guaranteed by the best of references; and conducted on the strictest principles of equity, justice, and economy.

HOME OFFICE—WINCHESTER, VA.

JOS. S. CARSON, President. Frederick District—Turreenin Circuit.

BICHARD PARKER, JUDGE.

June 15, November 15.
Clarke May 12, October 12.
Hampshire April 10, September 10.
Berkeley April 27, September 27.
Morgan May 6, October 6.
Jefferson May 18, October 18. C. S. FUNK, Secretary. O. F. BRESEE, Actuary. DIRECTORS. Jos. S. Carson, James H. Burgess, James P. Riely, H. H. M'Guyre, Lloyd Logan, John Kerr, N. W. Richardson. B. W. HERBERT, Agent for Jefferson county. Warren. March 30, August 30.
Shenandoah April 4, September 4.
Page. April 14, September 14.
Hardy April 21, September 21.
Rockingham May 15, October 15. August 2, 1853-1y [F. P.] Testimonials.

WINCHESTER, MAY 27, 1853.

We, the undersigned, being solicited to give our opinion as to the character and standing of the Insurance Company of the Valley of Virginia, have no resitation in saying that we have the utmost confilence in the ability and integrity of the President and The fact that we have insured our own property in the Company, is perhaps the strongest evidence we can give as to our opinion of its merits.

J. H. Sherrard, Cash. Farmer's Bank of Va.

Hon. J. M. Mason, U. S. Senator. JACOB SENSENY, Esq., Merchant, Winchester. T. A. Tidball. Prest. of Bank of Valley of Va. HARTFORD FIRE INSURANCE COM-

PANY,
HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT.
Incorporated 1810.--Charter Perpetual.
Capital \$150,000, with power of increasing
it to \$250,000.

PUBLIC Buildings, Manufactories, Mills, Machinery, Dwelling Houses, Stores, Merchandise, Household Furniture, Vessels on the stocks or while in port, &c., will be insured at rates as low as the risk will

Applications for Insurance may be made of
B. W. HERBERT,
In the absence of the Agent from Charlestown, to J.
P. Brown, Esq., who will attend to them promptly.
Persons at a distance address through the mail.
N. B. On all Church Buildings and Clergymen's personal property the Agent will present his commis-sions in reducing the amount of premiums on the risks [January 2, 1854-1y TO THE PUBLIC. THE undersigned, having engaged in the Mercantile Business, are now opening, at Doran's old stand, near the Armory Gate, a very extensive stock of DRY GOODS, HARDWARE, GROCERIES, BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, CAPS, BONNETS,

fully invite the attention of the public. Their motte is not large profits, but large sales. They are deter mined to conduct their business on the most liberal principles, and to use every effort to merit the public confidence and patronage. Whatever they sell shall be of the character represented, and invariably reduced to such prices that none may hope to undersell. They have established such extensive arrangements as will enable them to supply the market with every article they deal in at the very lowest pric s. They feel confident an examination of the variety, quality, and prices of their goods will convince the public that money may be saved by purchasing at their house.

They will give particular attention to the GROCERY AND PROVISION BUSINESS, for which their terms, determines who shall compose the Counthey have made ample room, by an enlargement of the premises, and families may rely with confidence upon being supplied by them with articles in this line, of fresh and superior quality. They purchased their Groceries, mostly in large quantities and al-

ways for cash. They keep a very heavy stock on hand, and can, and will, sell them at prices unusual in this market. The following enumeration will give a general outine of their extensive stock : Plain, Changeable and Figured Dress Silks;

Plain and Figured Mousiin de Leines; Challeys, Lawns, Ginghams, Alpaccas, Canton Cloths;
Bombazines, French and English Calicoes;
Brown and Bl ached Muslins;
Ticking, Bagging, Checks, Plaids, Linen Sheetings, Table Linens and Oil Cloths;
Towelings, White, Red and Yellow Flannels;
Irish Linens, Silk, Crape, Cashinere and Mouslin Shawls.

lin Shawls: Hoisery, Kid, Thread, Cotton, Silk and Silk Nett Gloves;
Cambric, Jaconets, Laces and Edgings;
Plain, Barred and Figured Swiss Goods;
Needle-worked Goods, Trimmings, Bonnet Rib bons. Parasols and Umbrellas: Coating Linens, Jeans and Tweeds;

Cassimere, Cassinets, Linen Drills; Cravats, Suspenders, Boots and Shoes of every description for Men, Ladies, Boys, Misses and Children; Silk, Fur, Straw, Chip, Kossuth and Slouch Hats of every variety;

A large stock of Hardware, including Cutlery and House furnishing materials;

Rifle and Blasting Powder; Queensware, and Woodware; Window Glass, Putty, Oil and Paints;
A lot of fine Tobacco and Segars; Bacon, Salt, Fish, Lard, Potatoes, Flour and They have a choice lot of fine Liquors, wherewith

they will supply gentlemen as cheap as the same brands can be bought in the cities. WALSH & ERO. Harpers-Ferry, May 2, 1854-tf TUST ARRIVED.

The undersigned has just returned from the Eastern markets with the largest and most complete STOCK OF GOODS he has ever offered at this place, all of which has been purchased on the very best possible terms, and will be sold as low as any goods of the same quality can be in the Valley of Virginia, consisting in part of the following articles, viz:

Cloths, Cussimeres and Tweeds;

Fancy Cassinets, at very low prices; Silk, Satin and Marsailles Vestings; Italian, Cloth and Summer do.; A good assortment of Cotton Goods for Summer wear;
An assortment of Bleached and Brown Cottons; Do do Osnaburg Cottons; Black, plain, striped and figured Silks; Tarltons, Illusions and Sarrenetts; Swiss, Cambric and Jaconet Muslins; Plain and figured Canton do.;
A large assortment of Calicoes and Ginghams;

Lawns, Muslins, &c.

Irish Linen and Linen Tablecloths;
Linen, Silk, and Cambric Handkerchiefs;
Crape, Silk, and Cashmere Shawls, of every variety; French-worked Collars and Cuffs; Dress Trimmings, &c.;
Silk and Straw Bonnets, very cheap;
Artificial Flowers, &c., and almost every thing

in the fancy way; Ladies', Misses and Children's Shoes; Hats and Caps, of every quality and price. so, a large stock of Groceries of the best quality, consisting in part of— Coffee, Sugars, Chocolate, Teas; periodicals the publisher may continue to send them until all arrearages are paid.

3. If subscribers neglect or refuse to take their periodicals from the offices to which they are directed, they are held responsible till they have settled the bill and ordered them discontinued.

4. If subscribers remove to other places without informing the publishers, and the papers are sent to the former direction, they are held responsible.

5. The Courts have decided that refusing to take periodicals from the office, or removing and leaving Molasses, Syrups, Bacon, Salt, &c.

Also, a good assortment of Hardware;
Cutlery, Carpenters' Tools, &c.
Waiters, Looking Glasses, and Tinware.
A large stock of Queensware, &c.

All of which will be sold on the very best terms.

Those who desire to get good and cheap bargains are respectfully invited to call before purchasing elsewhere, and judge for themselves.

JOHN G. WILSON. Harpers-Ferry, April 18, 1854. NEW STORE AT SUMMIT POINT.

THE subscriber having just returned from Baltimore with a general assortment of DOMESTICS,
SHOES, BOOTS, HATS, CAPS,
QUEENSWARE, GROCERIES,
CONFECTIONARY SARDIERS, CONFECTIONARY, SADDLERY. Ac., which he offers at the very lowest figure for cash. It is his purpose to replenish his stock at least four times a year, which will enable him to furnish the public at all seasons with goods fresh from the market. A share of public patronage is respectfully solicited promising to give entire satisfaction in r turn.

JAMES H. FRAZIER.

JAMES H. FRAZIER. mit Point, May 23, 1354. Eggs, Beans, Corn, Oats, Hay, Bacon, Lard, Old Iron, Wool, Hides, Sheep Skins, Silver and Gold coin and bankable paper taken in exchange for goods and work at the highest cash prices.

J. H. F. NEW SUPPLY. -60 different kinds of Candies, Almonds, Filberts, Walnuts, Palmnuts, Pecan-nuts, Figs, Raisins, Oranges, Lemons, Cocoanuts, Water, Butter, Soda and Sugar Crackers, Pop Syrup, Lemon Syrup, Pickles in barrels, Pickles in jars, Candy Toys, Brandy Peaches, for sale by

JAMES H. FRAZIER. Summit Point, May 23, 1854. La full supply of Collom and Slack Screw Augurs, from § to 2½ inch; Socket and Fermer Chisil files; Coopers and Wagonmakers Drawing Knives; Foot & Cooper's Adzs, Hand and Chopping Axes with handles; Jack Screws; Chapman's best Razor Straps, Also one barrel Roanoke Smoking Tobacco, a first rate article, which makes my assortment complete, to be had at the Market House.

August 29.

T. RAWLINS.

BRANDY, BRANDY.—If you want a pure Brandy for Medical purposes, send to August 22, 1854. JERE, HARRIS. EWELRY.—The undersigned is now opening a large supply of Jewelry. consisting in part of Breastpins, Ear-rings, Yockets, Gold Chains and Chatelaines, Gold and Cornelian Crosses. Also an assortment of Jet Ornessents, Breastpins, Bracelets, Necklaces, &c. Call and see them.

August 29. CHAS. G. STEWART. 100 BUSHELS fresh burnt Lime for sale hy August 29. JOHN D. LINE

Co Cravellers.

BALTIMORE AND OHIO RAILROAD. Two Daily Lines between Baltimore and Wheeling.
FROM BALTIMORE FOR WHEELING, CINCINNATI, LOUISVILLE, INDIANOPOLIS,
CLEVELAND, CHICAGO, TOLEDO, SAINT

CLEVE BAND.

LOUIS, &c.

O'N and after MONDAY, January 2'd, two daily
TRAINS, (except on Sundays,) will be run between Baltimore and Wheeling.
Leave Baltimore for Frederick, Harpers-Ferry,
Cumberland, and all Way Places, at 8 A. M., arriving in Wheeling at 4.30 A. M. next day.

EXPRESS TRAIN

For Wheeling, stopping at Frederick, Harpers-Ferry,
Martinsburg and Cumberland only, leaves Camden
Station, daily, at 7 P. M.—Through to Wheeling in

eighteen hours.
ACCOMMODATION TRAIN For Frederick and intermediate points, daily (except For Frenchick and interinediate points, daily (except Sundays,) at 4 P. M.

For Ellicott's Mills and points East, daily, (except Sunday,) at 6.30 A. M. and 4.40 P. M.

From Wheeling at 9.15 A. M. and 8.30 P. M., daily, (except Sundays,) the 5.30 P. M. Train not starting from Wheeling on Saturday evenings.)

From Cumberland at 8.30 A. M. and 9 P. M.

From Harpers-Ferry at 1.10 A. M. and 1.25 P. M. From Frederick daily, (except Sundays,) at 8.30 A M. and 2.15 p. M.

From Ellicott's Mills daily, (except Sundays,) at 1.15, 8 and 11.15 A. M.; and 5 and 6.15 p. M.

Through tickets are issued between Baltimore and Pittsburgh at. \$8.00 Wheeling 8.50 Cincinnati 10.00 Cincinn Cincinnati, by kand . . Zanesville, by land . . Washington..... 8 00

Fredericksburg ....... 478 are issued at Washington city for Louisville .....

Leave Baltimore at 4.15 and 9 A.M., 3.30 and 7 P.M On Sundays, at 4 15 A. M. and 6.10 P. M. Leave Washington for Baltimore at 6 and 8 A. M. 10 and 5 P. M.

On Sundays, at 6 A. M. and 5 F. M.
On Sundays, at 6 A. M. and 5 F. M.
Of The first and fourth Trains from Baltimore, and the second and fourth train from Washington will be express mail trains, stopping only at Washington Juncture and Annapolis Junction. By order.

Jan. 24.

J. T. ENGLAND, Agent. WINCHESTER & POTOMAC
RAILROAD.
THE PASSENGER TRAIN now leaves the Ticket
Office, at Winchester, at 9 o'clock, A. M., instead of
9½ o'clock, as heretofore.

J. GEO. HEIST, May 30, 1854. Principal Agent. GILBERT'S HOTEL, At the Railroad Depot, Winchester, Va.

THE undersigned begs leave respectfully to inform the community and travelling public that he has taken the well-known HOTEL at the Railroad Depot formerly kept by Mr. John Cor, dec'd. The House has undergone necessary repairs, and is now in ever espect adapted to the wants of the traveller and so A large and commodious Stable is attached to the

premises, which will be furnished with the hest grain and hay and attentive Ostler. His Table will always and market will afford, and the Bar at all times supplied with the choicest Liquors. His charges will be moderate. He therefore invites the patrons of the House to give him a call, as he is détermined to spare no pains in making his guests Boarders taken by the week, month or year.

IT-The undersigned takes plasure in recommend g Mr. GILBERT to the patrons of the House while der the management of my Father, and respectfull solicits for him a continuance of their custom.

June 25, 1853.

JAMES W. COE. June 25, 1853. SAPPINGTON'S HOTEL, .

Charlestown, Jefferson County, Va.
MIS large and very comme dious THREE-STORY
BRICK HOTEL, signated in the centre and busi ness part of the town, is now among the most attractive and desirable resting places in the great Valley of are surpassed by none, and the BAR is at all times supplied with a choice selection of superior Winesand Liquors. The luxuries of the TABLE of this establishment.

Several large Parlors and airy Chambers have been added since last year.

A Splendid Yellow-Mounted Coach attends the Charlestown Depot, upon the arrival of the Cars, which will convey visitors to the Hotel, free of charge. Persons wishing to be conveyed to other parts of the town, will pay a reasonable compensation.

Saddle and Harness Horses, Carriages, Buggies, and careful Drivers always ready for the accommodatof visitors.

GEO. W. SAPPINGTON,

RAWLINS HOTEL, Corner of Queen and Burk streets, MARTINSBURG, VA.

THE undersigned begs leave respectfully to inform I the community and travelling public that he hat taken the Hotel formerly known as the "Berkeley House." The House has recently undergone a thoroug renovation; it is now believed to be in every respec A large and commodious STABLE is attached to the premises. The luxuries of the TABLE will be surpassed by none, and the BAR is at all time supplied with a choice selection of superior wines and liquors.

Baggage taken to and from the Depot free of charge, and in bad weather a Carriage, will run to the Depot for the accommodation of travellers without any addi

tional expense. JOS. C. RAWLINS, March 2, 1852-1v BERRYVILLE HOTEL. THE subscriber having leased the above well known Hotel, in Berryville, Clarke county, begs leave

to inform the travelling public that he is now ready to receive guests. He is also prepared to accommodate Boarders, either by the cay, week, monthor year. HIS TABLE will always be farmished with all the varieties which the season and market will afford; his Bar with the choicest liquors, and his Stable with As he intends to make this his permanent residence, he will spare no pains in endeavoring to render those who give him their custom, both comfortable and happy. He flatters himself, from his long acquaintance py. He flatters himself, from his long acquamance with business, and the manners of the world, that he can please the most fastidious. Hischarges will be as moderate, as the expenses of any good public house in this section of country will justify. He, therefore, in-vites all to extend to him a share of their custom. Berryville, April 5, 1853. WM. N. THOMPSON.

FRUIT TREES.

I HAVE on hand, at my nursery, on the farm of Wm. Lucas, near Hall Town, a large number of Apple, Pear, Peach, Appricot, Plum, and Almond Trees; of the very finest variety. As the public are aware, Mr. Lucas has been at great pains to procure the very choicest kinds from the best nurseries in the United States, and I have been allowed the privilege to bud and propagate from his trees, which, added to my own selections, gives me all the best varieties.—My Peach Trees, especially, sre very fine. My terms are accommodating.

JAMES STRONICK. October 25, 1853.

LUBIN'S AND HARRISON'S Comprising the following varieties: Prarie Flower Cologne; Bougnet De Caroline; Farina Cologne; Extract Sweet Briar; Extract Sweet Clover: Mignonette; Violette; Patchouly; Jasmire; New Mown Hay; Musk; For sale by L. M. SMITH.

TO THE PUBLIC.
From the Charlestown Tin-Ware, Stove,
Roofing, Spouting, Lightning-Rod,
Shower-Bath and Bathing-Tub ESTABLISHMENT! 1 ration and the above mentioned Wares are now

rolling out with a rush. TIN-WARE. The assortment of Tin-Ware now on hand is extensive, and all orders from Merchants will receive prompt aftention and Wares be delivered at their places of business without extra charge.

STOVES.

The Metropolitan Elevated Own Cook Stove, for The Metropolitan Elevated Own Cook Stove, for burning wood, is a strong and durable Stove, and will be sold with all fixtures complete, delivered, set up and warranted to operate wells for \$30, \$35 and \$40 for Nos. 3, 4 and 5. All persons in want of a good Stove, will please forward their orders and they shall have the pleasure of seeing one of the best stoves now in use, in operation in their kitchens, and if the Stove does not operate satisfactorily, it will be taken away after six days trial and no grunibling. A good selection of other patterns of Stoves kept constantly on hand, which will be sold cheap.

Will be done in a thorough nonner, at short notice and at prices that defy competition. Iron Rods with silver-plated Points, Brass Connectors, Glass Insulators and malable fastenings, will be put up in a durable manner at low prices. SHOWER BATHS & BATHING TUBS: During the Summer months may be found at thi
Establishment a good assortment of Shower Baths
Bathing Tubs, Boston-Boats, Hip-Baths, Foot-Tubs
&c., &c., which will be finished in the neatest possible
style and sold at Baltimore prices.

ROOFING AND SPOUTING

JOB WORK.

Job Work of every description, connected with the Tin and Sheet Iron business, will be done with neatness and promptitude—in short this Establishment shall be the Emperium for the above mentioned wares and Great Bargains will be given to all its patrons.

THOS. D. PARKER.

Charlestown, May 10, 1852.

Charlestown, May 10, 1853.

Charlestown, May 10, 1853.

Charlestown, May 10, 1854.

Charlestown, May 10, 1854.

Charlestown, May 10, 1855.

THOS. D. PARKER.

Charlestown, May 10, 1856.

Charlestown, May 10, 1856.

THOS. D. PARKER.

Charlestown, May 10, 1856.

Charlestown, May 10, 1856.

THOS. D. PARKER.

THOS. D. PARKER.

Charlestown, May 10, 1856.

THOS. D. PARKER.

THOS. D. PARKER.

THOS. D. PARKER.

Charlestown, May 10, 1856.

THOS. D. PARKER.

THOS. D. PARKER.

THOS. D. PARKER.

THOS. D. PARKER.

Charlestown, May 10, 1856.

THOS. D. PARKER.

MOULD BOARDS.—We have a lot of Mould Boards on hand, which we will sell low. August 1, 1964 B. L. EBY & SON.

City Advertisements.

McINTOSH'S HOWARD HOUSE, BALTIMORE, 05-Terms--- \$1.50 per day.-20 nore, April 11, 1851—19

I. B. HEIM. J. NICODEMUS. GEO. P. THOMAS. HEIM, NICODEMUS & CO.,
Importers and Dealers in Foreign and Domestic Liquors, of every description.
No. 353 Baltimore street, between Paca and Entaw sts.
Baltimore, April 12, 1853—tf HENRY A. WEBB.

H. A. WEBB & CO.

Manufacturers and WEBB & CO.

Manufacturers and WeBB & CO.

Tobacco, Segars, Snuff, &c., &c.

No. 14 North Howard Street, Nearly opposite the Howard House, formerly the Wheatfield Inn, Next Door, to Davis & Miller's Drug Store,

July 12, 1853—1y.

Baltimore. July 12, 1853-1y. To the Millers in the Valley.

MARTIN & HOBSON,

FLOUR AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Corner of Enlaw and Baltimore Streets, Baltimore, Md.,

THANKFUL to their friends and the Millers in

Virginia who have so liberally sustained their
House, offer increased facilities for the prompt and
most satisfactory performance of all business committed to their care.

ted to their care Baltimore, July 12, 1853-1y. DICKSON & KING,

Lumber Merchants, water street, George-town, D. C.,
KEEP constantly on hand a general assortment of Building Materials. PHŒNIX MARBLE WORKS.

A. GADDESS Corner Sharp and German Streets, September 20, 1853-1y Baltimore, M

GENERAL AGENCY,
Washington, D. C.

THE subscriber offers his services to the public in
the prosecution of Claims before Congress, or any
Departments of the Government. Some years of the Departments of the Government. Some years experience as disbursing agent of the Indian Department, with a general knowledge of the mode of transacting business in the various offices of the Government, enables him to promise satisfaction to all who may entrust business of this character to his care.

He will also give special attention to the collection of claims against parties residing in the District of Columbia or its vicinity, negotiating loans as well as the purchase or sale of Stocks, Real Estate, Land-Warrants, &c., &c., or furnish information to correspendents residing at a distance in regard to any busi-ness which may interest them at the seat of Govern-

His Office is over the Banking House of Selden Mithers & Co. July 26, 1353. JAMES J. MILLER. WM. S. ANDERSON, MARBLE STONE CUTTER,

REPURNS his thanks to the citizens of Jefferson and adjoining counties for the liberal patronage extended to him in his line of business, respectfully gives notice that he is now prepared to execute all kinds of work in his line—such as MONUMENTS, TOMB-SLABS, HEAD AND FOOT STONES, &c., at the shortest notice, and upon the most reasonable terms; and his work shall compare with any other in the country. All Stones delivered at my own risk and

All orders thankfully received and promptly attended to. Address

WM. S. ANDERSON,
Frederick city, Md.,
J. W. M. GINNIS, Agent, January 11, 1853. Chargestown, Va.,
January 11, 1853. Harpers-Ferry, Va. CHARLES B. HARDING,

Attorney at Law,
WILL Practice in the Inferior and Superior Courts
of Jefferson, Clarke and Loudoun. Office, No. , Shenandoah street, Harpers-Ferry, Virginia. September 24, 1852. FASHIONABLE HATS--Another Cast, September 12, 1854.

A. F. BRENGLE, Flour and Commission Merchant, NEAR THE RAIL-ROAD DEPOT,

A LSO keeps on hand at all times, fresh burnt LIME which can be furnished at any of the Depots of Rail-roads at the shortest notice, by addressing a

IN consequence of the advance in Servants! hire breadstuffs and other produce, it becomes actual ly necessary that we the undersigned should increas the charges heretofore made at our Hotels in Charles Therefore, from and after the 1st day of January next, our terms for boarding without lodging will b increased from \$10 to \$12 per month. Bearders with rooms, lodging, &c., will be charged \$15 per month, instead of \$12.50 as beretofore.

G. W. SAPPINGTON,
ISAAC N. CARTER.

HENRY'S INVIGORATING CORDIAL Purely Vegetable in its Composition. TVIDS invaluable Cordial is extract d from Herbs at Roots, which have been found after years of ex erience, by the most skilful Physcians, to be pos sessed of qualities most beneficial in the diseases for which it is recommended, and hence whilst it is presented to the public, as an efficacious renedy, it also is known to be of that character on which reliance may be placed as to its safety. In cases of Impotency, Homorrhages, Discolored Sterility, Monstruction, or Suppression of the Monses, Fluor Albusor Whites, or for

acising from any cause, such as weakness from sickness, where the patient has been confined to bed for some time, for Females after Confinement, Abortion or Miscarriage, this Cordial cannot be excelled in its salutary effects; or in loss of Muscular Energy, Irritability, Physical Prostration, Seminal Weakness, Palpitation of the Heart, In igestion, Sluggishness, Decay of the Proceeding Functions, Nervoussess, &c. where a TONIC Medicine is required, it will be found equal, if not superior to any Compound ever used.

TO FEMALES.

Hency's Invigarating Cordial, is one of the most avaluable M dicraes in the many Complaints to which Females are subject. It assists nature to brace the whole systemy check xcesses, and create renewunhappiness among ladies would exist, were they generally to adopt the use of this Cordial. Ladies who are debilitated by those obstructions which females are liable to, are restored by the use of a bottle or two, to bloom and to vigor.

YOUNG MEN.

That solitary practice, so fatal to the existence of man, and it is the young who are most apt to become its victims, from an ignorance of the danger to which

its victims, from an ignorance of the danger to which they subject themselves, causes

NERVOUS DEBILITY, Weakness of the Syst.m, and Premature Decay.— Many of you may n w besuffering, misled as to the cause or source of disease. To those, then, who by excess have brought on themselves Premature Impotency. Involuntary Seminal Emissions, Weakness and Shrivelling of the Genital Organs, Nervous Affection, or any other consequences of unrestrained indulgence of the sensual passions, occasioning the necessity of renouncing the felicities of MARRIAGE, lessening both mental and bodily capacity, Hold! Henry's Invigorating Cordial, a medicine that is purely Vegetal 12, will aid nature to restore these important that is the ball the sensor these important that is the ball that the control of the sensor these important that is the ball that the sensor these important that is the ball that the sensor these important that is the ball that the sensor these important that is the sensor that the sensor t

tant functions to a healthy state, and will prove o tant functions to a healthy state, and will prove of service to you. It posesses 'are virtue, is a general remover of disease, and strengthener of the system AS A TONIC MEDICINE, it is unsurpassed. We do not place this Cordial on a footing with quack medicines, and, as is customary, append a long list of Recemmendations, Certificates, &c., beginning with "Hear what the Preacher says," and such like; it is not necessary, for "Henry's Invigorating Cordial," only needs a trial to prove that it will accomplish all we say.

THE GENUINE "HENRY'S INVIGORATING CORDIAL," is put up in 352 Puncil B titles, and is easily recognised. is put up in 35z Panual Bottles, and is easily recognized by the Manufacturer's signature on the lable of each Bottle, (to counterfeit which is fogery.)

13-Sold for \$2 per Bottle; Six for \$8; \$16 per dozen Prepared only by S. E. COHEN, No. 3 Franklin Row, Vine Street, Below Eighth, Philadelphia, Pa., TO WHOM ALL ORDERS MUST BE ADDRESS

FOR SALE BY T. D. HAMMOND, Harpers-Ferry, Va. A. M. CRIDLER, L. P. HARTMAN, Winchester, Va. E. C. WILLIAMS, Shepherdstown, Va. W. H. HESLETINE, Martinsburg, Va. d'by all respectable Dauggists & Merchants ghout the country. PEEL & STEVENS, Alexandria, Va., wholesale January 31, 1554-1y.

DOCTOR YOURSELF! THE POCKET ÆSCULAPIUS!

Or Every one his own Physician.

THE Fortieth Edition, with one hundred engravings, showing Diseases and Mulformations of the Generative System in every shape and form. To which is added a Treatise on the diseases of females, being of the highest importance to married people, or those contemplating merriage. By WM. YOUNG,

M. D.

Resculapius to his child. It may save him from an early grave. Let no young manor woman enter into the secret obligations of married life, without reading the Pocket Esculapius: let no one suffering from backned cough, pain in the side, restless nights, nervous feelings, and the whole train of Dyspeptic sensations, and given up by their physicians, be another moment without consulting the Esculapius Have the married or those about to be married any impediment, read this truly useful book, as it has been the means of saving thousands of unfortunate creatures from the very isweed death.

Re-Any person sending TWENTY-FIVE centsen-(13-Any person sending TWENTY-FIVE centsen-clesed in a letter, will receive one copy of this book by mail, or five copius will be sent for one dollar. Address (post-paid,)

No. 152 Spruce st., Philadelphia.

August 15, 1354—Iv.

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that J. A. BECK-HAM will furnish a superio article of CUMBER-LAND COAL at \$4.50 per ton, delivered at Charles-PROFESSIONAL NOTICE.

D.R. E. L. WAGER having permanently located at the late residence of Jas. H. H. Gunnell, dec'd., near Shannondale Springs, respectfully offers dec'd., near Shannondale Springs, respectfully offers his PROFESSIONAL SERVICES to the Public—hoping by diligent attention, and with eight years experience, to merit the confidence of all who may desire his services.

[March 14, 1854.

August 15, 1854-1v.

1'atent Redicines.

STABLER'S DIARRHŒA CORDIAL, THE valuable medicines above named, are not empirical, but are prepared in agreement with the experience of some of the most learned and judicious practitioners, and are not secret, further than is necessary to protect the proprietors and those who use them from loss and imposition, as the component parts have been made known, confidentially, from time to have been made known, confidentially, from time to time, to p-rhaps 500 Physicians!!! in Maryland, Virginia, District of Columbia, Ohio, and other places, all of whom, without a single exception, have approved of the formula, and most of them acknowledge that they are the best remedies that they have ever known for the cure of the diseases for which they are recommended. Our confidence in the excellence of these medicines, added to our desire to avoid the just prejudice of the medical profession against secret and quack nostroms, induced us to adopt this candid course.

We append a few of the notices we have received from We append a few of the notices we have received from Physicians:

From Ir. Wm. H. Forrew, Secubill Nd. From Ir. Wm. H. Forrew, Steuhill Md.

GENTLEMEN—I have frequently in my practice prescribed your "Stabler's Anodyne Cherry Expectorant" and "Diarchæa Cordial," with great satisfaction to myself, and to the entire relief of such diseases as they profess to cure. I consider them happy combinations of some of our most valuable and safe therapeutical agents, and must be of infinite worth to the afflicted and mankind at large. In furnishing the medical profession with these active and concentrated preparations, so convenient for administration, and of a standard quality, you have rendered them an eminent service, and I can do no less than earnestly recommend these preparations to practitioners, andespecialmend these preparations to practitioners, and especially in the country, where the impurity of commercial Drugs is one of the greatest obstacles to the success of

the Physician.
Dr. W.S. Love, writes to us that he hasadminister or. W.S. Love, writes to us that he has administered the Expectorant to his wife, who has had the Bronchitis for fourteen years, and that she is fast recovering from her long standing malady. It has in a few weeks done her more good than all the remedies she has heretofore used under able medical counsel.

From Dr. H. P. Worthington, Laurel, Md. "After several months use of your Expectorant, both in my own family, and in general practice, I am

confirmed in the opinion expressed of it, when first made acquainted with the recipe. For one I thank you for so convenient and elegant a preparation of From Geo. Gerry, M. D., Somerset Co., Md.

"Gentlemen—I have used many of the different Cherry Expectorants, and I do assure you that yours far exceeds any I have ever tried."

From Dr. J. R. Andre, of Kinsington, Talbot Co., Md.
"Having examined the component parts of Stabler's
Anodyne Cherry Expectorant; also of Stabler's Diarrhoa Cordial, and having used them in practice, I feel
no hesitancy in recommending them."
From J. E. Marsh, M. D., Kent Co., Md. "I have much pleasure in adding my testimony in favor of your Diarrhea Cordial, in my family. It gives me much pleasure to add my testimony to that of others, in favor of its efficiency." From Samuel Martindale, M. D., Chesapeake City, Md. "I have much pleasure in adding my testimony in favor of your valuable Cherry Expectorant. I have, after an extensive use, found it to answer all my ex-

From Dr. Danl. IV. Jones, Somerset Co., Md. "I have given your Expectorant and Diarrhos Cor-lial a fair trial, and am delight d with their effects never having had them to fail in a single instance. I shall take p'easure in recommending them.

We have been favored with a written certificate, cheerfully given by numerous Medical genthemen, in Maryland, Virginia and Ohio, which alone should convince the most doubting, that these are really "Good Medicines;" after stating that they are acquainted with the composition of both the Expectorant and Cordial, and that they have administered them to their patients they testify "that they are remedices of great patients, they testify "that they are remedies of great value, safe, efficient and well worthy of the patronage of the Profession and the Public, that they are more reliable than any other proprietary medicines with which we are acquainted." &c.

The above notices of recommendation from members of the Medical Faculty, Pharmaceutists of high standing, and Merchants of the first respectability. should be sufficient to satisfy all, that these are worthy of trial by the afflicted, and that they are of a different stomp and class from the "Quackery and "Cure-All" so much imposed upon the public. See the descriptive Pamphlets, to be had gratis of all who have the medicines for sale, containing recom-mendations from D ctors Martin, Baltzell, Appl-Store keepersgenerally, at the low price of Fifty cents per bottle, or six bottles for \$2.5%.

E. H. STABLER & CO,
Wholesale Druggist, 120 Pratt st., Balt.
Importers of English, French and German Lags, Deal crs in Paints, Oils, &c., &c. Agent at Charlestown, THOS. RAWLINS, AGENT at Charleswan, A. WILSON.
AGENT at Harpers-Ferry, T. D. HAMMOND;
AGENT at Shannandale Furnace, B. PURSELL,
And Loudoun Merchants generally, [Jan. 10, 1354.

EAR AND EYE! DEAFNESS, PARTIAL OR TOTAL, DR. ALSOPHERT begs to call the attention of those suffering from a total or partial loss of the hearing, to the following facts. He treats discusses of middle or inner Ear with

MEDICATED DOUCHES,

Such as is practised in the Infirmaries of Berlin, Leipic, Brusseis, Hamburg, and St. Petersburg, and lately by the most distinguished London Aurists, with the most wonderful success; indeed, it is the only method that has been uniformly successful. The best proof of the efficacy of the treatment will se a reterence to nearly NINE HUNDRED-NAMES, Residents of the United States, Canada, New Brunswick, and Nova Scotia, who have been restored to

Acute Hearing, and not a single, solitary case to our knowledge, did we fail to effect either a partial of to

tal restoration of the Hearing, when our advice and instructions were faithfully and punctually adhered to. Many who could not hear the 'eport of a pistol at arm's length, can now hear a watch beat at t c distance of four feet. In cases of mucous accumulation in the Eustachian Tube and Tympanum, Inflammation of the Mucus Membrane, Nervous Affections, Diseases of the Membrana Tympani, commonly called the "Drum," or when the disease can be traced to the effects of Fevers, Colds, the use of Quinine, Mercurial Medicines, Gathering in the Ears in childhood, &c., Dr. Also-phert's treatment stands pre-eminent. Where the Auditory Canal is dry and scaly with little or no see cretien, when the deafness is accompanied with noises in the Ear, like falling water, chirping of in-

sects, ringing of bells, rustling of leaves, continual pulsations, discharge of matter, or when, in stooping, a sensation is felt as if a rush of blood to the head took place, when the hearing is less acute in dull, cloudy weather, or when a cold has been taken, this method of treating the disease is infallible.
IN DEAF AND DUMB CASES my experience warrants me in saving, that if the hearing was at any time good, very much can be ac-complished. In the Deaf and Dumb School at Leipsic, out of a class of 14, I succeeded in restoring For to accute hearing. Dr. A. begs respectfully to state, that in those cases he underatakes he guarantees a successful result, complete restoration, or such a mark-edimprovement as will be perfectly satisfactory, if his remedies are faithfully applied and directions ad

Applicants will please state their age, duration of disease, if matter issues from the external passage, if there are noises in the Ears, state of general health, and what they suppose to have been the cause of the deafness. When the hearing is restored it is expect ed that those in easy circumstances will pay liberal-

All diseases of the Eye successfully treated by the application of medicated vapors, &c .- An infallible and punless treatment for disease of the Eye, Acute or Chronic—Cataract, Specks inflammation. Granulation of the Lids, Ulceration of the Lackrimal Glands, &c., &c. To the astonishing and gratifying results of the treatment the child, the youth, those of middle age, as well as those far advanced in life, all bear testimony to its wonderfully removing, healing and Medicines, Apparatus, &c., will be sent to any part at my own expense,
Address DR. ALSOPHERT, BROADWAY, Office 422; near Canal street, New York. FIVE DOLLARS-CONSULTATION FEE.

June 21.—4m. [\$10.] County papers please copy for 4 mos., and forward the Bill with copies of paper. FACTS CANNOT BE DOUBTED. MORE than 500 persons in the City of Richmond, Va., alone testify to the remarkable cures performed by CARTER'S SPANISH MIXTURE. The great Spring Medicine and Purifier of the blood is now used by hundreds of grateful patients, who testify daily to the remarkable cures performed by the greatest of all medicines, Carter's Spanish Mixture. Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Scrofula, Eruptions on the Skin, Laver Disease, Fevers, Ulcers, Old Sores, Affectives Skin, Liver Discase, Fevers, Circis, On Sores, Amertions of the Kidneys, Discases of the Throat, Female Complaints, Paines and Aching of the Bones and Joints, are specifily put to flight by using this great and inestimable remedy.

For all discases of the Blood, nothing has yet been found to compare with it. It cleanses the system of all impurities, acts cently and efficiently on the Liver and Kidneys, strengthens the Digestion, gives tone to the Stomach, makes the Skin clearand healthy, and restores the Constitution, enfeebled by disease or bre ken down by the excesses of youth, to its pristine v.

gor and strength.

For the Ladies, it is incomparably better than all the cosmetics ever used. A few doses of Carter's Spanish Mixture, will remove all sallowness of complexion, bring the roses mantling to the cheek, give elasticity to the step, and improve the general health in a remarkable degree, beyond all the medicines ever heard of A large number of certificates of remarkable cures performed on persons residing in the city of Richmond, Virginia, by the use of Carter's Spanish Mixture, is the best evidence that there is no humbug about it. The press, hotel keepers, magistrates, physicians, and public men, well known to the community, all add their testimony to the effects of this GREAT RLOOD PURIFIER.

None genuine unless signed BENNETT & BEERS, DRUGGISTS.
Principal Depots at M. Ward, Close & Co., No. 83 Maiden Lane, New York. T. W. Dyott & Sons, and Jenkins & Hartshorne, Philadelphia. Bennett & Beers, No. 125 Main street, Richmond, Va.
And for sale by Dr. L. M. SMITH, Charlestown, r. D. HAMMOND, Harpers-Ferry, and by Dealers n Medicines every where.

Call and see a few hundreds of the certificates around

GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER.

FARMERS LOOK TO YOUR INTEREST.

H AVING rented the Brick Warehouse, at Shepherdstown, and made arrangements I am prepared to pay the highest Cash Prices for WHEAT, UORN, &c., upon delivery.

I will also keep constantly on hand PLASTER.

FISH, SALT, &c., in exchange for Country Produce, or sell at low cash prices, and I will forward any produce to the District or Alexandria at the usual prices.

August 23, 1862—16 C. W. LUCAS.

Pafent Medicines. MOTHER AND DAUGHTER CURED. Read the Facts and do Likewise. Caron Bands, Hampshire Co., Va., March 1, 1854.

March 1, 1854.

MR. E. P. COOPER—Dear Sir: Agreeable to your request, and my own desire to benefit the afflicted, I hereby certify the great relief I have received from the use of Hampton's Vegetable Tracture.

I was taken with a viocent pulpitation, or rather fluttering and trembling of the heart, which continued several days; it seemed as though my heart had almost forgotten its office. The family became alarmed and procured a bottle of this valuable Medicine, and before I had taken near one bottle of this Tincture of Hampton's I was entirely relieved.

This is the third instance of relief in my family from the use of this valuable Medicine. Two or three years ago I was laid up with ulceration of my ankle, from effect of what is usually called milk leg I had lost all tuste and appetite, and the sore, which was some four inches up and down, and half way around my ankle, rejected every effort to heal it, until I procured Hampton's Vegetable Tincture, one bottle of which restored my health, healed my ankle, and I am freer from sweeling than for the last thirty years.

Again, one of my daughters was very low from severe dysentery, and when she began to sit u, her feet commenced swelling, which increased every day, and began to be very painful—she used a bottle of Hampton's Tincture; the pains were assuaged, the swelling subsided and her health returned—we k pt her legs bandaged with strips of woollen until her strength returned. I have been thus particular, that others under similar circumstances might be induced to avail themselves of this remedy.

Yours with respect,

ELIZABETH EDWARDS.

Yours with respect, ELIZABETH EDWARDS.

ELIZABETH EDWARDS.

I do certi y that I am personally acquainted with Mrs. Edwards, and can safely recommend the above statements to be correct.

E. P. Cooper, Postmaster,
Capon Bridge, Hampshire county, Va.
TRUTH IS MIGHTY.

A Plain and Unvarnished Statement.
We commend the perusal of the extract below to our readers. Mr. Bullis a merchantof high character.
SANDY BOTTOM, Middlesex County, Va., August 29th, 1853.

our readers. Mr. Bull is a merchant of high character.

Sandy Bottom, Middlesex County, Va., August 29th, 1853.

Messrs. Mortimer & Mowbray—Gents: You may think it strange that I have taken the liberty to write you this letter, but I do so under circumstances that justify it. As you are the Agents for Hampton's Vegetable Tineruse, I deem it expedient to address you this note, hoping it may be a part of the honorable means of giving this medicine that notoriety which its merits deserve.

Being in the habit of vending medicines which relate to the patent, and regular system, I consider myself to some extent, a judge of the real merits of many of them. My experience teaches me that "Hampton's Tincture" is a medicine of real merit and intrinsic value. When I say this, I do not say that it is an infallible cure, in all cases, but I mean to say that "Hampton's Tincture" will favorably operate in all diseases originating from a want of proper secretions of the gastric juices, bad digestion, and consequently bad deposit of animal matter from that source. I believe that many diseases located in various parts of the system, such as inflammation, Ulcers, Scrofula, etc., originally have their being in the stomach, from bad food, bad digestion, and consequently bid depositions of the circulation to those parts; and I will believe Hampton's Vegetable Tineture will even react these causes.

Having found out, myself, what it is, I recommend

lieve Hampton's Vegetable Tincture will even react these causes.

Having found out, myself, what it is, I recommend it to others in such cases, as I have described, and I have done it upon the "no cure no pay system," and I have yet to have the first bottle returned, or the first objection about the pay. It is a great pity it cannot be more extensively circula ed among the people. \*

\* \* I warrant it in the following cases:—Gout, Rheumatism, Inflammations which proceeds from the stomach, Sores, Scrofula, Dyspepsia, long standing cases of Ague and Fever; first stop the chill, and then give the Tincture—the difficulty in this case is not in stopping the chill, but the return of it, this the Tincture will certainly do. In general debilitations, I warrant it, and as I said before, I have procured a trial of it in this war, which otherwise I could not; the people have been humbugged by patent medicines so long, that they are afrain of all. This is clearly a stomach medicine, it works all its wond-rs there, and in all such cases it is a specific, if anything in the in all such cases it is a specific, if anything in the

in my family and neighborhood, I think I am warranted in what I say about it, and which I do without any other interest than the wish to see it in general circulation, and in every man's family, where it ought to

If what Isav be doubted by any of the afflicted, and they will write to me at Sandy Bettom Post office, Middlesex county, Va., stating the nature of the disease, and I recommend it for such a case. I will warrant it, and if it don't do good I will pay for the medicine. Respectfully, THOS. R. BULL.

Delicate females and children will fine this a great Diessing. It has restored thousands to health.

Dyspersta, Rheumatism, Schofula, Liver Com-PLAINT, &C.—From the Metropolis.—Prass it around—let the afflicted hear the tidings! This is but the sentiment of thousands: WASHINGTON, May 17, 1:53.

Messrs. Mortimer & Mowbay-Gentlemen: Having been afflicted with the Liver Complaint of ten years standing, I hereby, for the benefit of the afflicted, take pleasure in announcing that after using a few bettl s of your Hampton's Tincture, I found it had accomplished a perfect cure. I have used different medicines from time to time, but have never been able to account for any apparent good, and it is a blessing to stricken humanity that that medicine is found which possesses the wonderous power of prolonging human-life. The many cures it has wrought is a sufficient gravantee of the beneficial results which may be a perionced fri m its use.

Yours, respectfully, J. CURTAINHAY
More than Gold to the Sick.—From one of the nost respectable Druggists in South Carolina. Messrs. Mortiner & Mowbray:—The sale of your Hampton's Vegetable Tincture is increasing every day, and every bottle sold recommends this valuable medicine to the afflicted. Several of our planters have tried it in different cases with astronome. tried it in different cases with astonishing success, and are getting it by half dozens. It has been found to b wonderful cure has been performed on a negro be-suffering by Fits. I will furnish you with a number

of certificates if you wish them.

Please send me, soon as possible, a supply of the I am gentlemen, yours, W. G. TROTT. Hundreds in this city will bear same testimony. Delicate females and children will find this a great remedy. Also, see cures of Coughs. Dyspeps Scrofula, &c. MORTIMER & MOWBRAY, 240 Baltimore street.
Cure of Coughs, Vertigo, Rheumatism.—Cure of

the venerable Dr. Dunn's son, of the city of Baitimore, a man well knewn, and whose testimony adds to the triumph of Hampton's Vegetable Tincture: BALTIMORE, F.b. 9, 1852.
Messrs. Mortimer & Mowbray—Gentlemen: It is with real pleasure that I am able to attest to the genewith real pleasure that I am able to attest to the general healing and curative powers of Dr. Hampton's Vegetable Tincture. Some time during last November, I was taken with a very bad and scrious cough. I was advised to trice Cod Liver Oil, and did so, but getting no better, I was induced to try your Tincture—I got one bottle, and before I had taken it all, my cough left me. Permit me also to state, that for the last fitten years I have suffered very much from acute Rheumatism and Vertice confining me at times to my hear matism and Vertigo, confining meat times to my bed. I am fully convinced that I owe my present good health to the use of the Tincture, and a kind Provi-

You are, my friend, at liberty to use this as you may think proper, and believe me,
Yours very respectfully,
N. B.—I can be seen at any time at the Mayor's Delicate females and children will find this a great blessing. It has restored thousands to health.

HAMPTON'S VEGETABLE TINCTURE.—Call and get pamphlets gratis, with history of discovery of the wonderful Blood Purifier, and see certificates of our own citizens, of Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, Scrofula, Liver Complaint, General Weakness, and Nervous

65-Sold by MORTIMER & MOWBRAY, 240 Bal-more st., Baltimore, and 304 Broadway, New York 63-Call and get a pamphlet gratis. L. M. SMITH, Charlestown. T. D. HAMMOND, Harpers-Ferry. L. P. HARTMAN, Winchester.

Dr. MOTT, Leesburg. ALLEMONG & SON, Newtown. And by Dealers every where. August 29, 1854—1y. THE BRITISH QUARTERLIES, BLACK WOOD'S MAGAZINE.

LEONARD SCOTT & CO., New York, continues to Re-publish the following British Periodicals, viz: . THE LONDON QUARTERLY REVIEW, Conservative 2. The Edinburgh Review, Whig. 3. The Noath British Review, Free Church. 4. THE WESTMINSTER REVIEW, Liberal.
5. BLACKWOOD'S EDINBURGH MAGAZINE, Tory. THE present critical state of European affairs will render these publications unusually interesting during the year 1854. They will occupy a middle ground between the hastily written news-items, crude speculations and flying runners of the daily Journal, and the penderous Tome of the future historian, written after the living interest and excitement of the great political events of the time shall have passed away. It is to these Periodicals that readers must look for the only really intelligible and reliable his

look for the only really intelligible and reliable his tory of current events, and as such, in addition to their well-established literary, scientific, and theological character, we urge them upon the consideration of the reading public.

Arrangements are in progress for the receipt of early sheets from the British Publishers, by which we shall be able to place all our Reprints in the hands of subscribers, about as soon as they can be furnished with the foreign copies. Although this will involve a very large outlay on our part, we shall continue to furnish the Periodicals at the same low rates as here-tofore, viz: furnish the Periodicals at the same low rates as heretofore, viz:
Per annum.
For any one of the four Reviews.
\$3.00
For any two of the four Reviews.
5.00
For any three of the four Reviews.
7.00
For all four of the Reviews.
8.00
For Blackwood's Magazine.
9.00
For Blackwood and three Reviews.
9.00
For Blackwood and three Reviews.
10 00
\*\*Payments to be made in all cases in advance.
Money current in the State where issued will be received at par.

Clubbing.

A discount of twenty-five per cent. from the above prices will be allowed to Clubs ordering four or more copies of any one or more of the above works. Thus; copies of Blackwood, or of one Review, will be sent to one address for \$9; four copies of the four Reviewa and Blackwood for \$30; and so on.

Postage.

In all the principal Cities and Towns, these works will be delivered, through Agents, FREE OF POSTAGE. When sent by mail, the Postage to any part of the United States will be but twenty-four cents a year for "Blackwood," and but twelve cents a year for "Blackwood," and but twelve cents a year for Blackwood," and but twelve cents a year for Blackwood, to the Publishers,

LEONARD SCOTT & CO.,

54 Gold street, New York.

N. B.—L. S. & Co. have recently published, and have now for sale, the "FARMER'S GUIDE," by Henry Stephens, of Edinburgh, and Prof. Norton, of Yale College, New Haven, complete in 2 vols., royal octavo, containing 1600 pages, 14 steel and 600 wood engravings. Price in muslin binding, 36.

13-This work is nor the old "Book of the Farm."

lately RESUSCITATED and thrown upon the markets.

December 27, 1832.